

ANNUAL 20 REPORT 18





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78 Statement of Financial Position





Company Information

Board of Directors

Kinji Saito Chairman

Masafumi Harano Chief Executive

Tetsuya Fujioka Dy. Managing Director

Shigeo Takezawa Director

Kazuyuki Yamashita Director

Moin M. Fudda Director

Rukhsana Shah Director

Chief Financial Officer

Miki Nakahara

Company Secretary

Abdul Nasir

Audit Committee

Moin M. Fudda Chairman Kinji Saito Member Shigeo Takezawa Member

Human Resource and Remuneration (HR & R) Committee

Rukhsana Shah Chairman Kinji Saito Member Masafumi Harano Member

Auditors

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Registrar

Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99 - B, Block "B", S.M.C.H.S, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi.

Legal Advisors

M/s Shahid Anwar Bajwa & Co. ORR Dignam & Company

Bankers

Bank Alfalah Ltd.
Bank Al Habib Ltd.
Citibank N.A.
Faysal Bank Ltd.
Habib Bank Ltd.
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited
MCB Bank Ltd.
National Bank of Pakistan
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.
Summit Bank Ltd.
The Bank of Punjab
The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.

Registered Office

DSU-13, Pakistan Steel Industrial Estate, Bin Qasim, Karachi. Tel No. (021) 34723551 - 58 Fax No. (021) 34723521 - 22 Website: www.paksuzuki.com.pk

Regional Offices

Lahore Office:

7-A, Aziz Avenue, Canal Bank Road, Gulberg V, Lahore. Tel No. (042) 35775456, (042) 35775457 Fax No. (042) 35775467

Rawalpindi Office:

3rd Floor, 112-B Mallahi Plaza, Murree Road, Rawalpindi Cantt. Tel No. (051) 5130230 - (051) 5130229 Fax No. (051) 5130232

Multan Office:

402, 4th Floor United Mall, Abdali Road Multan. Tel No. (061)-4586499 Fax No. (061)-4516765





Company Profile

Location

Downstream Industrial Estate of Pakistan Steel. Karachi

Total Area

259,200 m² (64 acres)

Facilities

Press Shop, Welding Shop, Paint Shop, Plastic Shop, Engine and Transmission Assembly Shop, Final Assembly & Hi-Tech Inspection Shop. The Company has also established a modern Waste Water Treatment Plant as its contribution to the preservation of environment.

Cost

Rs. 22.631 billion

Production Capacity (double shift)

Car & LCV's Plant

150,000 units per annum

Motorcycles Plant

44,000 units per annum

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited (PSMCL) is a public limited company with its shares guoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company was formed in August 1983 in accordance with the terms of a joint venture agreement between Pakistan Automobile Corporation Limited (representing Government of Pakistan) and Suzuki Motor Corporation (SMC) Japan. The Company started commercial production in January 1984 with the primary objective of progressive manufacturing, assembling and marketing of Cars, Pickups, Vans and 4x4 vehicles in Pakistan. The Company's long term plans inter-alia include tapping of export markets.

The foundation stone laying ceremony of the Company's existing plant located at Bin Qasim was

performed in early 1989 by the Prime Minister then in office. By early 1990, on completion of first phase of this plant, in-house assembly of all the Suzuki engines started. In 1992, the plant was completed and production of the Margalla Car commenced.

Under the Government's privatization policy, the Company was privatized and placed under the Japanese management in September 1992. At the time of privatization, SMC increased its equity from 25% to 40%. Subsequently, SMC progressively increased its equity to 73.09% by purchasing remaining shares from PACO. The Suzuki Management immediately after privatization started expansion of the existing plant to increase its installed capacity to 50,000 per annum. The expansion was completed in July 1994.

However the capacity remained substantially underutilized until 2002 because of economic recession. Thereafter realizing growth in demand, the Company increased capacity in phases. The first phase was completed in January 2005 when capacity was enhanced to 80.000 vehicles. The second phase was completed in January 2006 and capacity was raised to 120,000. The third phase was completed when on 6th February 2007. Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Shaukat Aziz inaugurated 150,000 vehicles capacity expansion facilities.

On 25th April 2007, the Board of Directors of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited (PSMCL) and Suzuki Motorcycles Pakistan Limited (SMPL) approved Scheme of Arrangement (The Scheme) to amalgamate SMPL into PSMCL with effect from 1st January 2007. The scheme was approved by the shareholders of the respective Companies at the Extra - Ordinary General Meeting held on 30th June 2007. The scheme was sanctioned by the Honourable High Court of Sindh (the court) on 17th September 2007. The certified copy of the Order of the Court sanctioning the scheme was filed with the Registrar Companies Karachi on 1st October 2007, from which date the scheme became operative.



PSMCL and Suzuki Motor Corporation (SMC) Japan The Company continues to be in the fore-front of held 41% and 43% shares in SMPL respectively. Pak Suzuki issued and allotted 1,233,300 ordinary shares time, the Company has developed an effective and of Rs.10/- each to the qualifying shareholders of comprehensive network of sales, service and spare SMPL @ one ordinary share in Pak Suzuki for every parts dealers who cater to the needs of customers twenty one shares held by SMPL shareholders as and render effective after-sale service country wide. on the date of final book closure i.e. 29th October 2007. The trading in shares of SMPL on Karachi Joint Venture Agreement was signed between Pak and Lahore Stock Exchanges ceased from the Suzuki Motor Company Limited and Tecno Pack same date.

The Company setup a new plant for motorcycles manufacturing, development and designing of Auto at Bin Qasim. All the operations of motorcycles Glass products to cater local as well as international have been shifted to the new plant effective markets. from July 2011.

automobile industry of Pakistan. Over a period of

Telecom (Private) Limited to set up Tecno Auto Glass Limited ("TAG"). TAG's main area of operations will be

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Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct shall be applied to all Directors, Officers and Employees of Suzuki Motor Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as "Suzuki Group")

Every Suzuki Group company should fully disseminate this Code of Conduct to its directors, officers and employees and oblige them to observe it in its internal rules and/or employment agreement and in case of their breach of this Code of Conduct, it will be dealt with in accordance with the applicable disciplinary provisions.

For our customers

(1) Realization of products and services of superior value

Suzuki Group will provide customers with products and services exceeding their expectation as in line with the spirit "Develop products of superior value by focusing on the customer" which is listed as the first item in our "Mission Statement".

 We will make every effort to provide products and services that will satisfy our customers, by standing in our customers' place at all times.

(2) Activities on Quality

Suzuki Group will develop and produce high quality products which customers can use in relief and will provide after-sales services considering customers' safety and security with first priority.

If by any chance a quality related problem occurs, Suzuki Group will devote its sincere efforts to react on customer's voice, grasp the problem at an early stage and take measures with thorough investigation into the causes so that the customer can continue using Suzuki products in relief.

- We will never neglect any quality related problem on our product that may affect our customers' safety or security, noticed during development, production or after-sales service.
- We will never lead to a conclusion in our own

favour when reacting to indications from our customers related to the quality on our products.

We will treat aforesaid quality related problems and customers' indications on quality with utmost sincerity, and will devote our best efforts not to spoil customers' trust.

For a Better Working Environment

(3) Respect of Human Right

Suzuki Group will be aware of international norms pertaining to human rights and respect fundamental human rights with reference to laws in each country or region.

 We will cooperate with each other as a member of Suzuki Group to create a working environment with no discrimination by personal attributes or harassment.

(4) Occupational Safety - Traffic Safety

Suzuki Group will review the workplace environment to create safe workplace.

Suzuki Group will thoroughly carry out education on safety to prevent occurrence of occupational injury.

- We will strictly obey rules related to safety so that we can maintain safe workplace and prevent occurrence of occupational injury.
- We will immediately report to our supervisors for improvement when we notice any problem related to safety at our workplace.
- We will be conscious that we take part in the automobile industry, observe traffic rules, keep in mind to drive vehicles safely as a social norm, and endeavour to prevent traffic accidents while on duty or in private.

(5) Promoting Kaizen Activities and Observing **Basic Business Rules**

Suzuki Group encourages employees to come up with inventive ideas to improve the workplace. Suggestions from employees on Kaizen will be evaluated and effective measures will be adopted (7) Environmental Activities for a growth of the entire group.

Suzuki Group will create basic rules on our work for effect on our earth's future therefore Suzuki Group the employees to follow.

- We will always think seriously about our business, take the lead in action and make a proposal to the company when we notice any points of improvement.
- We will thoroughly enforce mutual understanding at our workplace and communicate over and over again until others comprehend sufficiently.
- We will always be conscious of overall optimization and make efforts to share information between departments companies.
- We will observe the business rules provided from time to time in each workplace.

For Shareholders And All **Other Stakeholders**

(6) Compliance

While Suzuki Group acknowledges the existence of difference in laws related to competition such as Antitrust Law and laws related to fair trading by each country or region, Suzuki Group will grasp the difference and carry out training on employees to observe laws and societal norms in their respective countries and regions.

- and training provided by the company on laws and societal norms.
- We will immediately consult with our supervisors when we notice any noncompliance or suspected noncompliance by another employee. In case we think it is improper to consult with our supervisors, we will report to the Consultation & Reporting Desk in our company or those provided by Suzuki Motor Corporation.

and widespread amongst Suzuki Group companies In order to succeed the beautiful earth and affluent society to the next generations, we must all realize that actions of each and every one of us have a great will make every effort to preserve global environment.

- We will endeavour to produce environmentally friendly products that will be required by our customers, by contributing to development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technology.
- We will reduce burden on the environment sourced from our workplace and devote our sincere efforts to maintain the environment of our workplace and local community.

(8) Refusing relations with antisocial forces

- Suzuki Group will thoroughly refuse any relationships with antisocial forces* and organizations which are threatening the order and safety of civil society.
- We will never accept any unreasonable demand from antisocial forces* and organizations on our own decision and will always report to or consult with our supervisors or related department.
- * "Antisocial forces" means any group or individuals pursuing illicit financial gain by violence, power and fraudulence.

Questions on Code of Conduct?

In case any query or question arose when following • We will observe the content of the guidance this Code of Conduct, please consult with your supervisor or other responsible person in your company. The person who was consulted must make every effort to correspond to the consulter. In case you could not solve the problem within your departments or within your company, please inform the related department or the Secretariat of Corporate Governance Committee at Suzuki Motor Corporation.

Annual Report 2018

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited



MILESTONES

Joint Venture Agreement was signed between Suzuki Motor Corporation-Japan and Pakistan Automobile Corporation to set up Pak Suzuki Motor Co. Ltd. Locally assembled Suzuki SS-80 (FX) car launched.

Pak Suzuki as a Public Limited Company incorporated. Industrial Collaboration Agreement executed with SMC - Japan.

The Company started commercial operations.

Mr. Osamu Suzuki, Chairman & CEO of Suzuki Motor Corporation was awarded "Sitara-e-Pakistan" by Government of Pakistan.

1000 cc passenger car SWIFT SA-310, later on called KHYBER introduced through local manufacturing.

Foundation stone of the new plant at Bin Qasim was laid by the then Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mohtarma Benazir Bhutto.

Operation of the first phase of the new plant at Bin Qasim started with engine and transmission assembly.

New plant commissioned with the production of three box Sedan passenger car initially SF-410 later on SF-413, known as MARGALLA. The Company was privatized with SMC acquiring additional 15% shares from PACO thus enhancing its shareholding to 40% and taking over the management.

The paid-up capital was doubled with issuance of 100% right shares which increased the capital to Rs. 250 million.

Shifting of Head Office and production of all models to new plant completed.

The paid-up capital was increased again with the issuance of 100% right shares, raising the capital to Rs. 490 million.

Taking initiative to control environmental pollution, the Company set-up waste water treatment plant at a cost of Rs. 40 million. The Joint Venture Agreement ended, PACO divested its entire shareholding to SMC, raising SMC's equity to 72.8%.

The 100,000th vehicle rolled out from the Bin Qasim Plant. 1300 cc BALENO was introduced replacing MARGALLA.

Exports of RAVI pickups to Bangladesh commenced.

1000 cc passenger car SF-310 CULTUS replacing KHYBER was introduced. 1000 cc passenger car ALTO was introduced.

Reborn MEHRAN was introduced. CNG version of MEHRAN, BOLAN and RAVI were launched.

New BALENO was introduced. CNG version of BALENO, ALTO and CULTUS launched. The milestone of 250,000th vehicle from the new plant crossed.

The Company received ISO 9001 : 2000 certification from AIB-VINCOTTE International Limited Brussels, Belgium, 20th Anniversary Celebrations. Commencement of Component export to Hungary, Sub-leasing of land to Vendors Industry of Pak Suzuki adjacent to its assembly plant.

New Plastic Injection Molding Shop commenced production of Bumpers, Instrument Panels, Radiator Grills and Wheel Caps.

Inauguration of first phase of capacity expansion (80,000 vehicles) by the Federal Minister for Production, Industries and Special Initiatives. Achieved milestone of 100,000 online factory fitted CNG Vehicles. The Company received ISO 14001: 2004 and OHSAS 18001: 1999 certification from AIB- VINCOTTE International Limited Brussels, Belgium.

Second phase of capacity expansion (120,000 Vehicles) completed. Production of locally manufactured LIANA Car. Production of 100,000 vehicles crossed in a calendar year.

Suzuki Motorcycles Pakistan Ltd. merged with Pak Suzuki Motor Company. Plant Capacity Expanded upto 150,000 Vehicles per year.

The 1,000,000th vehicle rolled out from the Pak Suzuki Plant. Cargo Van was introduced.

1300 cc locally manufactured car Swift was introduced.

Inauguration of new motorcycle plant at Bin Qasim.

Automatic version of Suzuki Swift 1300cc was introduced. New Suzuki Motorcycle "Raider 110cc" was launched replacing "Shogun". Complete range of Suzuki products was upgraded to Euro II technology.

Suzuki Gear Oil marketing started. Suzuki motorcycle, GD 110 launched. Suzuki heavy bikes introduced.

Suzuki WagonR introduced Suzuki Motorcycle
GD 110S launched Suzuki Outboard Motors
introduced.

2400cc Suzuki KIZASHI car introduced. Heavy Bike Suzuki Inazuma Aegis Launched. Pak Suzuki awarded by Ozone Award from Govt. of Pakistan. Inauguration of Vendor Development Program II by Federal Minister. Inauguration of Expansion of Parts Manufacturing Facilities by Federal Minister. Inauguration of Resumption of CNG Fitted Vehicle (Mehran & Cultus) by Federal Minister.

Introduction of Suzuki GS 150 SE. Inauguration of Suzuki Booking Office & Facilitation Centre. Achieving Highest Award from SMC-Japan on completion of 50,000 units to Government of Punjab under "Apna Rozgar Scheme". Introduced Suzuki Cultus Limited Edition. Launched Suzuki Vitara

Joint Venture Agreement was signed between Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited and Tecno Pack Telecom (Private) Limited to set up Tecno Auto Glass Limited.

Introduction of Suzuki Ciaz, Suzuki Mega Carry and Heavy Bike Suzuki GSX-R600 Launching of New Suzuki Cultus and Suzuki GR150 Inauguration of New Delivery Yard at Port Qasim, Karachi.



Landmark achievement of 2 million vehicles line - off achieved by Pak Suzuki, Chairman Suzuki and Advisor to PM graced the ceremony.

Pak Suzuki Launched Suzuki Finance Arrangement Program (SFAP).

Pak Suzuki was Certified on ISO 9001:2015-QMS & ISO 14001:2015-EMS.

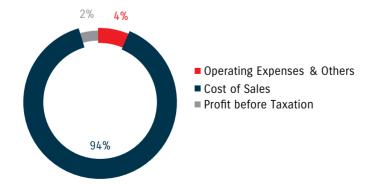


Highlights of the Accounts

For the year ended December 31, 2018

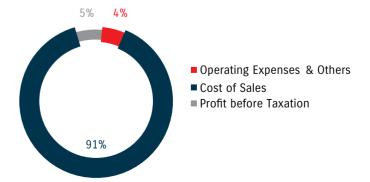
		_	Increase/(Dec	rease)
	2018	2017	Amount	%
		(Rupees in '000)		
Production volume (Nos.) - Motorcar - Motorcycle	143,239 23,014	132,725 19,603	10,514 3,411	7.9 17.4
•	23,014	13,003	5,411	17.4
Sales volume (Nos.) - Motorcar - Motorcycle	140,313 23,160	132,548 19,901	7,765 3,259	5.9 16.4
Gross Sales	125,842,362	107,095,587	18,746,775	17.5
Selling Commission as a % of gross sales	5,988,464 4.8	5,283,976 4.9	704,488	13.3 (0.1)
Net Sales	119,853,898	101,811,611	18,042,287	17.7
Gross profit as a % of net sales	7,044,865 5.9	9,652,573 9.5	(2,607,708)	(27.0) (3.6)
Distribution expenses as a % of net sales	2,706,853 2.3	2,804,256 2.8	(97,403)	(3.5) (0.5)
Administration expenses as a % of net sales	2,301,080 1.9	1,599,815 1.6	701,265	43.8 0.3
Finance Cost as a % of net sales	362,523 0.3	68,088 0.1	294,435	532.4 0.2

Sales Revenue Breakup - 2018



			Increase/	(Decrease)
	2018	2017	Amount	%
		(Rupees in '000)		
Other income as a % of net sales	565,943 0.5	864,711 0.8	(298,768)	(34.6) (0.3)
Other operating expenses (WPPF & WWF) as a % of net sales	154,204 0.1	413,997 0.4	(259,793)	(62.8) (0.3)
Share of loss from associated company as a % of net sales	3,212 0.1	11,914 0.2	(8,702)	(73.0) (0.1)
Profit before taxation as a % of net sales	2,082,936 1.7	5,619,214 5.5	(3,536,278)	(62.9) (3.8)
Profit after taxation as a % of net sales	1,298,108 1.1	3,825,821 3.8	(2,527,713)	(66.1) (2.7)
Shareholders' equity	29,232,865	29,549,716	(316,851)	(1.1)
Earnings per share (Rs.)	15.77	46.49	(30.72)	(66.1)
Break-up value per share (Rs.)	355.20	359.05	(3.85)	(0.01)
Number of shares issued (000)	82,300	82,300	-	-
Exchange Rate (JPY to PKR)	1.0412	0.9433	0.0979	10.4
Exchange Rate (USD to PKR)	117.55	105.07	12.48	11.87

Sales Revenue Breakup - 2017



Highlights of the Accounts Segment Wise

For the year ended December 31, 2018

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		CAK DIVISION		
	2018	2017	INCREASE/ DECREASE	%
		(Rupees in '000)		
Production volume (Nos.)	143,239	132,725	10,514	8
Sales volume (Nos.)	140,313	132,548	7,765	6
Gross Sales	122,532,685	104,518,068	18,014,617	17
Selling Commission & Discount as a % of gross sales	5,967,010 4.9	5,260,559 5.0	706,451	13 (0.1)
Net Sales	116,565,675	99,257,509	17,308,166	17
Gross profit as a % of net sales	6,724,635 5.8	9,457,590 9.5	(2,732,955)	(29) (3.7)
Distribution expenses as a % of net sales	2,645,962 2.3	2,775,083 2.8	(129,121)	(5) (0.5)
Administration expenses as a % of net sales	2,099,491 1.8	1,481,995 1.5	617,496	42 0.3
Finance Cost as a % of net sales	360,604 0.3	66,851 0.1	293,753	439 0.2
Other income as a % of net sales	513,901 0.4	815,954 0.8	(302,053)	(37) (0.4)
WPPF & WWF as a % of net sales	154,204 0.1	413,997 0.4	(259,793)	(63) (0.3)
Share of loss of equity accounted investee as a % of net sales	3,212 0.0	11,914 0.0	(8,702)	(73) (0)
Profit before taxation as a % of net sales	1,975,063 1.7	5,523,704 5.6	(3,548,641)	(64) (3.9)
Profit after taxation as a % of net sales	1,190,235 1.0	3,730,311 3.8	(2,540,076)	(68) (2.8)
Earnings per share (Rs.)	14.46	45.33	(30.87)	(68)
Number of shares issued (000)	82,300	82,300	-	-

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TOTAL

2018	18 2017 INCRE Decr		%	2018	2017	INCREASE/ DECREASE	%
	(Rupees in '000	0)			(Rupees in '000)	
23,014	19,603	3,411	17	-	-	-	-
23,160	19,901	3,259	16	-	-	-	-
3,309,677	2,577,519	732,158	28	125,842,362	107,095,587	18,746,775	18
21,454 0.6	23,417 0.9	(1,963)	(8) (0.3)	5,988,464 4.8	5,283,976 4.9	704,488	13 (0.1)
3,288,223	2,554,102	734,121	29	119,853,898	101,811,611	18,042,287	18
320,230 9.7	194,983 7.6	125,247	64 2.1	7,044,865 5.9	9,652,573 9.5	(2,607,708)	(27) (3.6)
60,891 1.9	29,173 1.1	31,718	109 0.7	2,706,853 2.3	2,804,256 2.8	(97,403)	(3) (0.5)
201,589 6.1	117,820 4.6	83,769	71 1.5	2,301,080 1.9	1,599,815 1.6	701,265	44 0.4
1,919 0.1	1,237 0.0	682	55 0.1	362,523 0.3	68,088 0.1	294,435	432 0.2
52,042 1.6	48,757 1.9	3,285	7 (0.3)	565,943 0.5	864,711 0.9	(298,768)	(35) (0.4)
0.0	0.0	-	0	154,204 0.1	413,997 0.4	(259,793)	(63) (0.3)
0 0.0	0 0.0	-	0	3,212 0	11,914 0	(8,702)	(73) (0)
107,873 3.3	95,510 3.7	12,363	13 (0.4)	2,082,936 1.7	5,619,214 5.5	(3,536,278)	(63) (3.8)
107,873 3.3	95,510 3.7	12,363	13 (0.4)	1,298,108 1.1	3,825,821 3.8	(2,527,713)	(66) (2.7)
1.31	1.16	0.15	13	15.77	46.49	(30.72)	(66)
82,300	82,300	-	-	82,300	82,300	-	-

6 Years at a Glance

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	
			(Rupees	in '000)			
OPERATING RESULTS							
Production volume (Nos.)							
- Motorcar	143,239	132,725	111,979	134,391	80,384	77,142	
- Motorcycle	23,014	19,603	18,374	19,610	23,871	22,977	
Sales volume (Nos.)							
- Motorcar	140,313	132,548	110,000	133,952	78,005	77,050	
- Motorcycle	23,160	19,901	17,946	20,617	23,453	23,117	
Sales revenue	119,853,898	101,811,611	76,516,040	84,548,757	53,664,947	51,061,333	
Gross profit	7,044,865	9,652,573	7,348,577	11,487,448	4,183,699	3,242,513	
Profit before taxation	2,082,936	5,619,214	4,415,236	8,685,171	2,623,394	2,353,439	
Profit/(loss) after taxation	1,298,108	3,825,821	2,772,635	5,842,671	1,921,894	1,849,357	
Dividends (cash/bonus shares)	260,068	1,530,777	452,649	1,234,498	411,499	329,199	
Profit retained	1,038,040	2,295,044	2,319,986	4,608,173	1,510,395	1,520,158	
CAPITAL EMPLOYED							
Share capital	822,999	822,999	822,999	822,999	822,999	822,999	
Reserves	27,109,749	24,898,931	22,619,294	18,009,762	16,488,378	14,969,549	
Unappropriated profit	1,300,117	3,827,786	2,774,614	5,846,477	1,925,305	1,852,610	
Shareholders' equity	29,232,865	29,549,716	26,216,907	24,679,238	19,236,682	17,645,158	
Current Liabilities	32,276,984	21,360,751	11,635,058	12,772,749	9,117,477	6,166,119	
	61,509,849	50,910,467	37,851,965	37,451,987	28,354,159	23,811,277	
				,			
Represented By:							
Represented by.							
Fixed Assets	15,654,827	8,800,002	6,672,057	4,510,789	4,790,506	4,892,675	
Other Non - Current Assets	2,173,188	1,104,378	661,665	425,792	456,080	546,237	
Net Current Assets	43,681,834	41,006,087	30,518,243	32,515,406	23,107,573	18,372,365	
	61,509,849	50,910,467	37,851,965	37,451,987	28,354,159	23,811,277	
		. ,	. ,	. ,			

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
PROFITABILITY RATIOS						
Gross profit as a % of net sales	5.9	9.5	9.6	13.6	7.8	6.4
Profit before taxation	1 7		5.8	10.2	4.9	1.0
as a % of net sales	1.7	5.5	3.6	10.3	4.9	4.6
Profit/(loss) after taxation						
as a % of net sales	1.1	3.8	3.6	6.9	3.6	3.6
Earning/(loss) per Share (Rs.)	15.77	46.49	33.7	71.0	23.4	22.5
LIQUIDATY & LEVERAGE RATIOS						
KATIUS						
Current ratio	1.35	1.92	2.62	2.55	2.53	2.98
Quick ratio	0.44	0.79	1.21	1.51	0.88	1.23
Liabilities as a % of total assets	52	42	31	34	32	26
Equity as a % of total assets	48	58	69	66	68	74
EFFICIENCY RATIOS						
Inventory turn over ratio	3.8	3.8	4.2	5.6	3.3	4.5
Inventory turn over ratio No. of days stock held	5.6 95	5.6 95	4.2 86	65	3.3 110	4.5 82
No. of days sales in trade debts	0.7	0.8	5.7	6.7	9.2	7.0
Total assets turn over ratio	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.1
Net worth turn over ratio	4.1	3.4	2.9	3.4	2.8	2.9
EQUITY RATIOS						
Durada um umbun mari abarra (Da.)	255.00	250.05	210 55	200.07	000.7/	011.10
Break up value per share (Rs.) Cash Dividend as a % of capital	355.20 31.6	359.05 186	318.55 55	299.87 150	233.74 50	214.40 40
Dividend payout ratio (%)	20	40	16	21	21	18
Plough-back ratio (%)	80	60	84	79	79	82
OTHER DATA						
Permanent employees strength (Nos.)	2,024	1,345	1,269	1,257	1,272	1,273
(1103.)	2,024	1,545	1,203	1,237	1,272	1,275
Number of shares	82,299,851	82,299,851	82,299,851	82,299,851	82,299,851	82,299,851
Harriber of Shares	02,233,031	02,233,031	02,233,031	02,233,031	52,233,031	02,233,031

Horizontal Analysis of Balance Sheet

	2018	%	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%	2014	%	2013	%
						- (Rupees	in '000) -					
BALANCE SHEET												
Fixed assets	15,768	75.5	8,985	33.2	6,745	46.8	4,594	(8.0)	4,996	(1.6)	5,075	25.3
Long-term investments	329	58.2	208	-	-	-	0	-	0	(100.0)	2	(60.0)
Long-term loans	4	100.0	2	(99.1)	231	2,210.0	10	-	10	66.7	6	500.0
Long-term deposits, prepayments and other receivables	456	19.4	382	1,217.2	29	16.0	25	8.7	23	(37.8)	37	(41.3)
Long-term installment sales receivables	118	(18.6)	145	51.0	96	(15.8)	114	(29.6)	162	(4.7)	170	4.3
Deferred taxation	1,152	386.1	237	1.3	234	20.0	195	248.2	56	(62.2)	148	-
Stores, spares and loose tools	147	27.8	115	3.6	111	12.1	99	20.7	82	24.2	66	(20.5)
Stock-in-trade	29,397	22.8	23,946	47.0	16,289	24.5	13,082	(12.6)	14,977	39.6	10,726	1.6
Trade debts	238	12.8	211	(82.5)	1,205	(22.9)	1,562	15.5	1,352	37.5	983	56.8
Current portion of long-term installment sales receivables	551	71.3	321	10.3	291	(16.4)	348	(10.3)	388	17.2	331	5.4
Loans and advances	41	10.8	37	(81.6)	201	1.5	198	(61.6)	515	25.0	412	111.3
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	1,357	40.5	966	1,154.5	77	8.5	71	34.0	53	(15.9)	63	61.5
Accrued profit on bank deposits	269	827.6	29	(76.0)	121	(37.3)	193	1,106.3	16	23.1	13	116.7
Other receivables	0	(100)	93	(27.9)	129	48.3	87	(35.1)	134	17.5	114	(39.0)
Sales tax and excise duty adjustable	4,370	282.0	1,144	(30.7)	1,651	493.9	278	(72.3)	1,002	24.8	803	(17.2)
Taxation - net	5,798	18.3	4,900	158.7	1,894	19.1	1,590	(42.1)	2,747	(5.2)	2,897	8.2
Cash and bank balances	1,515	(83.5)	9,189	7.5	8,548	(43.0)	15,006	715.1	1,841	(6.3)	1,965	38.6
Total assets	61,510.0	20.8	50,910.0	34.5	37,852	1.1	37,452	32.1	28,354	19.1	23,811	11.4
Share capital	823	-	823	-	823	-	823	-	823	-	823	-
Reserves	28,410	(1.1)	28,727	13.1	25,394	6.4	23,856	29.6	18,414	9.5	16,822	12.2
Total Equity	29,233	(1.1)	29,550	12.7	26,217	6.2	24,679	28.3	19,237	9.0	17,645	11.6
Trade and other payables	14,410	26.5	11,377	80.6	6,300	(2.2)	6,442	30.3	4,945	33.8	3,696	37.1
Advances	2,276	(57.3)	5,332	228.1	1,625	(61.5)	4,226	95.7	2,159	243.2	629	(45.0)
Accrued mark-up	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	(100.0)	9	-	0	-
Short-term finance	11,310	100	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Security deposits	4,222	(8.2)	4,601	25.3	3,674	77.6	2,069	7.9	1,918	12.6	1,703	8.4
Unclaimed dividend	22	57.1	14									
Provision for custom duties and sales tax	36	-	36		36	-	36	(58.1)	86	(37.7)	138	-
Total equity and liabilities	61,510.0	20.8	50,910.0	34.5	37,852	1.1	37,452	32.1	28,354	19.1	23,811	11.4

Horizontal Analysis of Profit or Loss Account

	2018	%	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%	2014	%	2013	%
						(Rupees	in '000)					
Sales	119,854	17.7	101,812	33.1	76,516	(9.5)	84,549	57.5	53,665	5.1	51,061	(12.8)
Cost of sales	(112,809)	22.4	(92,159)	33.2	(69,167)	(5.3)	(73,061)	47.7	(49,481)	3.5	(47,819)	(14.9)
Gross profit	7,045	(27)	9,653	31.4	7,349	(36.0)	11,488	174.5	4,184	29.0	3,242	38.3
Distribution and selling costs	(2,707)	(3.5)	(2,804)	39.9	(2,004)	3.0	(1,946)	160.9	(746)	33.2	(560)	56.0
Administrative expenses	(2,301)	43.8	(1,600)	3.9	(1,540)	25.1	(1,231)	11.7	(1,102)	14.9	(959)	11.6
Other expenses	(154)	62.8	(414)	24.0	(334)	(48.9)	(653)	233.2	(196)	12.0	(175)	57.7
Other income	566	34.56	865	(16.8)	1,040	(1.7)	1,058	107.5	510	(40.9)	863	74.7
Operating profit	2,449	(57)	5,700	26.3	4,511	(48.2)	8,716	228.9	2,650	9.9	2,411	59.7
Share of loss of equity accounted investee	(3)	(75)	(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance cost	(363)	526	(69)	(29.2)	(96)	209.7	(31)	14.8	(27)	(53.4)	(58)	427.3
Profit before taxation	2,083	(62.9)	5,619	27.3	4,415	(49.2)	8,685	231.1	2,623	11.5	2,353	57.0
Taxation	(785)	(56.2)	(1,793)	9.1	(1,642)	(42.2)	(2,843)	305.0	(702)	39.3	(504)	(3.4)
Profit after taxation	1,298	(66.1)	3,826	38.0	2,773	(52.5)	5,842	204.0	1,921	3.9	1,849	89.3

Vertical Analysis of Balance Sheet

	2018	%	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%	2014	%	2013	%
						- (Rupees	s in '000)					
BALANCE SHEET												
Fixed assets	15,768	25.6	8,985	17.6	6,745	17.8	4,594	12.3	4,996	17.6	5,075	21.3
Long-term investments	329	0.5	208	0.4	-	0.0	-	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.0
Long-term loans	4	0.0	2	0.0	231	0.6	10	0.0	10	0.0	6	0.0
Long-term deposits, prepayments												
and other receivables	537	0.9	382	0.8	29	0.1	25	0.1	23	0.1	37	0.2
Long-term installment sales												
receivables	118	0.2	145	0.3	96	0.3	114	0.3	162	0.6	170	0.7
Deferred taxation	1,152	1.9	237	0.5	234	0.6	195	0.5	56	0.2	148	0.6
Stores, spares and loose tools	147	0.2	115	0.2	111	0.3	99	0.3	82	0.3	66	0.3
Stock-in-trade	29,397	47.8	23,946	47.0	16,289	43.0	13,084	34.9	14,976	52.8	10,726	45.0
Trade debts	238	0.4	211	0.4	1,205	3.2	1,562	4.2	1,352	4.8	983	4.1
Current portion of long-term												
installment sales receivables	550	0.9	321	0.6	291	8.0	348	0.9	388	1.4	331	1.4
Loans and advances	41	0.1	37	0.1	201	0.5	198	0.5	515	1.8	412	1.7
Trade deposits and short term												
prepayments	1,357	2.2	966	1.9	77	0.2	71	0.2	53	0.2	63	0.3
Accrued profit on bank deposits	0	0.0	29	0.1	121	0.3	193	0.5	16	0.1	13	0.1
Other receivables	187	0.3	93	0.2	129	0.3	87	0.2	134	0.5	114	0.5
Short-term investment	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0
Sales tax and excise duty adjustable	4,370	7.1	1,144	2.2	1,651	4.4	278	0.7	1,002	3.5	803	3.4
Taxation - net	5,798	9.4	4,900	9.6	1,894	5.0	1,590	4.2	2,747	9.7	2,897	12.2
Cash and bank balances	1,516	2.5	9,189	18.1	8,548	22.6	15,006	40.1	1,841	6.5	1,964	8.2
Total assets	61,510.0	100.0	50,910.0	100.0	37,852.0	100.0	37,452.0	100.0	28,354.0	100.0	23,811.0	100.0
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES									-		0.01	
Share capital	823	1.3	823	1.6	823	2.2	823	2.2	823	2.9	823	3.5
Reserves	28,410	46.2	28,726	56.4	25,394	67.1	23,856	63.7	18,414	64.9	16,822	70.6
Total Equity	29,233	47.5	29,549	58.0	26,217	69.3	24,679	65.9	19,237	67.8	17,645	74.1
Trade and other payables	14,410	23.4	11,378	22.3	6,301	16.6	6,443	17.2	4,945	17.4	3,696	15.5
Advances	2,276	3.7	5,332	10.5	1,625	4.3	4,226	11.3	2,159	7.6	629	2.6
	2,270		5,332		1,023		4,220		2,159		029	
Accrued mark-up		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0
Short-term finance	11,311	18.4		0.0	- 0.070	0.0	-	0.0	1.017	0.0	1 700	0.0
Security deposits	4,222	6.9	4,601	9.0	3,673	9.7	2,068	5.5	1,917	6.8	1,703	7.2
Unclaimed dividend	22	0.04	14	0.03	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0	-	0.0
Provision for custom duties and	20	0.1	20	0.1	20	0.1	20	0.1	07	0.0	120	0.0
sales tax	36	0.1	36	0.1	36	0.1	36	0.1	87	0.3	138	0.6
Total equity and liabilities	61,510.0	100.0	50,910.0	100.0	37,852.0	100.0	37,452.0	100.0	28,354.0	100.0	23,811.0	100.0
	,	_,,,,	,		,	_,,,,	,		-,	_,,,,	-,	

Vertical Analysis of Profit or Loss Account

	2018	%	2017	%	2016	%	2015	%	2014	%	2013	%
						(Rupees i	n '000)					
Sales	119,854	100	101,812	100	76,516	100	84,549	100	53,665	100	51,061	100
Cost of sales	(112,809)	(94.12)	(92,159)	(90.52)	(69,167)	(90.40)	(73,061)	(86.41)	(49,481)	(92.20)	(47,819)	(93.65)
Gross profit	7,045	5.88	9,653	9.48	7,349	9.60	11,488	13.59	4,184	7.80	3,242	6.35
Distribution and selling costs	(2,707)	(2.26)	(2,804)	(2.75)	(2,004)	(2.62)	(1,946)	(2.30)	(746)	(1.39)	(560)	(1.10)
Administrative expenses	(2,301)	(1.92)	(1,600)	(1.57)	(1,540)	(2.01)	(1,231)	(1.46)	(1,102)	(2.05)	(959)	(1.88)
Other expenses	(154)	(0.13)	(414)	(0.41)	(334)	(0.44)	(653)	(0.77)	(196)	(0.37)	(175)	(0.34)
Other income	566	0.47	865	0.85	1,040	1.36	1,058	1.25	510	0.95	863	1.69
Operating profit	2,449	2.04	5,699	5.6	4,511	5.9	8,716	10.31	2,650	4.94	2,411	4.72
Share of loss of equity accounted investee	(3)	(0.00)	(12)	(0.01)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance cost	(363)	(0.30)	(68)	(0.07)	(96)	0.13	(31)	(0.04)	(27)	(0.05)	(58)	(0.01)
Profit before taxation	2,083	1.74	5,619	5.52	4,415	5.77	8,685	10.27	2,623	4.89	2,353	4.61
Taxation	(785)	(0.65)	(1,793)	(1.76)	(1,643)	(2.15)	(2,843)	(3.36)	(702)	(1.31)	(504)	(0.99)
Profit after taxation	1,298	1.08	3,826	3.76	2,773	3.62	5,842	6.91	1,921	3.58	1,849	3.62

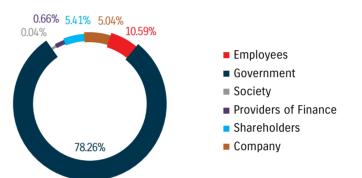


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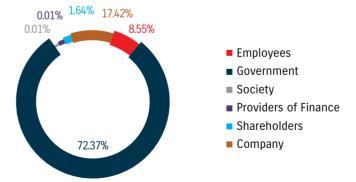
Statement of Value Addition and its Distribution

	2018		2017	
	(Rupees in '000)	%	(Rupees in '000)	%
Weelth Consusted				
Wealth Generated	148,806,459		126 550 040	
Total gross revenue and other income Brought in materials and services			126,550,040	
blought in materials and services	28,278,488	100	98,885,171 27,664,869	100
	20,270,400	100	27,004,009	100
Wealth distribution to stakeholders				
To Employees				
Salaries, wages ,other cost including retirement benefits				
and WPPF	2,996,012	10.59	2,365,398	8.55
	2,330,012	10.55	2,303,330	6.55
To Government				
Income tax, sales tax, excise duty, development	22,130,723	78.26	20,022,130	72.37
surcharge, WWF				
To Society				
Donation toward earthquake victims, IDPs and health	10,414	0.04	3,932	0.01
To Shareholders				
Dividend and bonus	1,530,777	5.41	452,649	1.64
To providers of finance				
Finance charges for borrowed funds	185,827	0.66	1,597	0.01
To Company				
Depreciation, amortisation and retained profit/ (loss)	1,424,735	5.04	4,819,163	17.42
	20 270 400	100.00	27.664.060	100.00
	28,278,488	100.00	27,664,869	100.00

Wealth distribution to stakeholders-2018



Wealth distribution to stakeholders-2017



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CDIMPSIWMA clarion ORmetooth VOLUME WAGONR **Be Practical** WagonR with its K- Series Engine is fuel efficient and guarantees a drive that is smooth, noiseless and powerful. Known for its practicality, performance and comfort, it is the perfect family car.

Visits & Events

2 Million Vehicles Line-Off Ceremony

A ceremony was held on 26th November 2018 to celebrate the landmark achievement of 2 million vehicles line-off in Pakistan.

Chairman Suzuki Motor Corporation, Mr. Osamu Suzuki graced the occasion with his presence and Advisor to Prime Minister for Commerce, Textile, Industry & Production, Mr. Abdul Razzaq Dawood was cordially invited as chief guest of the Ceremony.

Milestone of 2 million vehicles was the result of coordinated efforts of employees of PSMC, suppliers, dealers and continued patronage by customers.











Visits & Events

Chairman Suzuki Met PM Pakistan

Mr. Osamu Suzuki, Chairman Suzuki Motor Corporation - Japan and his team along with the ambassadors of Japan - Pakistan, Mr. Masafumi Harano, CEO Pak Suzuki and Mr. Kinji Saito, Chairman Pak Suzuki met Mr. Imran Khan, Prime Minister of Pakistan on 27th November, 2018 at PM Office Islamabad.





Chairman Suzuki Visited Authorised Dealership

Mr. Osamu Suzuki, Chairman Suzuki Motor Corporation - Japan, his team and Mr. Masafumi Harano, CEO Pak Suzuki visited authorised dealership.





Family Day:

The Company also celebrated the grand event of Family Day at PAF Museum, Karachi. A separate family area was designated for kids where diverse activities were organized for amusement of children of every age, followed by a grand musical show.





Certified Used Car Gala

Pak Suzuki held multiple Used Car Galas during the year 2018. The events received tremendous public patronage.





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Farewell for Mr. Hirofumi Nagao, Sr. Advisory Director

Pak Suzuki arranged a farewell party for Mr. Hirofumi Nagao, Sr. Advisory Director on 21st April, 2018 at PC Hotel, Karachi. Functional, Divisional heads including japanese officials also attended the farewell party.



Visits & Events

Training and Development:

In the year 2018, 720 locals as well as 12 foreign trainings were conducted for the benefit of the employees to further improve their productivity and skills related to their work responsibilities









Sports and Social Events:

The Company arranges sport tournaments for recreation and entertainment of employees and to provide an environment where all employees can enjoy without any stress and job pressure.









Inauguration of Dealerships



Suzuki Charsadda Motors



Suzuki Gujar Khan Motors



Suzuki Shorkot Motors



Suzuki Battagram Motors



Suzuki Chichawatni Motors



Suzuki Indus Motors



Suzuki Summit Motors



Suzuki Bhakkar Motors

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Chairman's Review

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited is the pioneer in automotive industry in Pakistan and maintained its position of market leader with more than 50% market share in cars and light commercial vehicles by providing diversified product range at competitive prices. During the year Company achieved the milestone of two million production of vehicles. The Company is playing an important role in the development of engineering sector of the country by promoting localization of components through suppliers' network and in-house manufacturing of components. The Company also contributes in the socio-economic development of the country by creating job opportunities and technology transfer to part manufacturing industry. It is my privilege to present review on the performance of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Industry

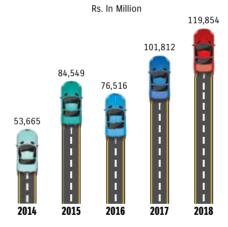
Pakistan auto sales clocked in highest ever sales in calendar year 2018. In year 2018, sales volume of automotive industry was recorded at 254,936 units compared to 239,724 units of last year, registering a steady growth of 6%. Steady growth in automotive industry was driven by steady economic growth, low inflation & interest rates, higher consumer lending and well acceptance of new models. However, volume slowdown was witnessed in later half of 2018 primarily due to restrictions imposed on non-filers for purchase of vehicles. Input costs of automobile industry are directly impacted due to variations in exchange parity of Pak Rupee. During the year Pak Rupee depreciated by 26% resulting in price increase of vehicles.

The organized market (PAMA member companies) for motorcycles and three wheelers increased by 7% from 1,771,618 units to 1,899,662 units.

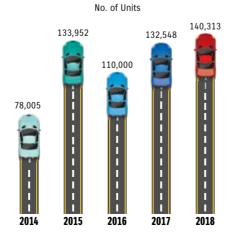
Operating Results of the Company

Sales volume of automobiles increased by 6% from 132,548 Units to 140,313 Units, in line with industry growth. Major increase in sales was witnessed in sales volume of 1000cc car segment. Sales volume in 1000cc car segment increased by 21% from 43,651 units in 2017 to 52,885 units in 2018. The net sales revenue increased by 18% from Rs. 101,812 million to Rs. 119,854 million. Motorcycles sales increased by 16% from 19,901 units to 23,160 units. The production volume

Sales Revenue



Sales Volume Motorcars



of automobile and motorcycles were adjusted according to the demand. The production volume of automobile increased by 8% from 132,725 units to 143,239 units and motorcycles increased by 17% from 19,603 units to 23,014 Units. During the year, capacity utilization of automobile plant remained 95% as compared to 88% capacity utilization in last year. Because of lower demand of motorcycles, 48% production capacity of motorcycle plant remained un-utilized.

Gross profit decreased in absolute terms by Rs. 2,608 million from Rs. 9,652 million in 2017 to Rs. 7,044 million in 2018. Gross profit margins declined from 9.5% of last year to 5.9%. Company earned net profit after tax of Rs 1,298 million against Rs. 3,826 million of last year. Overall reduction in net profit of Company by Rs. 2,527 million is attributed to devaluation of Pak Rupee resulted in higher cost of imported components and change in sales mix.

Marketing & Exports

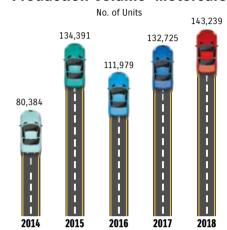
Automobile Market:

Pak Suzuki remains the market leader in locally manufactured cars and light commercial vehicles by retaining 55% market share of the total domestic market. This is attributed to our focus on 1000 cc segment where our new models registered 21% growth in 2018. We remained committed to our strengths of providing quality products with diversified product range supported by 3S Dealerships' network, spread all over Pakistan. Strong dealership network ensured efficient services to customers including reliable after sales service and availability of spare parts.

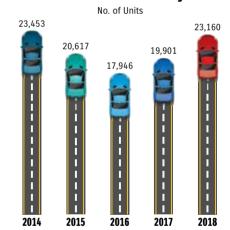
Motorcycle Market:

Motorcycle market in Pakistan is dominated by motorcycle with engine capacity of 70cc. Pak Suzuki markets motorcycles with engine capacities of 110cc and above. The Company expects that motorcycle demand in Pakistan will gradually shift towards higher engine capacity like other countries in the region and market for Suzuki motorcycles will improve. Company sales operations ensures efficient services to customers through smooth workshop operations. Company is trying to expand its business in this segment.

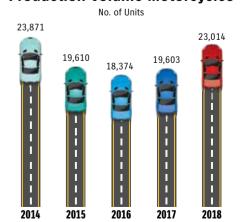
Production Volume Motorcars



Sales Volume Motorcycles



Production Volume Motorcycles



Exports:

During the year 30 units of Suzuki Ravi amounting Rs. 15.670 million were exported to Bangladesh as compared to 15 units of Suzuki Ravi worth Rs. 6.609 million were exported in last year. During the year, KD parts worth Rs. 21.7 million were exported to sister concern Vietnam Suzuki Corporation (VISUCO) against KD parts exports of Rs. 13.2 million in 2017. KD parts were exported for mass production of Suzuki minitruck model in Vietnam. Further, during the year parts of Rs. 1.908 million were exported to Hungary for after sale market as compared to last year exports worth Rs. 1.949 million.

Aftersales (Parts & Service):

Aftersales operations ensure efficient services to customers through smooth workshop operations and timely availability of parts at dealerships. As a result, the dealers' operations showing increasing trend. Total number of automobile job cards (services provided to customers for schedule maintenance, running repairs, mechanical repairs, body and dent jobs) reached up to 1.248 million, showing growth of 11% as compared to last year. The motorcycle aftersales market also shown positive trend in business operations. Total 226,769 Job cards were served in 2018.

The Automobile Parts sales for the year recorded Rs 3,085 million, showing overall growth of 33% as compared to last year. Yearly sales for Engine Oil reached to 2,045,220 liters, which shows growth of 23% as compared to last year. The motorcycle parts sale also reached to Rs. 212 million showing growth of 15% as compared to last year.

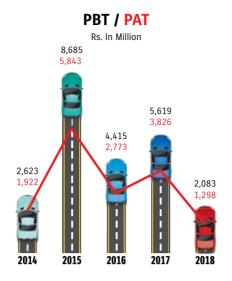
Sales and Distribution Network

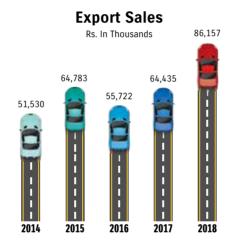
Pak Suzuki intends to provide quality services with convenient access to customers. The Company has strong dealership network spread all over the country. The Company has been continuously enhancing and strengthening the dealership network. As of December 31, 2018, Pak Suzuki dealership network expanded to 149 sales outlets in 81 cities all across Pakistan. To serve customers in uncovered areas eight 1S parts outlets were opened.

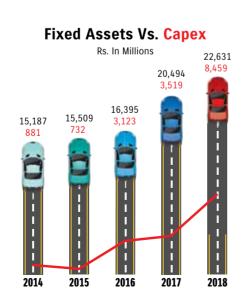
To facilitate the customers, Pak Suzuki opened 10 booking offices all over Pakistan. Suzuki Booking Offices facilitated customers by giving them the opportunity of booking vehicles with the initial advance payment. Further, 10 company operated showrooms for motorcycles are in operation where customers are provided sales and after sales service.

Customers' Satisfaction & Retention

Company carried out follow-up surveys of customers on regular basis by our 24/7 Customer Relations Centre. Our







customers have shown more trust and satisfaction on the services rendered to them through dealers' network. Survey of 105,195 customers was carried out in 2018 which indicated the customers' satisfaction level of 88%.

Dealers' Staff Skill Development & Motivation:

Company gives high priority for skill development of dealers' staff. On job trainings and regular training sessions were conducted for dealers' staff. Major areas covered through trainings include:

- The dealers technicians certification on global standards created a professional environment at dealers' workshops and ensures quality services to customers.
- "Skill Contests" were organized for dealers' Service Managers, Parts Managers, Customer Relation Managers, Customer Relation Officers. Service Advisors. Technicians & Painters.
- Promoted dealers' staff motivational activities such as. employees' get together, recreation activities, incentive prizes and foreign trips.

New Initiatives:

Following 'New Initiatives' taken to facilitate Customers:

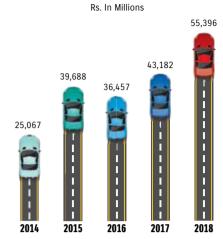
- Wide range of Suzuki Genuine accessories introduced to meet customers' expectations.
- Systemizing logistics to enhance parts availability, to shorten lead time and to satisfy customers.

Localization

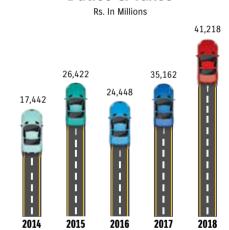
Pak Suzuki is proud to be the pioneer in the development of auto parts industry in Pakistan. The Company has been striving for localization of components through suppliers' network and in-house manufacturing of components. The Company also contributes in the socio-economic development of the country by creating job opportunities and technology transfer to part manufacturing industry. The Company continues to pursue localization in order to reduce the cost of products and keep the prices competitive besides saving of foreign exchange.

It is essential for the local auto parts industry to upgrade their production facilities with latest technology. Pak Suzuki has been coordinating Technical Collaborations for its suppliers to align them with latest technologies. Pak Suzuki arranged several 'Technical Assistance Agreements' for local suppliers with reputable international parts manufacturers to localize functional components.

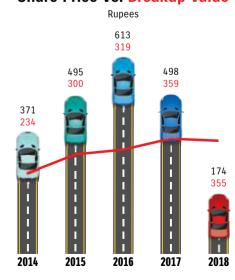
Foreign Exchange Savings



Duties & Taxes



Share Price Vs. Breakup Value



Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited

Further, Company took initiative and made a strategy to provide confidence to Technical Assistance provider. In this regard, Tecno Glass Limited (TAG) was established on March 16, 2017 for manufacturing automobile glass. TAG is a Joint Venture Company between Tecno Pack Telecom (Private) Limited and Company. Company had contributed equity investment of Rs 344.4 million which was approved by shareholders in Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on February 16, 2017. TAG is planned to commence commercial production by mid of 2019. This Joint Venture is a first green field project between Pak Suzuki & its suppliers. Beside technology transfer and localization of glass for auto industry, the project will contribute significant cost saving to Company and earn reasonable returns on the investment.

Improvement & Development of Suppliers:

For promoting the culture of continual improvement, Company carried out:

- Multiple trainings in the areas of Quality, KPI management, Value Engineering, Development,
- Comprehensive assessment of all suppliers at organizational level for improvement,
- Audits of suppliers along with SMC experts.

Study Tours for Suppliers:

In order to align business practices of our local parts suppliers with international practices, Supply Chain Function arranged following study tours for its suppliers':

Magyar Suzuki Corporation (MSC) Ltd. Hungary and its suppliers:

Study tour to MSC, Hungary and its 6 suppliers was arranged for 15 Plastic and Rubber components suppliers of Pak Suzuki.

Suzuki IndoMobil Motor (SIM), Indonesia and its suppliers:

Study tour to SIM, Indonesia and its 8 suppliers was arranged for 15 sheet metal components suppliers of Pak Suzuki.

Green Procurement:

Pak Suzuki, in coordination with Suzuki Motor Corporation, Japan initiated Green Procurement

Guideline activities for its suppliers. The purpose of to enter into Joint Venture agreement with suppliers this activity is to ensure non-usage of Substance of Concern (SOC) like Asbestos and other prohibited substance as designated by Pak Suzuki along with applicable law and regulations with respect to environment.

Facility Enhancements

- The company has developed warehouse facility at Manga Mandi, Multan Road, Lahore for capacity of more than 2,000 vehicles to facilitate the customers for early delivery of vehicles.
- To reduce the breakdown time, Air Supply and Exhaust system of Body and Plastic Parts painting has been replaced.
- The Company provides healthy and comfortable working environment to its employees. Therefore, environmental improvement activities have been carried out throughout the plant by installing Chiller units with Fan Coil Units to reduce the hot weather impact at shop floor.

Human Resource

At Pak Suzuki, employees are not only part of the Suzuki Family but are also considered the back bone of the Company's efforts in achieving and maintaining highest standards of productivity, work ethics and conducive environment.

Company is committed to provide an environment which facilitates the employees in performing to their maximum potential while maintaining required amount of work life balance. At the same time, it is also ensured that with the passage of time the employees get substantial amount of opportunities to develop themselves in terms of skills through specially designed programs for training and development. All measures are taken for the betterment and wellbeing of the employees and special activities are carried out to keep up the motivation level.

Training and Development:

Pak Suzuki Motor Company strives to provide its employees with inspiring training and education experiences that broaden and enhance skills and uncover new concepts and ideas. Talent development takes many forms at Pak Suzuki Motor Company, including training sessions for key functional areas. In the year 2018, 720 locals as well as 12 foreign trainings were conducted for the benefit of the employees to further improve their productivity and Sports and Social Events: skills related to their work responsibilities

Talent Acquisition:

institutions for Management Trainee and Trainee available and be easily accessible to them. For this their CVs and have a fair chance of selection. Due to the consistent implementation of the above- prizes and trophies. mentioned processes, the Company received a huge 2018, 68 Management Trainees graduating from Colleges and Business Schools were inducted in the Company, after successfully going through a welldefined selection process.

Health and Safety:

The health and work place protection are the most vital areas to be considered for each member of the A ceremony was held on 26th November 2018 to Suzuki Family regardless of being part of management, celebrate the landmark achievement of 2 million officer or worker cadre. Company strived to ensure the health and safety of Suzuki family members in Corporation, Mr. Osamu Suzuki graced the occasion the following ways:

- and internal health, safety and environmental requirements:
- Design facilities and conduct operations in a way environment:
- of operations with relevant health safety and environmental protection potentially affected persons.

24-hour availability of dispensary facility, fully At Pak Suzuki, Labor-Management relations aim equipped with able team of doctors is always to protect the interests of labor and management, ready to provide medical care to the employees. hence a strong and cordial relations between Furthermore, considering our duty to protect and labor and management are considered as key for a ensure maintenance of health of all Pak Suzuki family members, a yearly medical screening is conducted and achieving desired goals. for all employees to make sure that they are fully aware of their health conditions and to protect them The Management of the Company therefore, from any contagious diseases.

Employee engagement in sports activities have been proven to reduce staff turnover and improve productivity. Every year, the Company arranges sport The Company has undertaken several campus tournaments for recreation and entertainment of recruitments drives at leading graduate educational employees and to provide an environment where all employees can enjoy without any stress and Engineers. Our aim is to reach out to the best talent job pressure. During the year, we arranged interdepartmental Cricket tournaments & Indoor games. purpose, an HR portal has been developed and can These events provide an excellent opportunity for be accessed at www.paksuzuki.com.pk where the the staff to go a long way in instilling the spirit of candidates can register themselves online, upload competition among them in a healthy environment. The winners and runner up teams are presented with

response from potential candidates and in the year Furthermore, the Company also celebrated the grand event of Family Day on September 8, 2018 at various reputable Engineering Universities, Technical PAF Museum, Karachi. A separate family area was designated for kids where diverse activities were organized for amusement of children of every age. followed by a grand musical show for all to enjoy and savor the fun and entertainment.

Corporate Events:

vehicles line-off in Pakistan. Chairman Suzuki Motor with his presence and Advisor to Prime Minister for • Compliance with all applicable Government Commerce, Textile, Industry & Production, Mr. Abdul Razzag Dawood was cordially invited as chief guest of the Ceremony. Milestone of 2 million vehicles was the result of coordinated efforts of employees of that avoids risk to human health, safety and the PSMC, suppliers, dealers and continued patronage by customers. Both the Chairman as well as the Advisor Examine and communicate the known hazards to the Prime Minister expressed their gratitude to the invited dealers, vendors & PSMCL employees for the information to recognition of their efforts & contribution.

Labor and Management Relations:

conducive environment essential for moving towards

strongly emphasizes harmonious relations with all stakeholders to ensure the productivity of the

employees in a conducive environment essential to Recovery is a framework of getting all important IT the industrial progress.

Information Technology:

Information Technology is driving innovation in the business environment. With rising volumes and upcoming challenges our business operations are becoming more complex. The key success factor is our 'Lean Thinking' and that is an integral part of our Enterprise IT. It helps us in adapting new technologies more quickly and minimizes the transformation challenges through our IT-Business Footprint. Pak Suzuki IT is focused to bring more robust systems to enhance collaboration among business stakeholders, innovation and smart adaption of digital technologies for improving quality of services and better customer experience.

People Engagement & Collaboration:

Microsoft Office 365 and Microsoft SharePoint was implemented back in 2017. The main objective was to improve business workspace and automation experience. Recently, we collaborated with Global Suzuki Subsidiaries using SharePoint to work on Global Projects as TEAM SUZUKI. In 2018, an edge for cognitive data analytics with Microsoft Business Intelligence was added. It brings data visualization and empowers users to get business insights and meaning full information out of the BIG DATA.

GENESYS CRM:

Recent introduction of GENESYS CRM Call Center System enables guick access to the relevant information that saves customers' valuable time. It personalizes the customer experience, deliver call center officers with complete insight into the customer journey, helps in prioritizing and deliver work items based on call center officers availability and skill. It delivers omnichannel customer experiences that include interactions through multiple digital channels and bridging the gap between CRM systems and call center processes.

Business Continuity:

Information Technology is the eco system of all the business operations, and for that reason, it is at the center of recovery planning. To further strengthen Business Continuity, Pak Suzuki adopt the strategic shift from our existing On-Premises IT Disaster Recovery (DR) Site to Hybrid Cloud. The Disaster Infrastructure and operations up and running against an outage.

Information Security:

Information and Cyber Security program is aimed to insulate the Company and its operations form potential security threats and therefore treated at the top most priority. Pak Suzuki has invested on Tools and Techniques to respond such emerging threats including Cyber Maturity Assessment and Vulnerability/Penetration testing conducted by external experts. Such Auditing greatly helps us in maintaining the stakeholders' confidence in Pak Suzuki IT Infrastructure and services.

Economic Contribution

The Company has a distinctive position in the automobile industry as a leading contributor to the public exchequer. The duties and taxes paid and the foreign exchange saved by the Company in its last six years of operations are as follows:

Year (Jan-Dec)	Duties & taxes	Foreign exchange Savings *
	(Rupe	es in billion)
2013	15.380	27.275
2014	17.442	25.067
2015	26.422	39.688
2016	24.448	36.457
2017	35.162	43.182
2018	41.218	55.396

Duties and taxes paid by Company during the year represent around 1% of total tax revenues estimated in the Federal Budget for the fiscal year 2018-19.

*Converted into Pak Rupees at year end exchange rate.

Government Policies

Fiscal Policies:

In its Federal Budget 2018-19; the Government provided reliefs by reducing rate of corporate tax from 30% to 29%, rate of super tax will be applicable @ 1% of profit before tax for accounting year 2018. Further, rate of tax on undistributed profits decreased from 7.5% of Profit before tax to 5% of Profit before egual to 40% relaxed to 20% of profits after tax.

However, all these reliefs have been offset by of non-operational unit) to Two (2) entity. Existing increase in additional customs duty from 1% to 2% which directly results in increase in cost of products. Furthermore, restriction on purchase of vehicles by new entrants. non-filers of tax returns was reflecting on the sales volume of automobile manufacturers as well as Suzuki Motor Corporation, Japan (SMC), Principal automotive suppliers' business.

Government of Pakistan announced Finance Supplementary (Second Amendment) Bill, 2019 bringing a host of measures and policy changes to address the issues faced by industry. Key changes Used Car Policy: relevant to auto sector includes:

- locally manufactured cars:
- ii. Super tax abolished from tax year 2020;
- iii. Tax @ 5% of Profit before tax in case of dividend distribution of less than 20% abolished from Tax year 2019, corresponding accounting year 2019 of Pak Suzuki:
- iv. 10% FED imposed on locally manufactured vehicles exceeding capacity of 1700cc; &
- v. Duties increased on imported cars from 20% to 25% for 1801-3000cc engine sizes and from 20% to 30% for over 3000cc engine sizes.

We welcome the positive policy measures taken by the Government and expect that policies will be made to boost industrial growth of country.

Automotive Development Policy (ADP):

Government has announced ADP in March 2016 applicable over a medium-term horizon of 2016-2021. ADP envisages development plan for automobile industry to facilitate higher volumes, attract investment and ensure enhanced competition. Objective of policy is to create balance between growth poses major challenges for auto industry. industrial growth and tariffs to ensure sustainability for all stakeholders. Incentives offered in ADP

tax and condition of minimum distribution of dividend encourages new entrants in auto industry and so far green field status (new entrant) has been awarded to Seventeen (17) entities and brown field status (revival OEM's in Pakistan were looking for expansions and expecting similar incentives as offered to potential

shareholder and parent company of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited, is looking for opportunities for Subsequent to the year end, the newly elected further expansion in Pakistan. We continue to engage with Government of Pakistan to find the best solution for investment in new plant.

The import of used vehicles in big number is hindering the growth of industry. Despite the restriction on age i. Permission granted to non-filers to purchase limit of imported used vehicles for 3 years, 58,592 units of used vehicles were imported during the year as compared to 77,972 units of last year. In January 2019, Government has imposed a condition to show proof that the remittance for payment of duties and taxes originates from the bank account of Pakistani national sending the vehicle from abroad. The revised procedure will regularize the import of used cars.

Future Outlook & Conclusion

Pakistan's economic indicators show signs of slowdown and economic growth in the fiscal year 2018-19. GDP is expected to remain around 4% due to large fiscal and current account deficits. During the calendar year 2018, we witnessed sharpest increase in policy rates in recent past by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Current policy rate is 10.25%. Average inflation for fiscal year 2019 is expected to remain in the range of 6.5% to 7.5% due to higher fiscal deficit, food inflation, higher oil prices and Pak Rupee depreciation. Pak Rupee is expected to remain under pressure in rising external debt scenario. Prevailing economic situation of rising interest rates, higher inflation, Pak Rupee devaluation and lower economic However, Government is trying to bring down the fiscal and current accounts deficits. Along with ongoing like Saudi Arabia, UAE and China will contribute in country's annual growth rate. Procedural changes introduced to regularize the import of used cars will benefit the auto industry. We anticipate that their continued support and encouragement. Government will continue to support the industry with long term vision and consistent policies. New entrants are expected to enter into market in near future. Your Company has geared up to meet the challenges with optimal utilization of resources and KINJI SAITO improvement in efficiencies. Company offers quality products to customers at competitive prices through an efficient network of authorized dealers. Company has the wide range of products and it will continue to upgrade its product range to cater the needs of different segments.

In conclusion, I on behalf of the Board and shareholders would like to express my appreciation to the projects of CPEC, investment from friendly countries management, executives, workers, dealers, suppliers and Suzuki experts for their efforts and contribution to the affairs of the Company. My sincere gratitude also goes out to all the government departments for

Chairman

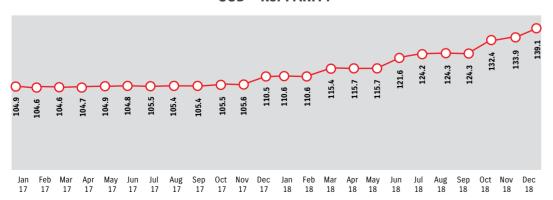
Karachi. March 25, 2019.

Exchange Rates Movement

Yen - Rs. PARITY



USD - Rs. PARITY







Director's Report

The Directors of the Company are pleased to submit their report together with audited financial statements and Auditors' Report thereon, for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Accounts

	(Rs in 000)
Profit before taxation	2,082,936
Taxation	(784,828)
Profit after taxation	1,298,108
Retained earnings of prior years	2,009
Net Profit available for appropriation	1,300,117
Less: Appropriations	
Transfer to General Reserve	1,039,000
Proposed Cash Dividend @	
Rs. 3.16 (31.6%)	260,068
	1,299,068
Retained earnings carried forward	1,049

Earnings per Share

The earnings per share for the year were Rs. 15.77

Holding Company

Suzuki Motor Corporation, incorporated in Japan, is the holding company of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited with 73.09% shares.

Chairman's Review

The Chairman's review on page 42 to 50 deals with the year's activities and the directors of the Company endorse contents of the same.

Corporate Governance

The management of the Company is committed to good corporate governance and complying with the best practices. As required under Code of Corporate

Governance, Directors are pleased to state as follows:

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There are no doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- Appropriate whistleblower protection mechanism is in place.
- Company places priority to safety and health of its employees. Provide proper medical cover and carry out periodical medical screening of employees.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.

Key Operating and Financial Data

The key operation and financial data of the Company for six years are summarized on page No. 24.

Government Taxes

Outstanding taxes and levies have been explained in note 24 to the annexed audited financial statements.

Investments of Employees' Retirement Funds

The following were the values of investments held by employees' retirement benefits fund at the year-end:

	Dec 18	Dec 18
Provident Fund	852.215 million	757.220 million
Gratuity Fund	495.998 million	452.257 million

Board of Directors Meetings

During the year four (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance of each director was as follows:

	No of meeting attended
Mr. Kinji Saito	4
Mr. Masafumi Harano	4
Mr. Hirofumi Nagao / Mr. Tetsuya Fujioka	4
Ms. Rukhsana Shah	3
Mr. Shigeo Takezawa	4
Mr. Kazuyuki Yamashita	4
Mr. Moin M. Fudda	4

Leave of absence was granted to director who could not attend the meeting

Audit Committee Meetings

Committee were held. Attendance of each director is as follows:

	No of meetings attended
Mr. Moin M. Fudda	4
Mr. Kinji Saito	4
Mr. Shigeo Takezawa	4

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee Meetings

During the year three (3) meetings of the Human Resource & Remuneration Committee were held. Attendance of each director is as follows:

	No of meetings attended
Ms. Rukhsana Shah	2
Mr. Kinji Saito	3
Mr. Masafumi Harano	3

Leave of absence was granted to director who could not attend the Committee meeting.

Directors' Training Program

All the directors on the Board are fully conversant with their duties and responsibilities as directors of corporate bodies. In accordance with the criteria specified in regulation 20 of the Code, five directors of the Company have certification under Directors Training Program and one directors of the Company has the exemption from the requirement of Directors' Training Program.

Pattern of Shareholdings

The pattern of shareholdings as of December 31, 2018 is given on pages 138 to 141.

Trading in Shares of the Company by **Directors and Executives**

Directors, executives and their spouses and minor During the year four (4) meetings of the Audit children have not carried out trading in shares of Company.

Appointment of Auditors

The present Auditors M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and offer themselves for re-appointment. The Audit Committee has recommended for their re-appointment for the year ending December 31, 2019. The Directors endorse recommendation of Audit Committee.

Changes in Board, Audit Committee and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

During the year, the elections of Board were held on February 2, 2018 and following persons were elected as directors of the Company for the period of three (3) years with effect from February 7, 2018:

- 1. Mr. Kinji Saito Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Masafumi Harano Executive Director
- Mr. Hirofumi Nagao Executive Director
- Mr. Shigeo Takezawa Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Kazuyuki Yamashita Non-Executive Director
- Mr. Moin M. Fudda Independent Director
- Mrs. Rukhsana Shah Independent Director

Mr. Kinji Saito and Mr. Masafumi Harano have been re-elected as Chairman of the board and Chief Executive respectively. Consequently, HR&R and Audit Committees have been reorganized and Board nominated the following directors as members of HR&R & Audit Committees:

Audit Committee:

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

1. Mr. Moin M. Fudda; 1. Mrs. Rukhsana Shah: 2. Mr. Kinji Saito; & 2. Mr. Kinji Saito; &

3. Mr. Shigeo Takezawa 3. Mr. Masafumi Harano

Further, Mr. Moin M. Fudda has been nominated as Chairman of Audit Committee and Mrs. Rukhsana Shah as Chairman of Human Resource and Remuneration Committee.

It may be noted that requirements of Code of Corporate Governance 2017 have been duly complied with in the election of directors in February 2018, i.e., 2 independent directors including a female has been elected on the Board.

On July 05, 2018, Mr. Tetsuya Fujioka was appointed on the Board as member in place of Mr. Hirofumi Nagao who had resigned as member.

As at December 31, 2018 the Board comprised of the following directors: -

- 1. Mr. Kinji Saito
- Mr. Masafumi Harano
- 3. Mr. Tetsuya Fujioka
- Mr. Shigeo Takezawa
- Mr. Kazuyuki Yamashita
- 6. Mr. Moin M. Fudda
- 7. Mrs. Rukhsana Shah

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

The company being responsible corporate organization, is committed to well-being of the society through its contribution in the field of education, health and environment as a whole to improve quality of life of people.

Education & Technical Support Program

Donation of books & furniture for Library in **Government School Haji Natho**

Pak Suzuki donated racks, books, chairs and tables for a library in Government Boys & Girls Higher Secondary School Haji Natho on 16th March 2018.

NED Scholarship Awarding Ceremony

NED University of Engineering and Technology is one of the most reputable institution of Pakistan, serving the nation since 1922. Continuing the Education Support Program under CSR, total 14 scholarships were awarded among students of NED University of Engineering & Technology during sixth NED Scholarship ceremony held on 16th May 2018. It may be noted that since inception of scholarship program in 2013, till now 48 scholarship awardees have become engineers.



Scholarship Programs

Company started Scholarship Programs to extend the support to local community by motivating and Uqaily Family & Friends Association provides keep continue their education, which empower successful person and productive citizen for country. held on 30th January, 2019. Total 86 scholarships awarded to Grade 6 & 7 students, selected from Government Schools. Higher Secondary Scholarship awarding ceremony held on 23rd April 2018, total 64 scholarships awarded among selected students of Government Schools. Colleges and transport facility to teachers. Universities students.

Suzuki Bolan van Donation to Ugaily Family & Friends Association

encouraging the needy and talented students to education since 2010 to extend opportunities of quality education to the underprivileged segments of them to achieve their dreams and lead to become a community. It has taken an abandoned Government School building in Mori Thatta and established a co-Lower Secondary Scholarship awarding ceremony education middle school by developing additional infrastructure such as well-equipped Computer and Science Lab, Library, Class rooms and staff room and operationalized the school in August 2017. Pak Suzuki donated a Suzuki Bolan van to Ugaily Family & Friends Association on 28th February, 2108, for



Suzuki Ravi Pickup Moving Library Donation

Pak Suzuki donated a Suzuki Ravi Pickup as a Mobile Library on 13th September, 2018 to Joint Committee of Ghulkin & Passu, working in villages of Hunza, Gilgit Biltistan. Hath Hath, Japanese Non Profit Organization, has also contributed by providing more than 3000 books (ranging from nursery to graduation level). The donated Mobile Library will move around Government & Community Schools and other education institutions located in Gilgit Biltistan (Passu, Ghulkin & other Villages). The concept behind Moving Library is to develop and enhance the book reading interest and facilitate students as well as others to fulfil their need by availability of books at their door step.



Used Machines Donation to PSTC & STEVTA

59 Used Machines (Lathe, Drill, Milling & CNC) has been lifted by Sindh Technical Education & Vocational Training Authority (STEVTA) and Pak Swiss Training Center (PSTC), on 19th & 20th November, 2018. After overhauling, these used machines will be used for students' practical training and skills development. These institutes are engaged in Human Resource

development by degree programs, Diploma of Associate and Short Professional Courses in different technologies.

Donation of Wooden Tables

Company donated 362 used wooden tables to different Government Schools, Technical, Health & Education offices, Hospitals, in order to fulfill their needs.

Donation to TEVTA Bahawalpur

In order to facilitate Vocational Training Program for Juvenile Imprisoned Trainees, Company donated Water Dispenser and Safety Items to Government Technical Education & Vocational Training Authority (TEVTA), Central Jail, Bahawalpur, Punjab, on 31st January, 2019.

Environment

Plantation at PCSIR & PSTC

Plantation activity carried out at Pakistan Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (PCSIR) and Pak Swiss Training Centre (PSTC) on 7th December, 2018, for enhancing the beautification and make the environment cleaner and healthier. The project consisted of planting 300 saplings including Mango, Sapodilla (chikoo) and Neem at several locations.

Health, Safety & Environment (HSE) Awareness Session

Safety Instructions Booklet Donation to NH & MP

Pak Suzuki donated three thousand Safety Instructions Booklets to National Highway & Motorway Police (NH & MP) on 26th February, 2018, which will be distributed among the drivers using National Highways & Motorways.

Health, Safety & Environment Awareness Session

Health, Safety & Environment Awareness Session conducted on 13th July, 2018 for company employees'



children, brothers & sisters. In awareness session, importance of safety & security, environmental issues and tips to stay healthy were highlighted. Total 37 participants attended the awareness session.

Safe Driving Techniques Awareness Session

Driving Awareness Session about "Safe Driving Techniques" conducted in company for Car Carriers' owners, managers, supervisors and drivers on Friday 26th October, 2018. During the session, participants were educated about Safe Driving Techniques, Highway Driving Rules and Tips for Maintenance of Vehicles. Awareness session also comprised of pictorial/video demonstration about traffic signs, techniques, accidents and safety precautions.

Placement of Traffic Safety Sign Boards in Multan & Jinnah Gate, Pakistan Steel, Karachi

Pak Suzuki installed 86 different Traffic Safety Sign 11th Jun Boards at different locations. Multan project was completed in March, 2018 and Karachi project was

completed in July 2018. The purpose of this initiative is to create safety awareness among the drivers, passengers and pedestrians to follow traffic rules and regulations.

Community Health

Medical Equipment Donation to Burns Centre

Pak Suzuki donated an Electric Boiler, Ultrasound Machine, Tourniquet and Surgical Instruments Sets to Burns Centre, Civil Hospital on 10th May, 2018, to facilitate surgical and medical procedures provided by Burns Centre. Burns Centre has been playing a vital role in providing health care services, medical treatments, surgical procedures, etc. Burn Centre caters burnt patients, suffering from burn injuries and operate them at free of cost.

Ventilator Donation

Pak Suzuki donated a ventilator to Indus Hospital on 11th June, 2018 to accommodate the need of Indus Hospital.



Blood Donation Camp

Blood Donation Camp organized in the company on 3rd & 6th August, 2018 in collaboration with Indus Hospital. The Indus Hospital Blood Centre is the first centralized regional blood center of Pakistan with a vision to provide safest possible blood and biproducts by meeting international standards, to all segments of the society without discrimination. Total 325 donors donated their blood voluntarily.

Management Sy Pak Suzuki Motor C to continually promo and Environment (C periodically reviews needed takes counsystem performance.

Suzuki APV Ambulance Donation to GDA Hospital Gwadar

Pak Suzuki donated a Suzuki APV ambulance to GDA Hospital Gwadar on 30th August, 2018, for transporting patients to Karachi for advance medical treatment.

GDA Hospital Gwadar provides services through qualified, trained and experienced doctors, nurses, technicians and administrative staff. The hospital is equipped with all necessary facilities and providing medical treatments free of cost to local community.

Quality, Environment, Health & Safety Management Systems

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited is committed to continually promote a "Quality, Health & Safety and Environment (QHSE)" culture. The Company periodically reviews its QHSE framework and if needed takes countermeasures to improve the system performance.

Quality Management System (QMS)

Pak Suzuki acquired Re-Certification on latest version of ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System in June 2018 by the Lloyd's Register Quality Assurance (LRQA) and as per external Auditor, PSMC system is quite strong, well updated and found no such nonconformity in any area during the audit.

Environmental Management System (EMS)

Pak Suzuki is committed to improve Environment. Company was also recertified on latest version of ISO 14001:2015 which is in place and it is a key factor in operations of the company. It helps organization



to improve its environmental performance through more efficient use of resources and reduction of waste. Pak Suzuki continuously monitors the waste generated from its activities and wherever required has Environmental Control Equipment and facilities in place like waste water treatment plant.

Occupational Health and Safety Management System (OHSAS)

Pak Suzuki is committed to provide a system that helps in eliminating unsafe & unhealthy work conditions. Hazard identifications and risk assessment are being performed, reviewed and all necessary preventive measures are taken to minimize the accidents.

By Order of the Board

MASAFUMI HARANO

0/2-

Chief Executive

Karachi March 25, 2019 KINJI SAITO Chairman

Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

For the year ended December 31, 2018

The Company has complied with the requirements of 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly the Regulations in the following manner: exercised and decisions on relevant matters

- 1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:
- a. Male 6
- b. Female 1
- 2. At the year ended December 31, 2018, the composition of the Board of Directors (the Board) is as follows:

a) Independent Directors

- 1. Mr. Moin M. Fudda Director
- 2. Mrs. Rukhsana Shah Director

b) Executive Directors

- 3. Mr. Masafumi Harano Chief Executive
- 4. Mr. Tetsuya Fujioka Director

c) Non-Executive Directors

- 5. Mr. Kinji Saito Chairman
- 6. Mr. Shigeo Takezawa Director
- 7. Mr. Kazuyuki Yamashita Director

The independent director meets the criteria of independence under the Companies Act, 2017.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.

- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and these Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of the meeting of the Board.
- The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- As at December 31, 2018, five directors namely; Mr. Shigeo Takezawa, Mr. Kazuyuki Yamashita, Mrs. Rukhsana Shah, Mr. Tetsuya Fujioka and Mr. Masafumi Harano have acquired the prescribed certification under the Directors' Training Program (DTP), one director Mr. Moin M. Fudda has the exemption from the requirement of the director's training programe (DTP).
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of the Chief Financial Officer (CFO), Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and Chief Executive Officer (CEO) have duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed Committees comprising of members given below:

a) Audit Committee

Mr. Moin M Fudda Chairman Mr. Kinji Saito Member Mr. Shigeo Takezawa Member

b) HR & Remuneration Committee

Ms. Rukhsana Shah Chairman Mr. Kinji Saito Member Mr. Masafumi Harano Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committees during the year was as per the following:
 - Board Audit Committee: Four quarterly meetings during the financial year ended December 31, 2018
 - Board HR & Remuneration Committee: Three meetings during the financial year ended December 31, 2018.
- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function who is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and registered with the Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.

- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

KINJI SAITO

Chairman

March 25, 2019

MASAFUMI HARANO
Chief Executive

0/2

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 36th Annual General 3- A member entitled to attend and vote at this Meeting of the shareholders of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited will be held at Ramada Plaza Hotel, near Airport, Karachi on Tuesday, April 23, 2019 at 10:00 a.m. to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business

- 1- To confirm minutes of Annual General Meeting held on April 25, 2018.
- 2- To confirm minutes of Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on January 29, 2019.
- accounts of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2018, together with Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
- 4- To approve payment of cash dividend @ 31.6% i.e. Rs. 3.16 per share of Rs. 10/- each.
- 5- To appoint auditors for the year ending December 31, 2019 and fix their remuneration. Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment.
- To consider any other business with the permission of the Chair.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

ABDUL NASIR COMPANY SECRETARY

Karachi: March 28, 2019

Notes:

- 1- The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from April 17, 2019 to April 23, 2019 (both days inclusive) and no transfer will be accepted for registration during this period. Transfers received in order till close of business on April 16, 2019 will be accepted for transfer.
- Only those persons whose names appear in the Register of Members of the Company as at April 17, 2019 will be entitled to attend / participate in / vote at the Annual General Meeting and be entitled to receive above stated cash dividends.

- meeting may appoint another member as his her proxy to attend the meeting and vote for him her. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting.
- 4- Members are requested to notify change in their address, if any, to the Company's share registrar Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd., CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- 3- To receive, consider and adopt the audited 5- CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in the Circular 1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

For Attending the Meeting

- i. In case of individuals, the account holder or sub account holder and/ or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration detail are uploaded as per the regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- ii. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney in favor of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Meeting.
- 6- SECP vide its SRO 779(1)/2011 dated August 18, 2011 has made it mandatory for the companies to provide CNIC numbers of the shareholders on dividend warrants. Therefore, members who have not yet submitted photocopies of their valid CNICs to the Company are again requested to immediately submit the same directly to Company's share registrar Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd., CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Dividend Warrants of the shareholders who will not submit the copies of their CNICs will be withheld by the or Company.

7- The Government of Pakistan, through Finance Act make sure that their names are added in ATL before 2018, has made certain amendments in Section the start of book closure. 150 of The Income Tax Ordinance 2001 whereby different rates are prescribed for deduction. Further, according to clarification received from shareholders. These tax rates are as under

- a. For filers of income tax returns
- b. For non-filers of income tax returns 20%

amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of @ 20%, website of FBR despite of being filers are advised to in writing as follows:

of withholding tax on amount of dividend paid to Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), with-holding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts. In this regard all shareholders To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder all the shareholders whose names are not included and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them in the Active Taxpayers' List (ATL) available on the (only if not already provided) to our Shares Registrar,

			Principal	Shareholder	Joint Shareholder		
Name	Folio/CDS Account Number	Total Shares	Name & CNIC Number	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	Name & CNIC Number	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	

The required information must reach our Shares 9-Registrar within 10 days of this notice, otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal shareholder and Joint Holder(s).

8- Under the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed Company to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly into bank account designated by the entitled shareholders. In order to receive dividends directly into their bank account, shareholders, who own physical shares, are requested to fill in Electronic Credit Mandate Form available on Company's website and send duly signed form along with a copy of CNIC to the Registrar of the Company. In case shares are held in CDC then Electronic Credit Mandate Form must be submitted directly to shareholder's broker/participant/CDC account 10- Annual Report of the company for the year ended services.

- Members can also avail video conference facility. In this regard, please fill the following and submit to registered address of the Company 10 days before holding of the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting. If the Company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location other than Karachi, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to date of the meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in the city subject to availability of such facility in that city. "I/We, _____ of ____ being a member of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited, holder of _____ ordinary share(s) as per Registered Folio No. _____ hereby opt for video conference facility at .".
- December 31, 2018 have been placed on the website of the company. https://www.paksuzuki.com.pk.





KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2, Beaumont Road
Karachi, 75530 Pakistan
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To the members of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited Review Report on Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 ("the Regulations") prepared by the Board of Directors of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Karachi Chartered Accountants

Date: March 25, 2019



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

Chartered Accountants
Sheikh Sultan Trust Building No. 2, Beaumont Road
Karachi, 75530 Pakistan
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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the members of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, w'ere necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of the profit and other comprehensive loss, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



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Following are the key audit matters:

S No.	Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
1.	Refer notes 5.14 and 26 to the Company's financial statements. Revenue is recognized from sale of goods in accordance with applicable accounting standards and measured net of discounts and commission. We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter because Company focuses on revenue as a key performance measure which could create an incentive for revenue to be recognized before the risks and rewards have been transferred, resulting in a significant risk associated with revenue from an audit perspective. Further, discounts and commission offered to customers are accrued based on sales and and there could be a risk of incorrect measurement of revenue due to such adjustments.	 Our audit procedures to assess the recognition of revenue, amongst others, including the following; obtaining an understanding of the Company's sale of goods process and related controls, including assessing the design and testing the implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant key controls over revenue recognition, calculation of discounts and sales commission including timing of revenue recognition; considering the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policies for revenue recognition including those relating to discounts and commission and assessing compliance of those policies with applicable accounting standards; obtaining and inspecting a sample of contracts with customers to understand the conditions required for commission; testing, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the amounts of commission recognized by agreeing to individual customer agreements and perform recalculations; testing, on a sample basis, invoices and inspecting credit notes issued subsequent to year end for completeness and accuracy of revenue and commission to the customers; and comparing, on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting date with underlying documentation to assess whether revenue has been recognized in the appropriate accounting period.



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S No.	Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
S No. 2.	Valuation of Trade debtors and Instalment sales receivable Refer notes 5.7, 11 and 15 to the Company's financial statements. The Company has material amounts of trade debts and instalment sale receivables that are past due but not impaired. We identified the recoverability of trade debtors and instalment sales receivables as a key audit matter because estimating the recoverable amount of trade debts and instalment sale receivables involves inherent uncertainty and significant management judgment.	
		bad debts recorded by examining the utilization or

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S No.	Key audit matters	How the matters were addressed in our audit
3.	Refer notes 5.5 and 14 to the Company's financial statements. Stock-in-trade forms a significant part of the Company's total assets. Inventories comprise of raw material, work in process, finished goods and trading stocks which are stated at lower of cost and estimated net realizable value. We identified the valuation of stock-in-trade as a key audit matter because determining an appropriate write-down as a result of net realizable value (NRV) being lower than their cost and provisions for slow moving and obsolete inventories involves significant management judgment and estimation.	management's controls designed to identify slow moving and / or obsolete inventories; • obtaining an understanding of and testing, on a sample basis, management's determination of NRV and the key estimates adopted, including future selling prices, future costs to complete work-in-process and costs necessary to make the sale, their basis of calculation, justification for the amount of the write-downs and provisions; and
4.	Capitalization of Property, Plant and Equipment Refer notes 5.1, and 6 to the Company's financial statements. The Company has incurred significant amount of capital expenditure during the year. We identified capitalization of property, plant and equipment as a key audit matter because there is a risk that amounts being capitalized may not meet the capitalization criteria with related implications on depreciation charge for the year.	 of property, plant and equipment, amongst others, included the following: obtaining an understanding of the design and implementation of management controls over capitalization and performing tests of control over authorization of capital expenditure and accuracy of its recording in the system; testing, on sample basis, the costs incurred on projects with supporting documentation and contracts; assessing the nature of costs incurred for the capital projects through testing, on sample basis, of amounts recorded and considering whether the



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Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
 manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should



KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.

not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Moneeza Usman Butt.

Date: March 25, 2019

Karachi

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.
Chartered Accountants

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Financial

Statement

2018

Automobile Sales Volume

140,313

Units

Automobile Sales Revenue

119,854

Rs. in Million

Capital Expenditure

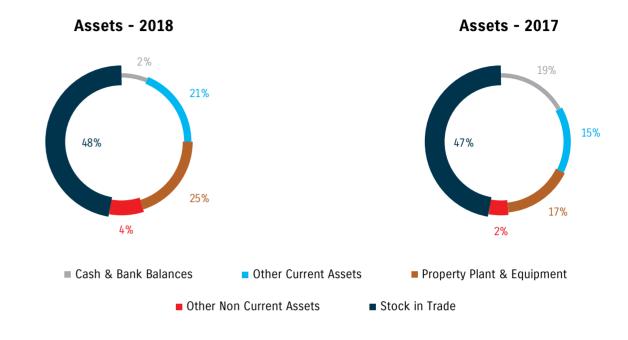
8,459

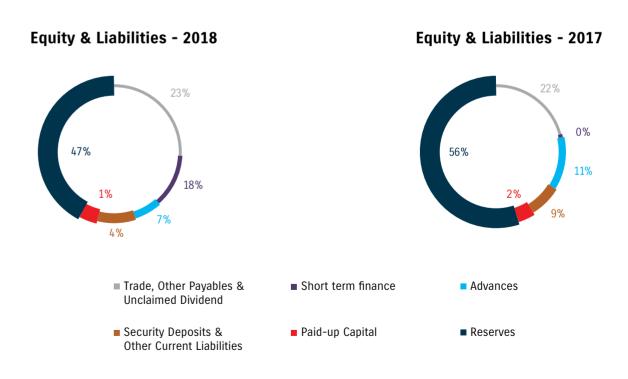
Rs. in Million

Net Profit

1,298

Rs. in Million





Statement of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupe	es in '000)
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	6	15,654,827	8,800,002
Intangible assets	7	113,297	185,333
Long-term investments	8	329,274	208,086
Long-term loans	9	4,203	2,361
Long-term deposits, prepayments and other receivables	10	456,208	327,319
Long-term installment sales receivables	11	118,318	144,779
Deferred taxation	12	1,151,888	236,500
		17,828,015	9,904,380
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools	13	146,878	114,789
Stock-in-trade	14	29,397,056	23,946,058
Trade debts	15	237,538	211,358
Loans and advances	16	40,627	37,481
Trade deposits and short term prepayments	17	1,357,271	965,722
Current portion of long-term installment sales receivables	11	549,627	320,996
Other receivables	18	268,622	176,474
Taxation - net		5,798,056	4,899,972
Sales tax and excise duty adjustable		4,369,996	1,143,685
Cash and bank balances	19	1,516,163	9,189,552
		43,681,834	41,006,087
Total Assets		61,509,849	50,910,467

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupee	es in '000)
Equity and Liabilities			
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
150,000,000 (2017: 150,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each		1,500,000	1,500,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	20	822,999	822,999
Capital reserves		844,596	844,596
Revenue reserves		27,565,270	27,882,121
		29,232,865	29,549,716
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	21	14,409,566	11,377,815
Short-term finance	22	11,310,497	-
Advance from customers		2,276,078	5,331,948
Security deposits	23	4,222,249	4,600,552
Provision for custom duties and sales tax	24	36,299	36,299
Unclaimed dividend		22,295	14,137
		32,276,984	21,360,751
Contingencies and commitments	25		
Total Equity And Liabilities		61,509,849	50,910,467

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

nirman Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended December 31, 2018

		2018	2017		
	Note	(Rupee	es in '000)		
Sales	26	119,853,898	101,811,611		
Cost of sales	27	(112,809,033)	(92,159,038)		
Gross profit		7,044,865	9,652,573		
Distribution and selling costs	28	(2,706,853)	(2,804,256)		
Administrative expenses	29	(2,301,080)	(1,599,815)		
Other expenses	30	(154,204)	(413,997)		
Other income	31	565,943	864,711		
Finance costs	32	(362,523)	(68,088)		
		(4,958,717)	(4,021,445)		
		2,086,148	5,631,128		
Share of loss of equity accounted investee		(3,212)	(11,914)		
Profit before taxation		2,082,936	5,619,214		
Taxation	33	(784,828)	(1,793,393)		
Profit after taxation		1,298,108	3,825,821		
		(Ru	pees)		
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	34	15.77	46.49		

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended December 31, 2018

	2018	2017
	(Rupee	es in '000)
Profit after taxation	1,298,108	3,825,821
Other comprehensive loss		
Items that may not to be reclassified		
subsequently to profit and loss account		
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plan - net of tax	(84,182)	(40,363)
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,213,926	3,785,458

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

/ Chairman Chief Financial Officer

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended December 31, 2018

	Share Reserves								
	capital	С	apital reserves			Revenue	reserves		
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Share premium	Reserve on merger	Total capital reserve	General	Un - appropriated profit	Re - measurement loss on defined benefit plan	Total revenue reserve	Total
					(Rupees in	(000)			
Balance as at 1 January 2017	822,999	584,002	260,594	844,596	21,824,818	2,774,614	(50,120)	24,549,312	26,216,907
Transaction with owners in the capacity as owners directly recorded in equity - distribution									
Final dividend on ordinary shares @ 55%									
for the year ended 31 December 2016	-	-	-	-	-	(452,649)	-	(452,649)	(452,649)
Transfer to general reserve	-	-	-	-	2,320,000	(2,320,000)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2017									
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	3,825,821	-	3,825,821	3,825,821
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,363)	(40,363)	(40,363)
		-		-		3,825,821	(40,363)	3,785,458	3,785,458
Balance as at 31 December 2017	822,999	584,002	260,594	844,596	24,144,818	3,827,786	(90,483)	27,882,121	29,549,716
Transaction with owners in the capacity as owners directly recorded in equity - distribution Final dividend on ordinary shares @ 186% for the year ended 31 December 2017	-	_	_	-	_	(1,530,777)	-	(1,530,777)	(1,530,777)
Transfer to general reserve	_	-	-	-	2,295,000	(2,295,000)	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2018									
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss		-		-		1,298,108	(84,182)	(84,182)	(84,182)
		-	-	-		1,298,108	(84,182)	(84,182)	(84,182)
Balance as at 31 December 2018	822,999	584,002	260,594	844,596	26,439,818	1,300,117	(174,665)	26,267,162	27,934,757

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chairman Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupee	es in '000)
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			
Cash (used in) / generated from operations	35	(6,399,681)	9,188,578
Finance cost paid	33	(231,499)	(68,088)
Income tax paid		(2,598,304)	(4,801,818)
Long-term loans		(1,842)	(1,201)
Long-term deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(128,889)	(69,216)
Long-term installment sales receivables		26,461	(48,746)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		(9,333,754)	4,199,509
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(8,458,516)	(3,519,215)
Purchase of intangible assets		(16,845)	(195,904)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		75,184	42,727
Profit received on bank accounts		397,064	787,242
Investment in associated companies		(124,400)	(220,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(8,127,513)	(3,105,150)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Dividend paid		(1,522,619)	(453,100)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(18,983,886)	641,259
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		9,189,552	8,548,293
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year		(9,794,334)	9,189,552
Cook and each equivalents comprise of			
Cash and cash equivalents comprise of			
Cash and bank balances	19	1,516,163	9,189,552
Short-term finance	22	(11,310,497)	
		(9,794,334)	9,189,552

The annexed notes from 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

/ Chairman

Chief Financial Officer

For the year ended December 31, 2018

1. Corporate Information, Operations and Legal Status

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company in August 1983 and started commercial production in January 1984. The Company was formed in accordance with the terms of a joint venture agreement concluded between Pakistan Automobile Corporation Limited ("PACO") and Suzuki Motor Corporation, Japan (the Holding Company). The Company is engaged in the assembling. progressive manufacturing and marketing of Suzuki cars, pickups, vans, 4x4s and motorcycles and related spare parts. The Company is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at DSU -13, Pakistan Steel Industrial Estate, Bin Qasim, Karachi.

The manufacturing facilities, warehouses, area offices and sales offices of the Company are situated at the following locations:

Factory:

- DSU - 13, Pakistan Steel Industrial Estate, Bin Oasim, Karachi,

Warehouses:

- DSU 13A, Pakistan Steel Industrial Estate, Bin Oasim, Karachi,
- Tradda Manga Mandi, Raiwind Multan Road, Lahore.

Booking offices:

- 7-A, Aziz Avenue, Canal Bank Road, Gulberg V. Lahore.
- 3rd Floor, 112-B Mallahi Plaza, Murree Road. Rawalpindi Cantt.
- 402. 4th Floor United Mall. Abdali Road Multan.
- Shop No. G27.28 Ocean Mall. Khavaban-e-Igbal, Block 9 Clifton, Karachi.
- Shop No. LG-02, Mall Dean's Trade Center, Peshawar Cantt.

- Shop No. 6, Ground and 1st Floor, 170 Arcade block, Fortress stadium, Lahore Cantt.

Sales offices (Motorcycle Division):

- BJ Suzuki 7. Nizam Chamber, Ground Floor Shahrah-e-Fatima Jinnah, Queens Road, Lahore.
- SG Suzuki 8-A, 118 opp Mian Park University of Engineering & Tech Gate # 6, G.T Road, Lahore.
- GT Suzuki Gujranwala Near Peoples Colony Chowk Nigar cinema GT Road, Gujranwala.
- FSD Suzuki Faisalabad 16-Jinnah Colony Nar Wala Road, Faisalabad.
- UR Suzuki Shop # A-45 & A-46, Ground Floor, National Complex - Block 10/A, KDA Scheme # 33, Opp Aladdin Park, Main Rashid Minhas Road, Karachi,
- TS Suzuki Plot # 862, Block-D, Near Akber Chowk, Faisal Town, Lahore.
- WR Suzuki 39-E, Main Walton Road, Lahore.
- SR Suzuki Sialkot Mohallah Bijli Ghar Near Anmol Shadi Hall, Shahabpura road, Sialkot.
- Multan Suzuki 494-A, Al-Tamash Road, Dera Adda Chowk, Multan.
- AR Suzuki Dua Arcade, Survey # 391, Sheet A.M., Frere Road, Artillery Maidan Quarters, Karachi.

Tecno Auto Glass Limited

Tecno Auto Glass Limited ("TAG") is a Company incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 on 16 March 2017. The registered office of the Company is situated at 255 A, Block 6, P.E.C.H.S, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. TAG's main area of operations will be manufacturing, development and designing of Auto Glass products to cater local as well as international markets.

TAG is a subsidiary of Tecno Pack Telecom (Private) Limited, which owns 60% of the shares of TAG, while remaining 40% of the shares were acquired by Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited

as more explained in note 8.1 to these financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Events and Transactions In the Current **Reporting Period**

The Company's financial position and performance was particularly affected by 3.2 Basis of preparation the following events and transactions during the reporting period:

- a) During the year the Company has incurred expenditure amounting to Rs. 642.89 million on its stock yard located in Manga Mandi, 3.3 Functional and presentation currency Lahore which were capitalized as operating fixed assets during the year.
- b) Due to the first time application of financial reporting requirements under the Companies Act, 2017, including disclosure and presentation requirements of the fourth schedule of the Companies Act, 2017, some of the amounts reported for the previous period have been reclassified (refer note 42 to financial statements).
- c) For detailed discussion about the Company's performance please refer to the Directors' report accompanied in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

3. Summary Of Significant Accounting **Policies**

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards or IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as otherwise disclosed.

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees which is Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in Pakistan Rupees has been rounded to the nearest thousand of rupees, unless stated otherwise.

3.4 Significant accounting estimates and iudgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Judgements made by the management in the

For the year ended December 31, 2018

application of approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are described in the following:

- Determining the useful lives and residual value of items of property, plant and equipment (note 5.1 and 6).
- Investment in associate (note 5.3 and 8).
- Provision for slow moving and obsolete store and spares (note 5.4 & 13).
- Provision for slow moving and obsolete stock-in-trade (note 5.5 & 14).
- Provision for doubtful trade debts (note 5.7 and 15).
- Provision for retirement benefits (note 5.11 and 21.4).
- Provision for custom duties and sales tax (note 5.12 and 24).
- Provision for taxation (note 5.12, 12 and 33).
- Provision for warranty obligations (note 5.15 and 21.2).
- Contingencies and commitments (note 25).

4. Accounting Standards, Interpretations and Amendments to Published Approved Accounting Standards

4.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective and relevant:

- Disclosure initiative amendments to 'IAS 7,
 'Statement of Cash Flows' became effective
 during the year requiring entities to explain
 changes in their liabilities for which cash
 flows have been or will be classified as
 financing activities in the Statement of Cash
 Flows. The amendment resulted in an
 additional disclosure which has been
 included in these financial statements.
- The Companies Act, 2017 ('the Act') has also brought certain changes with regards to preparation and presentation of annual

financial statements of the Company. These changes include change in nomenclature of primary financial statements and disclosure requirements in the fourth Schedule to the Act have been revised resulting in the elimination of duplicative disclosures to align with the IFRSs and incorporation of significant additional disclosures, which have been included in these financial statements.

4.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2019:

- IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019) clarifies the accounting for income tax when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under IAS 12. The interpretation requires the uncertainty over tax treatment be reflected in the measurement of current and deferred tax. The application of interpretation is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2018). IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 'Revenue', IAS 11 'Construction Contracts' and IFRIC 13 'Customer Loyalty Programmes'. The Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of changes required in revenue recognition policies on adoption of the standard.
- IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and amendment Prepayment Features with

Negative Compensation (effective for reporting period / year ending on or after 30 June 2019 and for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019 respectively). IFRS 9 replaces the existing guidance in IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 includes revised guidance on the classification and measurement of financial instruments, a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment on financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. It also carries forward the guidance on recognition and derecognition of financial instruments from IAS 39. The management has completed an initial assessment of changes required in classification and measurement of financial instruments on adoption of the standard and has also carried out an initial exercise to calculate impairment required under expected credit loss model. Based on initial assessment the management considered that there is no significant change in the recognition criteria or carrying value of the financial assets or liabilities except for classification of financial assets from loan and receivables as per IAS 39 to amortized cost as per IFRS 9 and impact of expected loss model on adoption of the standard and no additional significant impairment is expected.

IFRS 16 'Leases' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019). IFRS 16 replaces existing leasing guidance, including IAS 17 'Leases', IFRIC 4 'Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease', SIC-15 'Operating Leases - Incentives' and SIC-27 'Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease'. IFRS 16 introduces a single, onbalance sheet lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. There are recognition exemptions

- for short-term leases and leases of low-value items. Lessor accounting remains similar to the current standard i.e. lessors continue to classify leases as finance or operating leases. The Company is currently in the process of analyzing the potential impact of its lease arrangements that will result in recognition of right to use assets and liabilities on adoption of the standard.
- Amendments to IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' and IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020). The amendments are intended to make the definition of material in IAS 1 easier to understand and are not intended to alter the underlying concept of materiality in IFRS Standards. In addition, the IASB has also issued guidance on how to make materiality judgements when preparing their general purpose financial statements in accordance with IFRS Standards.
- Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures' - Long Term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (effective for annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019). The amendment will affect companies that finance such entities with preference shares or with loans for which repayment is not expected in the foreseeable future (referred to as long-term interests or 'LTI'). The amendment and accompanying example state that LTI are in the scope of both IFRS 9 and IAS 28 and explain the annual sequence in which both standards are to be applied. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle - the improvements address amendments to following approved accounting standards:

- IAS 12 Income Taxes - the amendment clarifies that all income tax consequences

For the year ended December 31, 2018

of dividends (including payments on financial instruments classified as equity) are recognized consistently with the transaction that generates the distributable profits.

- IFRS 3 Business Combinations and IFRS 11 Joint Arrangement - the amendment aims to clarify the accounting treatment when a company increases its interest in a joint operation that meets the definition of a business. A company remeasures its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains control of the business. A company does not remeasure its previously held interest in a joint operation when it obtains joint control of the business.
- IAS 23 Borrowing Costs the amendment clarifies that a company treats as part of general borrowings any borrowing originally made to develop an asset when the asset is ready for its intended use or

The above amendments are effective from annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2019 and are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

5. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies set out below are consistently applied for all periods presented in these financial statements.

5.1 Property, plant and equipment

Operating assets and depreciation

Operating fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment (if any) except for freehold land which is stated at cost.

Depreciation on plant and machinery, welding guns, waste water treatment plant, permanent and special tools, dies, jigs and fixtures and electric installations is charged using the straight line method, whereas depreciation on other assets is charged applying the reducing balance method. The cost of the leasehold land and leasehold improvements is written off over its lease term. Depreciation on additions is charged for the full month in which an asset is put to use and on deletions up to the month immediately preceding the deletion.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Gain or loss on sale or retirement of fixed assets is included in income currently.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year

The carrying value of the property, plant and equipment is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less impairment (if any) and represents expenditures incurred and advances made in respect of specific assets during the construction / erection period. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

5.2 Intangible assets

These represent costs which are capitalized when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to them will flow to the Company. These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and any identified impairment

Amortization is charged to income on the straight line method. Amortization on additions

is charged from the month in which an asset comes into operation while no amortization is charged for the month in which the asset is written off.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and amortization methods are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year

The carrying value of the intangible assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated. An impairment loss is recognized in profit and loss account whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed if 5.4 Stores, spares and loose tools the reversal can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized.

5.3 Investment in associate

Associates are those entities in which the Company has significant influence, but not 5.5 Stock-in-trade control or joint- control, over the financial and operating policies. Interests in associate is accounted for using the equity method.

These are initially recognized at cost, which include transaction cost, if any. The financial statements include the Company's share of profit or loss and movements in other comprehensive income of the equity accounted associate, after adjustments, if any, from the date that significant influence commences until the date it ceases. Share of post acquisition profit and loss of associate is recognized in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income is recognized in the other comprehensive income. Distributions received from associate reduce the carrying amount of investment. When the Company's share of losses exceeds its interest in an equity accounted investee, the carrying amount of that investment (including any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Company's net investment in the associate) is reduced to nil and the recognition of further losses is discontinued.

The carrying amount of investments in associate is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the investments is estimated which is higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount and is charged to profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in estimates used to determine the recoverable amount but limited to the extent of carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had been recognized. A reversal of impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss.

Stores, spares and loose tools are valued at lower of net realizable value and cost, calculated on a weighted average basis. Provision is made annually in the financial statements for slow moving and obsolete items.

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is calculated on a weighted average or specific consignment basis, depending upon their categories. Stockin-transit are stated at invoice value plus other charges accrued thereon to the balance sheet date. Vehicles on wheels are taken as work-inprocess until they are approved by the quality control department. After such approval the vehicles are classified as finished goods. The engines assembled are included in raw material. The cost of engines assembled, work-inprocess and finished goods consists of landed cost of imported materials, average local material cost, factory overhead and direct labor. Provision is made annually in the financial statements for slow moving and obsolete items.

Net realizable value is determined by considering the prevailing selling prices of products in the ordinary course of business less estimated cost of completion and cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale. The net realizable

For the year ended December 31, 2018

values are determined on the basis of each line 5.9 Financial instruments of product.

5.6 Non-current assets classified as held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. These assets are available for sale in their present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets and their sale is highly probable.

The Company measures its non-current assets classified as held for sale at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell signify the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

5.7 Trade debts and installment sales receivables

Trade debts are recognized initially at fair value (original value of invoice amount less any part payment) and subsequently measured at amortized cost or cost, as the case may be, less provision for doubtful debts. Installment sales receivables are recognized at original invoice amount and are subsequently reduced by the principle portion of installments received. When the recovery of the amount is considered uncertain by the management, a provision is made for the same. Bad debts are written off when they are identified.

5.8 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not invoiced to the Company and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

5.9.1 Financial assets

Classification

The management determines the appropriate classification of its financial assets in accordance with the requirements of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" at the time of purchase of financial assets and re-evaluates this classification on a regular basis. The financial assets of the Company are categorized as follows:

a) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuations in prices are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category.

b) Loans and receivables

These are non-derivatives financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Company's loans and receivables comprise of trade debts, loans and advances, deposits, bank balances and other receivables in the balance sheet.

c) Held to maturity

These are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity with the Company having positive intent and ability to hold to maturity.

d) Available for sale

Financial assets intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in equity prices, are classified as 'available for sale'. Available for sale financial instruments are those nonderivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as (a) loans and receivables, (b) held to maturity, or (c) financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized at the time the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets transaction costs except for financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss. In case of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss, relevant transaction costs are taken directly to the profit and loss account.

Subsequent measurement.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets are valued as follows:

a) Financial asset at 'fair value through profit or loss' and 'available for sale'

Financial assets at 'fair value through profit or loss' are carried on the balance sheet at fair value. Net gains and losses arising on changes in fair values of these financial assets are taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.

'Available for sale' financial assets are carried on the balance sheet at fair value. Net gains and losses arising on changes in fair values of these financial assets are taken to other comprehensive income.

Fair value is determined by reference to quoted market price. Investments for which a quoted market price is not available or the fair value cannot be reasonably calculated, are measured at cost, subject to review for impairment at each balance sheet date.

b) 'Loans and receivables' and 'held to 5.10 Provisions maturity'

'Loans and receivables' and 'held to maturity' financial assets are carried at amortized cost.

5.9.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to

the contractual provisions of the instrument. These are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost.

are initially recognized at fair value plus 5.9.3 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

5.9.4 Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognized at the time when the Company loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. Financial liabilities are derecognized at the time when they are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

5.9.5 Impairment

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. Impairment loss on all financial assets is recognized in the profit and loss account. In arriving at the provision in respect of any diminution in longterm financial assets, consideration is given only if there is a permanent impairment in the value of the financial assets.

Provisions are recognized in the balance sheet where the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet

For the year ended December 31, 2018

date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

5.11 Employees benefit schemes

Gratuity scheme

The Company operates a funded Gratuity Scheme (the Plan) for eligible employees of the Company. The Company's obligation under the scheme is determined through actuarial valuation carried out at each year end under the Projected Unit Credit Method. Remeasurements which comprise actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income. The Company determines the net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then defined benefit liability, taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Interest cost and current service cost are recognized in profit and loss account. The latest actuarial valuation was conducted at the balance sheet date by a qualified professional firm of actuaries.

Provident fund

The Company operates an approved defined contributory provident fund scheme for all permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made by the Company and the employees to the fund at the rate of 10 percent of basic salary.

Compensated absences

The Company accounts for employees' compensated absences on the basis of unavailed earned leave balance of each employee as at the end of the year and the last drawn salary.

5.12 Taxation

Current tax

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior years which arise from assessments framed / finalized during the year.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part for the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or subsequently enacted at the balance sheet date.

Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of sales tax except, where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of assets or as part of the expense item as applicable.

5.13 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into reporting currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into reporting currency equivalents using year end spot foreign exchange rates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate that existed when the values were determined. Exchange differences on foreign currency translations are taken to profit and loss account currently.

5.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when goods are sold and services are rendered. Goods are treated as sold when they are delivered and invoiced. Warranty and insurance claims are recognized when the claims in respect thereof are lodged with the respective parties.

Profit on bank accounts is accounted for on accrual basis using effective interest rate method.

Mark-up on installment sales receivables is recognized on the basis of effective interest rate.

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's right to receive such dividend is established.

Commission income is recognized as and when such service is provided.

Miscellaneous income is recognized on receipt basis.

5.15 Warranty obligations

The Company accounts for its warranty obligations on accrual basis.

5.16 Cash and cash equivalents

These are carried at cost and include cash / cheques in hand and balance with banks.

5.17 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend declared and appropriations to reserves made subsequent to balance sheet are considered non-adjusting events and are recognized in the financial statements in the period in which they are approved.

5.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed out in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other cost that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

5.19 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting structure. Management monitors the operating results of the business separately for the purpose of making decisions regarding resource allocation and performance assessment. All operating segments' operating results are reviewed regularly by the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Board of Directors to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. The business of the Company has two reportable operating segments i.e. Automobiles segment and Motorcycles segment.

Segment results that are reported for review and performance evaluation include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets and liabilities, certain other operating income and expenses, certain finance costs, tax assets and liabilities and income tax expense.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire tangible fixed assets and intangible assets other than goodwill.

6. Property, Plant and Equipment

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
Operating fixed assets	6.1	7,820,608	7,068,071
Capital work-in-progress	6.5	7,834,219	1,731,931
		15,654,827	8,800,002

For the year ended December 31, 2018

6.1 Operating fixed assets

The following is a statement of operating fixed assets:

						2018					
	Cost as at 01 January	Additions	Deletions / written off	Cost as at 31 December	Accumulated depreciation / impairment losses as at 01 January	Depreciation charge for the year	Depreciation on deletion / written off	Impairment for the year	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses as at 31 December	Book value as at 31 December	Years / rate %
					(Rupee	es in '000)					
Leasehold land	934,620	-	-	934,620	137,158	15,854	-	-	153,012	781,608	60-75
Freehold land	371,514	-	-	371,514	-	-	-	-	-	371,514	Years
Buildings on leasehold land											
- Factory	2,050,937	113,713	-	2,164,650	1,103,331	101,724	-	-	1,205,055	959,595	10-20
- Office	3,253	-	-	3,253	2,563	138	-	-	2,701	552	20
Buildings on Freehold land											
- Factory	-	642,894	-	642,894	-	5,357	-	-	5,357	637,537	10
Test tracks other buildings	63,463	-		63,463	36,509	5,391	-	-	41,900	21,563	20
Plant and machinery	7,856,083	435,705	(38,080)	8,253,708	6,472,060	326,092	(35,814)	-	6,762,338	1,491,370	8 Years
Welding guns	401,467	-	-	401,467	358,552	16,369	-	-	374,921	26,546	4 Years
Waste water treatment plant	120,222	-	-	120,222	120,222	-	-	-	120,222	-	8 Years
Permanent and special tools	575,479	77,184	(24,639)	628,024	435,419	56,653	(24,639)	-	467,433	160,591	4 Years
Dies	3,321,754	402,189	(1,795)	3,722,148	2,700,317	251,765	(1,685)	-	2,950,397	771,751	5 Years
Jigs and fixtures	1,336,623	92,873	(36,367)	1,393,129	775,596	186,690	(36,367)	-	925,919	467,210	5 Years
Vendor tooling (Note 6.1.1)	2,100,257	252,210	-	2,352,467	485,487	432,459	-	9,139	927,085	1,425,382	5 Years
Electrical installations	314,292	55,932	-	370,224	227,030	27,379	-	-	254,409	115,815	8 Years
Furniture and fittings	24,582	49,477	-	74,059	15,318	9,501	-	-	24,819	49,240	20
Vehicles	670,287	171,324	(104,992)	736,619	327,055	84,398	(82,533)	-	328,920	407,699	20
Air conditioners and refrigerators	55,119	14,395	(387)	69,127	20,676	7,916	(291)	-	28,301	40,826	20
Office equipment	96,700	12,135	(5,515)	103,320	60,468	9,019	(4,610)	-	64,877	38,443	20
Computers	197,661	36,194	(8,034)	225,821	148,481	31,818	(7,844)	-	172,455	53,366	50
	20,494,313	2,356,225	(219,809)	22,630,729	13,426,242	1,568,523	(193,783)	9,139	14,810,121	7,820,608	

						2017					
	Cost as at 01 January	Additions	Deletions / written off	Cost as at 31 December	Accumulated depreciation / impairment losses as at 01 January	Depreciation charge for the year	Depreciation on deletion / written off	Impairment for the year	Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses as at 31 December	Book value as at 31 December	Years / rate %
					(Rupee	s in '000)					
Leasehold land	934,620	-	-	934,620	121,304	15,854	-	-	137,158	797,462	60-75 Years
Freehold land	371,514	-	-	371,514	-	-	-	-	-	371,514	
Leasehold improvements	27,938		(27,938)	-	27,938	-	(27,938)	-	-	-	5-9 Years
Buildings on leasehold land											
- Factory	1,542,378	508,559	-	2,050,937	1,016,119	87,212	-	-	1,103,331	947,606	10-20
- Office	3,253	-	-	3,253	2,391	172	-	-	2,563	690	20
Test tracks other buildings	63,463	-	-	63,463	29,771	6,738	-	-	36,509	26,954	20
Plant and machinery	7,224,221	707,810	(75,948)	7,856,083	6,206,612	339,495	(74,047)	-	6,472,060	1,384,023	8 Years
Welding guns	354,219	47,248	-	401,467	327,213	31,339	-	-	358,552	42,915	4 Years
Waste water treatment plant	120,222	-	-	120,222	120,222	-	-	-	120,222	-	8 Years
Permanent and special tools	435,043	145,688	(5,252)	575,479	401,155	39,497	(5,233)	-	435,419	140,060	4 Years
Dies	2,802,114	522,334	(2,694)	3,321,754	2,479,749	223,262	(2,694)	-	2,700,317	621,437	5 Years
Jigs and fixtures	779,259	557,364	-	1,336,623	619,936	155,660	-	-	775,596	561,027	5 Years
Vendor tooling (Note 6.1.1)	626,561	1,474,016	(320)	2,100,257	151,957	333,733	(203)	-	485,487	1,614,770	5 Years
Electrical installations	263,970	50,322	-	314,292	206,879	20,151	-	-	227,030	87,262	8 Years
Furniture and fittings	20,501	4,081	-	24,582	13,175	2,143	-	-	15,318	9,264	20
Vehicles	545,182	194,466	(69,361)	670,287	302,744	67,508	(43,197)	-	327,055	343,232	20
Air conditioners and refrigerators	43,029	13,876	(1,786)	55,119	14,498	7,767	(1,589)	-	20,676	34,443	20
Office equipment	86,529	10,814	(643)	96,700	53,296	7,752	(580)	-	60,468	36,232	20
Computers	151,132	46,797	(268)	197,661	124,223	24,518	(260)	-	148,481	49,180	50

16,395,148 4,283,375 (184,210) 20,494,313 12,219,182 1,362,801

- 13,426,242 7,068,071

(155,741)

For the year ended December 31, 2018

6.1.1 Vendor tooling having book value of Rs. 1,425.38 million (2017: Rs. 1,614.77 million) are in the possession of seventy five (75) {2017: seventy four (74)} vendors dispersed all over Pakistan. Vendor wise breakup is summarized below:

	Cost		Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses		Book value	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
			(Rupees	in '000)		
AB Engineering	25,602	23,943	10,167	5,323	15,435	18,620
Aerotech Industries	2,266	2,266	1,276	827	990	1,439
Al-Aftab Metal	4,333	2,805	1,239	636	3,094	2,169
Alba Engineering	3,823	3,823	1,916	1,193	1,907	2,630
Al-Huda Engineering	6,092	1,679	1,099	616	4,993	1,063
Alsons Auto Parts	46,853	46,853	21,710	12,646	25,143	34,207
A-One Technique	49,134	46,262	26,748	18,064	22,386	28,198
Asif Engineering & Mechanics	2,093	2,093	1,190	773	903	1,320
Asif Rubber Industries	839	839	750	661	89	178
Automate Industries	362	362	353	300	9	62
Automotive Component	2,751	1,577	1,622	1,209	1,129	368
Auvitronics Ltd	63,904	63,904	24,043	11,262	39,861	52,642
Bahawalpur Engineering	46,111	-	2,846	-	43,265	-
Brothers Engineering	4,956	4,956	2,214	1,223	2,742	3,733
Cosmos Engineering	364	364	209	156	155	208
Darson Industries	3,718	3,718	2,037	1,363	1,681	2,355
Dawood	60,496	60,496	19,157	7,058	41,339	53,438
Electro Polymers	32,207	32,207	12,499	6,071	19,708	26,136
Engineering Excellent	11,053	8,673	5,443	3,696	5,610	4,977
Fatima Industries	14,597	14,254	7,724	5,141	6,873	9,113
Feroz Industries	4,204	4,204	1,962	1,121	2,242	3,083
Galaxy Engineering	2,889	2,889	2,514	2,020	375	869
Galaxy Enterprise	1,194	1,194	693	457	501	737
General Tyre	19,025	19,025	8,630	4,825	10,395	14,200
Half Man	15,580	11,573	5,145	2,707	10,435	8,866
Hawks Engineers	17,437	17,437	7,712	3,884	9,725	13,553
Hybrid Tech	291	291	222	186	69	105
Indus Engineers	3,809	3,809	2,185	1,426	1,624	2,383
Javed Steel Manufacturing	2,092	2,092	1,186	767	906	1,325
Jawed Metal	4,405	4,405	2,706	734	1,699	3,671
Khan Engineering Works	24	24	14	9	10	15
Loads Limited	281,318	242,692	91,965	38,330	189,353	204,362
Masood Engineering Work	5,439	5,439	2,204	1,117	3,235	4,322
Mehran Commercial Enterprises	1,703	1,703	903	563	800	1,140
Mehran Engineering Industries	475	475	269	174	206	301
Metaline Industries	87,313	80,590	28,107	11,765	59,206	68,825
MGA Industries	72,688	72,688	44,069	31,967	28,619	40,721

	Cost			Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses		Book value	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	
			(Rupees	in '000)			
Mumtaz Engineers	2,913	2,913	1,937	1,487	976	1,426	
National Automotive Component	23,912	21,642	9,329	4,967	14,583	16,675	
Noor Engineering	10,432	10,432	7,643	5,681	2,789	4,751	
Pak-Orient Engineering	2,956	2,724	1,263	711	1,693	2,013	
PCI Automotive	264,073	263,957	132,415	80,669	131,658	183,288	
Peracha Engineers	2,192	1,340	801	491	1,391	849	
Pioneer Plastic	758	758	329	189	429	569	
Plastech Pak	4,980	4,980	3,471	2,475	1,509	2,505	
Poly Crafts	336	336	199	136	137	200	
Pressed Steel	758	758	468	334	290	424	
Procon Engineers.	373,518	367,825	142,947	69,511	230,571	298,314	
Ravi Autos Sheikhupura	5,449	5,449	1,998	908	3,451	4,541	
Ravi Autos Sundar	7,287	5,471	2,044	885	5,243	4,586	
Razi Sons	333,665	316,229	121,042	59,007	212,623	257,222	
Rubatech	11,536	11,536	5,217	2,914	6,319	8,622	
ST Engineering	110,244	67,340	33,534	11,628	76,710	55,712	
Sadiq Engineering Works	59	59	57	45	2	14	
Sanpak Engineering Industries	35,731	35,731	20,248	13,101	15,483	22,630	
Shah Rubber	19,287	19,116	8,152	4,405	11,135	14,711	
Shaheen Engineers	10,614	10,614	4,927	2,827	5,687	7,787	
Shahid Engineering Works	20,809	19,143	8,327	4,369	12,482	14,774	
Silver Falcon	398	398	241	161	157	237	
Standard Mechanical	593	593	261	142	332	451	
Stanley Industries	5,688	5,688	2,672	1,534	3,016	4,154	
Super Engineers	520	520	404	305	116	215	
Super Tech Autos	1,754	1,754	843	492	911	1,262	
Synthetic Product	12,610	6,068	3,065	1,957	9,545	4,111	
Tariq Engineering	5,205	5,205	2,436	1,395	2,769	3,810	
Techmen	999	999	366	167	633	832	
Techno Fabrik	36,602	17,862	7,435	1,733	29,167	16,129	
Technoline Industries	255	255	144	93	111	162	
Tecno Pack Telecom	16,904	16,904	6,511	3,130	10,393	13,774	
Thal Engineering	75,004	36,149	26,574	11,003	48,430	25,146	
Thermosole Industries	25,829	23,754	11,140	6,486	14,689	17,268	
United Mechanical Industries	12,883	12,883	5,863	3,408	7,020	9,475	
Yusuf Auto Industries	7,967	7,967	5,417	4,494	2,550	3,473	
Zaib Engineering	1,392	1,392	752	473	640	919	
Zia Engineering	4,915	1,909	1,885	1,504	3,030	405	
	2,352,467	2,100,257	927,085	485,487	1,425,382	1,614,770	

For the year ended December 31, 2018

6.2 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
Cost of goods manufactured	27.1	1,404,580	1,239,912
Administrative expenses	29	163,943	122,889
		1,568,523	1,362,801

- **6.3** Impairment loss for the year amounting to Rs. 9,139 million (2017: Nil) has been allocated to cost of goods manufactured.
- **6.4** The details of property, plant and equipment sold / disposed of during the year are as follows:

Description	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Written down value	Sales proceeds	Gain / (loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers	Relationship with the purchaser
Aggregate value of items where WDV is greater than Rs. 500,000		(Ru _l	oees in '00	0)				
Vehicles Vehicles Vehicles	1,589 2,464 1,425	981 1,569 889	608 895 536	636 955 525	28 60 (11)	Negotiations Negotiations Company Policy -	Will Impex Will Impex Mansoor Ali	Dealer Dealer Employee
Vehicles	1,425	889	536	500	(36)	Market Value Company Policy - Market Value	M.Bilal Anwar	Employee
Vehicles	1,425	889	536	490	(46)	Company Policy - Market Value	Asif Rais	Employee
Vehicles	1,425	889	536	500	(36)	Company Policy - Market Value	S.Talha Sultan	Employee
Vehicles	1,321	764	557	500	(57)	Company Policy - Market Value	M.Shaheryar	Employee
Plant and machinery	2,804	1,490	1,314	3,315	2,001	Insurance	EFU General	Insurer
Aggregate value of items where WDV is greater than Rs. 500,000	205,931	185,423	20,508	67,763	47,255	Company policies/ negotiations/ tender	Company employees/ various parties	
2018	219,809	193,783	26,026	75,184	49,158			
2017	184,210	155,741	28,469	42,727	14,258			

6.5 Capital work-in-progress

	2018	2017	
	(Rupees in '000)		
Plant and machinery	7,774,888	1,171,576	
Civil works	59,331	516,583	
Advance for capital expenditure	-	43,772	
	7,834,219	1,731,931	

6.5.1 Movement in capital work-in-progress

Closing balance	7,834,219	1,731,931
Transfer to operating fixed assets	(2,190,321)	(4,160,510)
Additions during the year	8,292,609	3,396,350
Opening balance	1,731,931	2,496,091

6.6 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows:

	l Area q. Ft.)
Leasehold land DSU-32.Port Oasim 658	9,974
	8,627
Leasehold land DSU-38,Port Qasim 612	2,236
Leasehold land DSU-13a,Port Qasim 5,227	7,200
Land Eastern Industrial Zone, Port Qasim 1,742	2,400
Property situated at Plot No.84/1,Korangi Karachi 43	3,560
Land at Multan road, Lahore 1,329	9,669

For the year ended December 31, 2018

7. Intangible Assets

License fees and drawings 3 382,940 - 382,940 239,674 63,673 303,347 79,593		Years	Cost as at 01 January 2018	Additions	Cost as at 31 December 2018	Accumulated amortization at 01 January 2018	Charge for the year	Accumulated amortization as at 31 December 2018	Book value as at 31 December 2018
Softwares 3 88,267 16,845 105,112 46,200 25,208 71,408 33,704 2018 471,207 16,845 488,052 285,874 88,881 374,755 113,297 Vears Cost as at 01 January 2017 Additions at 01 January 2017 Additions at 01 January 2017 Charge for the year Accumulated amortization as at 31 December 2017 Book value as at 31 December 2017 License fees and drawings 3 191,920 191,020 382,940 181,257 58,417 239,674 143,266 Softwares 3 83,383 4,884 88,267 21,427 24,773 46,200 42,067						- (Rupees in '000))		
Years Cost as at 01 January 2017 Additions 2017 Cost as at 31 December 2017 Accumulated amortization at 01 January 2017 Charge for the year Accumulated amortization as at 31 December 2017 Book value as at 31 December 2017 License fees and drawings 3 191,920 191,020 382,940 181,257 58,417 239,674 143,266 Softwares 3 83,383 4,884 88,267 21,427 24,773 46,200 42,067	License fees and drawings	3	382,940	-	382,940	239,674	63,673	303,347	79,593
Years Cost as at 01 January 2017 Additions at 01 December 2017 Accumulated amortization at 01 January 2017 Charge for the year Accumulated amortization as at 31 December 2017 Book value as at 31 December 2017 License fees and drawings 3 191,920 191,020 382,940 181,257 58,417 239,674 143,266 Softwares 3 83,383 4,884 88,267 21,427 24,773 46,200 42,067	Softwares	3	88,267	16,845	105,112	46,200	25,208	71,408	33,704
Years Cost at 01 January 2017 Additions Personal Processing 2017 Cost as at 31 December 2017 Accumulated amortization at 31 Juneary 2017 Charge for the year amortization as at 31 December 2017 Book Value as at 31 December 2017	2018		471,207	16,845	488,052	285,874	88,881	374,755	113,297
License fees and drawings 3 191,920 191,020 382,940 181,257 58,417 239,674 143,266 Softwares 3 83,383 4,884 88,267 21,427 24,773 46,200 42,067		Years	at 01 January	Additions	at 31 December 2017	amortization at 01 January 2017	for the year	amortization as at 31 December 2017	as at 31 December
	License fees and drawings	3	191,920	191,020	382,940	181,257	58,417	239,674	143,266
2017 275,303 195,904 471,207 202,684 83,190 285,874 185,333	Softwares	3	83,383	4,884	88,267	21,427	24,773	46,200	42,067
	2017		275,303	195,904	471,207	202,684	83,190	285,874	185,333

7.1 Amortization charge has been allocated as follows:

			2018	2017
		Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
	Cost of goods manufactured	27.1	63,673	58,417
	Administrative expenses	29	25,208	24,773
	Administrative expenses	23	88,881	83,190
8.	Long-Term Investments			
	Investment in related party (equity accounted) Investment in associate - unquoted			
	Tecno Auto Glass Limited (TAG)	8.1	329,274	208,086
	Other investments Available for sale - unquoted			
	- Arabian Sea Country Club Limited (ASCCL)	8.2	5,000	5,000
	- Provision for impairment in the value of investment		(5,000)	(5,000)
			-	-
	- Automotive Testing & Training Centre (Private)	0.0	4.050	1.050
	Limited (AT & TC)	8.3	1,250	1,250
	- Provision for impairment in the value of investment		(1,250)	(1,250)
			329,274	208,086

The shareholders of the Company in their extra-ordinary general meeting held on 16 February 2017 approved the proposal for long term equity investment of Rs. 344.4 million for setting up "Tecno Auto Glass Limited" (TAG) for the manufacturing of automobile glass under Technical Assistance Agreement with Asahi India Solutions Limited. TAG was incorporated on 16 March 2017 and has not yet commenced commercial operations. The incorporation and principle place of business of TAG is The Islamic Republic of Pakistan. TAG is a joint venture company between Tecno Pack Telecom (Private) Limited (TPT) and the Company where the Company holds 40% shareholding and balance 60% is held by the TPT. TAG is an associated company of the Company due to 40% shareholding. Upto balance sheet date, the Company has made investment of Rs. 344.4 million (2017: Rs. 220 million). During the year the shares amounting to Rs. 124.4 million (2017: Rs. 220 million) were issued in the name of the Company through right issue.

The associate's share of loss has been included in these financial statements based on the unaudited condensed interimfinancial information of the investee company as at 31 December 2018. The latest annual financial statements of TAG have been prepared on going concern basis. The auditor of TAG has expressed an unmodified opinion on the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

	(Rupees in '000)
(

8.1.1 34,440,000 (2017: 22,000,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each (Shareholding 40%)

Share of loss of equity accounted investee

344,400	220,000
(15,126)	(11,914)
329,274	208,086
329,274	208,086

2017

2018

8.1.2 Summarized balance sheet

	823,184	595,214
Current liabilities	(38,306)	(3,760)
Non-current liabilities	(906,569)	(319,727)
Current assets	109,542	83,242
Non-current assets	1,658,517	835,459

8.1.3 Summarized statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income

Revenue	-	
Loss for the year / period	8,441	29,785
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive loss	8,441	29,785

For the year ended December 31, 2018

- 8.2 Investment in ASCCL (unquoted) represents 0.5 million (2017: 0.5 million) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, representing 6.45% (2017: 6.45%) of ASCCL's paid up share capital as at 31 December 2018.
- 8.3 Investment in AT & TC (unquoted) represents 0.125 million (2017: 0.125 million) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, representing 6.94% (2017: 6.94%) of AT & TC's paid up share capital as at 31 December 2018.
- The investment in associated companies have been made in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 9. Long-Term Loans Secured, Considered Good

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Loans to employees	9.1	8,334	4,327
Less: Receivable within one year	16	(4,131)	(1,966)
		4,203	2,361

- **9.1** This represents interest free personal loans to employees. These are repayable in maximum thirty six equal monthly installments and are secured against staff retirement benefits of the employees.
- 10. Long-Term Deposits, Prepayments and Other Receivables

	2018	2017
Note	(Rupee	es in '000)
Deposits	35,295	30,559
Prepayments	2,597	122
Secured, considered good		
Other receivables from employees 10.1	499,571	351,372
less: Receivable within one year 18	(81,255)	(54,734)
	418,316	296,638
	456,208	327,319

10.1 This represent receivables against vehicles sold to employees under the Vehicle Ownership Employee Scheme. These receivables are secured against the personnel guarantees and provident fund balances of respective employees. These are receivables in maximum eighty-four equal monthly installments.

11. Long Term Installment Sales Receivables - Unsecured, Considered Good

		2018	2017
		(Rupees in '000)	
Installment sales receivables	11.1 & 11.2	704,273	509,639
Less: Unearned finance income		(13,558)	(28,961)
		690,715	480,678
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	11.3	(22,770)	(14,903)
		667,945	465,775
Less: Current maturity		(549,627)	(320,996)
		118,318	144,779

11.1 This represent balances receivable under various installment sale agreements in equal monthly installments. It includes installment sales to customers (motorcycles) and registered vendors of the Company. In case of installment sales to customers, the Company retains the title and registers the documents of the motorcycles in its name as a security. For installment sales to vendors, vehicles are lien marked and registered in joint names of vendor and the Company. Such documents are retained in Company's custody and transferred in the name of customer / vendor after the entire dues are cleared. Mark-up on installment sales receivables ranges from 9% to 28% (2017: 12% to 28%) per annum, excluding up to 18 months installment sales which are subject to 0% markup. However, overdue rentals are subject to additional surcharge. The gross amount and the present value of the installment sales receivables are as follows:

	Gross amount of installment sales receivables		Present value of installment sales receivables		
	2018 2017		2018	2017	
	(Rupees in '000)				
Less than one year	559,926	343,024	549,627	320,996	
One to five years	144,347	166,615	141,088	159,682	
	704,273	509,639	690,715	480,678	
Less: Provision for doubtful receivables	(22,770)	(14,903)	(22,770)	(14,903)	
	681,503	494,736	667,945	465,775	

11.2 This includes an overdue portion of installment sales receivables amounting Rs. 5.418 million (2017: Rs. 4.335 million) out of which Rs. 5.224 million (2017: Rs. 4.034 million) is overdue for more than 6 months and fully provided.

For the year ended December 31, 2018

11.3 Provision for doubtful installment sales receivables

		Note	2018	2017
			(Rupees	in '000)
	Balance at beginning of the year		14,903	11,603
	Provision during the year	29	7,867	3,300
	Balance at end of the year		22,770	14,903
12.	Deferred Taxation			
	Deductible temporary differences arising from:			
	Provisions		349,886	338,000
	Local development costs		42,908	17,500
	Minimum tax u/s 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001		920,980	
			1,313,774	355,500
	Taxable temporary differences arising from:			
	Accelerated tax depreciation		(161,886)	(119,000)
			1,151,888	236,500
13.	Stores, Spares And Loose Tools			
	Stores		77,059	72,531
	Spares		102,203	80,708
	Loose tools		26,280	17,498
			205,542	170,737
	Less: Provision for slow moving and obsolete items			
	- at beginning of the year		55,948	44,723
	- provision for the year	27.1	2,716	11,225
			58,664	55,948
			146,878	114,789

14. Stock-In-Trade

Raw material and components [including items in transit Rs. 6,063.46 million (2017: Rs. 5,732.93 million)]

Less: Provision for slow moving and obsolescence

- at beginning of the year
- provision / (reversal) for the year

Work-in-process

Finished goods

Trading stocks [including items in transit Rs. 52.489 million (2017: Rs. 742.71 million)]

Less: Provision for slow moving and obsolescence

- at beginning of the year
- (reversal) / provision for the year

2018	2017					
(Rupe	(Rupees in '000)					
14,484,249	11,785,859					
31,444	35,639					
54,916	(4,195)					
86,360	31,444					
14,397,889	11,754,415					
56,425	70,600					
12,929,908	8,499,570					
2,072,049	3,687,259					
65,786	21,740					
(6,571)	44,046					
59,215	65,786					
2,012,834	3,621,473					
,,,,,,,	-,- ,					
29,397,056	23,946,058					

- **14.1** Stock in trade includes Rs. 7,216.59 million (2017: Rs. 8,116.6 million) were in the custody of dealers and vendors dispersed all over the Pakistan.
- **14.2** Raw material and components, work-in-process, finished goods and trading stocks have been written down by Rs. 272.25 million, Rs. 0.016 million, Rs. 1.12 million and Rs. 309.08 million (2017: Nil, Nil, Nil and Rs. 106.38 million) respectively to arrive at net realizable value.

For the year ended December 31, 2018

15. Trade Debts

			2018	2017
		Note	(Rupee:	s in '000)
	Considered good			
	- secured	15.3	210,629	209,921
	- unsecured		26,909	1,437
	Considered doubtful		30,412	60,512
			267,950	271,870
	Less: Provision for doubtful debts	15.1	(30,412)	(60,512)
			237,538	211,358
15.1	Provision for doubtful trade debts			
	Balance at the beginning of the year		60,512	88,440
	Reversal of provision for doubtful trade debts	29	(30,100)	(27,928)
	Balance at the end of the year		30,412	60,512

15.2 The ageing of trade debts as at the balance sheet date are as under:

2018			
Gross	Impairment	Total	
	(Rupees in '000) -		
219,349	(20,625)	198,724	
-	-	-	
5,874	-	5,874	
42,727	(9,787)	32,940	
267,950	(30,412)	237,538	
	2017		
		Takal	
Gross	•	Total	
	- (Rupees in '000) -		
214,767	(50,465)	164,302	
-	-	-	
6,800	-	6,800	
50,303	(10,047)	40,256	
271,870	(60,512)	211,358	
	219,349 - 5,874 42,727 267,950 Gross	Gross Impairment	

This includes trade debts of Rs. 170.025 million (2017: Rs. 177.566 million) which are secured by way of property mortgages of Rs. 210.400 million (2017: Rs. 217.704 million) and trade debts of Rs. 40.604 million (2017: Rs. 32.355 million) which are secured by way of security deposits

15.4 Receivable from related parties

	2018	2017	
	(Rupees in '000)		
Suzuki Motor Corporation	88	92	
Magyar Suzuki Corporation	285	456	
PT. Suzuki IndoMobil Motor	48	48	
	421	596	

15.4.1 The maximum aggregate amount receivable from the related parties at the end of any month during the year are as follows:

Suzuki Motor Corporation	1,680	92
Magyar Suzuki Corporation	1,061	456
PT. Suzuki IndoMobil Motor	48	48

15.4.2 The age analysis of trade debts due from related parties are as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Gross	Impairment	Gross	Impairment
	(Rupees in '000)			
	-	-	427	-
er 360 days	421	-	169	
	421	-	596	

15.5 The detail of export sales in respect of outstanding trade debts is as follows:

Particulars of Customer	Location	Mode of	2018	2017
		Security	(Rupees	in '000)
Suzuki Motor Corporation	Japan	Letter of credit	41,597	36,996
Magyar Suzuki Corporation	Hungary	Letter of credit	1,909	1,949
PT. Suzuki IndoMobil Motor	Indonesia	Letter of credit	-	46
			43,506	38,991

For the year ended December 31, 2018

16. Loans And Advances

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupee:	s in '000)
Loans - secured, considered good			
Current portion of loans to employees	9	4,131	1,966
Advances - unsecured, considered good			
- Suppliers / vendors	16.1	30,549	32,168
- Employees - against expenses		5,947	3,347
		36,496	35,515
		40,627	37,481

16.1 These advances do not carry any markup arrangement.

17. Trade Deposits and Prepayments

	2018	2017
	(Rupees in '000)	
Trade deposits	1,972	12,437
Margin with banks against letter of credits and imports	1,077,955	253,261
	1,079,927	265,698
Prepayments:		
- Collector of customs	211,030	637,593
- Rent	50,439	33,461
- Insurance	2,049	2,371
- Others	13,826	26,599
	277,344	700,024
	1,357,271	965,722

18. Other Receivables - Considered Good

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Due from related parties	18.1	105,263	42,403
Due from vendors for material / components returned	d	3,359	9,420
Duty draw back		486	1,604
Expenses recoverable from dealers		55,762	21,107
Current portion of long term other receivables	10	81,255	54,734
Accrued profit on bank deposits		46	28,699
Others		22,451	18,507
		268,622	176,474

18.1 This represents receivable from following related parties:

Not past due

Past due 91-180 days

Past due 181-360 days Past due over 360 days

Suzuki Motor Corporation	104,569	41,709
PT. Suzuki IndoMobil Motor	694	694
	105,263	42,403

18.1.1 The maximum aggregate amount receivable from the related parties at the end of any month during the year are as follows:

Suzuki Motor Corporation	135,275	41,709
PT. Suzuki IndoMobil Motor	694	694

18.1.2 The age analysis of other receivables due from related parties are as follows:

20	18	20	17
Gross	Impairment	Gross	Impairment
	(Rupees	in '000)	
97,360		16,373	
613		13,000	
-	-	4,357	-
7,290	-	8,673	
105,263	-	42,403	

For the year ended December 31, 2018

19. Cash and Bank Balances

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Cash in hand		9,507	9,332
Cheques in hand	19.1	-	1,254,462
Cash at bank:			
- In deposit accounts - Conventional	19.2	355,164	7,713,688
- In a special deposit account - Conventional	19.3	117,955	102,955
- In current accounts		1,033,537	109,115
		1,506,656	7,925,758
		1,516,163	9,189,552

- **19.1** This represents cheques that were received on the last day and were deposited on the next working day.
- **19.2** These carry profits rates ranging from 6.10% to 7.30% (2017: 5.80% to 6.75%) per annum.
- **19.3** A special account is maintained in respect of security deposits (note 23) in accordance with the requirements of Section 217 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- 19.4 The Company does not have any Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances as at 31 December 2018.

20. Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up Share Capital

	2018	2017		2018	2017
(Number of Shares)		(Rupees in '000)			
	45,517,401	45,517,401	Fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each	455,174	455,174
			issued for cash		
	2,800,000	2,800,000	Issued for consideration other than cash	28,000	28,000
	33,982,450	33,982,450	Issued as fully paid bonus shares	339,825	339,825
	82,299,851	82,299,851		822,999	822,999

- **20.1** The Holding Company held 60,154,091 (2017: 60,154,091) ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, constituting 73.09% (2017: 73.09%) holding in the Company.
- Subsequent to year-end the shareholders of the Company in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 29 January 2019 have approved the increase of authorized share capital of the Company from Rs. 1,500 million (divided into 150 million ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each) to Rs. 5,000 million (divided into 500 million ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each).

21. Trade and Other Payables

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Creditors		2,506,224	1,991,718
Bills payable	21.1	4,009,536	3,755,163
Accrued liabilities		2,320,592	2,075,261
Royalties and technical fee payable to the Holding Company		2,330,492	908,110
Mark-up on waiting for delivery of vehicles		3,676	3,679
Provision for unexpired free service and warranty period	21.2	84,778	87,197
Dealers' commission payable		1,063,283	1,082,129
Provision for Infrastructure Development Cess		1,202,266	790,783
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	21.3	1,855	1,660
Workers' Welfare Fund		44,642	114,631
Retention money		2,520	6,818
Deposits from employees against purchase of vehicles		7,592	48,452
Payable to gratuity fund	21.4	190,583	94,920
Un-earned income - extended warranty		84,594	81,784
Others		556,933	335,510
		14,409,566	11,377,815

21.1 This include Rs. 1,919.479 million (2017: Rs. 1,861.425 million) due to the Holding Company and Rs. 1,951.137 million (2017: Rs. 1,848.936 million) due to other related parties.

21.2 Provision for unexpired free service and warranty period

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupee	s in '000)
Balance at the beginning of the year		87,197	67,862
(Reversal) / provision for the year	28	(2,419)	19,335
Balance at the end of the year		84,778	87,197

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Workers' Profit Participation Fund

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
Balance at beginning of the year		1,660	17,443
Interest on funds utilized in the Company's business	32	508	1,597
		2,168	19,040
Allocation for the year	30	111,856	301,660
		114,024	320,700
Less: Paid during the year		112,169	319,040
Balance at end of the year		1,855	1,660
Payable to gratuity fund		190,583	94,920

21.4.1 The latest actuarial valuation of gratuity fund was carried out as at 31 December 2018 using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

21.4.2 Amount recognized in the balance sheet

	2018	2017
	(Rupee	s in '000)
	00/ 454	500.054
Present value of defined benefit obligation	684,151	536,351
Fair value of plan assets	(495,998)	(452,257)
Benefits due but not paid (payables)	2,430	10,826
	190,583	94,920
	190,583	94,920

21.4.3 Amounts recognized in total comprehensive income

The following amounts have been charged in respect of these benefits to profit and loss account and other comprehensive income:

Component of defined benefit costs recognized in profit and loss account 47,205 39,736 Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation 42,909 36,228 (37,758)(33,694)Return on plan assets 52,356 42,270

	2018	2017
	(Rupees	in '000)
Component of defined benefit costs (re-measurement)		
recognized in other comprehensive income		
Re-measurements: Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligation		
- Gain due to change in financial assumptions	(660)	(13,842)
- Loss due to change in experience adjustments	90,825	51,596
	90,165	37,754
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(5,983)	2,609
	84,182	40,363
Total defined benefit cost recognized in profit and	0/ 100	40.000
loss account and other comprehensive income	84,182	40,363
Expected contribution in the following year	82,090	50,793
Weighted average duration of the defined		
benefit obligation (years)	8	9
Movement in net liability recognized in the	ne balance sheet	•

21.4.4

Closing balance	190,583	94,920
Contribution made by the Company during the year	(40,875)	(49,615)
Re-measurement loss recognized in other comprehensive income	84,182	40,363
Expense recognized during the year	52,356	42,270
Opening balance	94,920	61,902

21.4.5 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation

Closing balance	684,151	536,351
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligation	90,165	37,754
Benefit paid	(30,049)	(49,615)
Benefits due but not paid (payables)	(2,430)	(10,826)
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	42,909	36,228
Current service cost	47,205	39,736
Opening balance	536,351	483,074

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21.4.6 Movement in fair value of plan assets

	2018	2017
	(Rupee:	s in '000)
Opening balance	452,257	421,172
Contributions	(40,875)	(49,615)
Return on plan assets	37,758	33,694
Benefit paid	40,875	49,615
Remesurement gain / (loss) on plan assets	5,983	(2,609)
Closing balance	495,998	452,257

21.4.7 Principle actuarial assumption used are as follows

	2018	2017
Discount rate used for profit and loss charge	8.25%	8.00%
Discount rate used for year end obligation	13.25%	8.25%
Expected rate of eligible salaries increase in future years	13.25%	8.25%
Mortality rates	SLIC 2001 - 2005 Setback 1 Year	SLIC 2001 - 2005 Setback 1 Year
Retirement assumption	Age 60	Age 60

21.4.8 Actual return on plan assets

TO T		
•	2018	2017
	(Rupees	in '000)
Interest income on plan assets	37,758	33,694
Remesurement gain/ (loss) on plan assets	5,983	(2,609)
	43,741	31,085

21.4.9 Analysis of present value of defined benefit obligation

Type of Members:

- Management

- Non - management

684,151	536,351
124,403	94,040
559,748	442,311

21.4.10 Major categories / composition of plan assets are as follows

2018	2017
(Rupees	s in '000)
377,602	340,287
67,800	76,615
38,872	34,373
11,724	982
495,998	452,257
	(Rupees 377,602 67,800 38,872 11,724

21.4.11 Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

Change in assumption	Defined benefit obligation (Incase of changes)		
Discount rate + 1%	650,025	489,601	
Discount rate - 1%	723,955	591,044	
Long term salary increase + 1%	723,895	591,232	
Long term salary decrease - 1%	650,024	488,561	

22. Short-Term Finance

Short term running finance - conventional 11,310,497 -
--

The effective rate of mark-up on short-term running finance facility ranges from 8.8% to 10.4% (2017: 7.26%) per annum. These facilities are renewable subject to payment of repurchase price on specified dates. The facilities for running finance available from various commercial banks are for the purpose of meeting working capital requirements. The total limit of short term running financing facilities available from banks aggregate to Rs. 15,547.76 million (2017: Rs. 4,800 million) out of which Rs. 4,237.26 million (2017: 4,800 million) remained unutilised as of reporting date. Out of the total available facilities one of the arrangement amounting Rs. 2,000 million (2017: Nil) is secured against support from holding company, Suzuki Motor Corporation. Remaining facilities are secured by way of pari passu hypothecation charge over Company's stock in trade and trade debts.

For the year ended December 31, 2018

22.2 The Company does not have any Shariah compliant borrowings as at 31 December 2018.

23. Security Deposits

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupee	s in '000)
Describe a retreat display of each late.	00.4	/ 000 F10	
Deposits against display of vehicles	23.1	4,006,519	4,430,397
Dealership deposits	19.3	117,955	102,955
Others		97,775	67,200
		4,222,249	4,600,552

This represents the amount deposited by the dealers as security against the vehicles delivered to them for display.

24. Provision For Custom Duties and Sales Tax

Revenue Receipts Auditors – Government of Pakistan conducted an audit in the year 2001 and alleged that the Company short paid Rs. 120 million on account of custom duties and sales tax against royalty during the period from July 1997 to February 1999. According to clause 2(d) of Section 25 of the Customs Act, 1969, payment in the nature of royalty without which goods cannot be legitimately imported and sold or used in Pakistan are to be included in value for import purpose. The Company paid Rs. 33.677 million after reconciliation with the Collector – Customs in prior years. Despite reconciliation, Deputy Collector – Customs adjudicated to pay balance amount of Rs. 86.323 million. The Company filed an appeal before the Customs Appellate Tribunal which was disallowed in the year 2015. Consequently, the Company filed Reference Application in the Sindh High Court which is pending for adjudication. Further, in 2015, the Customs Authorities adjusted Rs. 50.02 million against the above demand.

25. Contingencies and Commitments

- **25.1** Capital expenditure contracted for but not incurred amounted to Rs. 930.907 million (2017: Rs. 4,408.498 million).
- The facilities for opening letters of credit as at 31 December 2018 amounted to Rs. 10,400 million (2017: 12,608 million) of which the amount remaining unutilized at year end was Rs. 9,778.72 million (2017: 9,835.88 million).
- The facilities for opening letters of guarantees as at 31 December 2018 amounted to Rs. 1,728 million (2017: 1,026 million) of which the amount remaining unutilized at December end was Rs. 365.486 million (2017: 60.952 million).
- The Company has issued a corporate guarantee on behalf of Tecno Auto Glass Limited, an associated company, amounting to Rs. 600 million (2017: Rs. 600 million) to a commercial bank in relation to borrowing facilities granted to the associated company.

26.	Sales

20.	Sales			
			2018	2017
		Note	(Rupees i	n '000)
	Manufactured goods	26.1	113,139,598	96,072,235
	Trading stocks	26.2	6,714,300	5,739,376
			119,853,898	101,811,611
26.1	Manufactured goods			
	- Vehicles		139,866,732	118,485,949
	- Spare parts		616,176	498,824
		26.3	140,482,908	118,984,773
	Less: Sales tax		20,409,115	17,309,530
	Discounts		1,083,344	426,491
	Sales commission to dealers		5,850,851	5,176,517
			27,343,310	22,912,538
			113,139,598	96,072,235
26.2	Trading stocks			
	- Vehicles		4,717,976	4,377,976
	- Spare parts		3,039,632	2,322,580
			7,757,608	6,700,556
	Less: Sales tax		894,432	806,870
	Discounts		11,263	46,851
	Sales commission to dealers		137,613	107,459
			1,043,308	961,180
			6,714,300	5,739,376

16.3 These include export sales of Rs. 86.157 million (2017: Rs. 64.435 million).

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27. Cost of Sales

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		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Manufactured goods			
Finished goods at beginning of the year		8,499,570	6,479,613
Cost of goods manufactured	27.1	111,411,390	89,284,726
Export expenses		15,805	23,468
		119,926,765	95,787,807
Less: Finished goods at end of the year		12,929,908	8,499,570
		106,996,857	87,288,237
Trading stocks			
Stocks at beginning of the year		3,621,473	1,613,485
Purchases during the year		4,203,537	6,878,789
		7,825,010	8,492,274
Less: Stocks at end of the year		2,012,834	3,621,473
		5,812,176	4,870,801
		112,809,033	92,159,038

27.1 Cost of goods manufactured

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Raw materials and components at beginning of the year		11,754,415	8,112,011
Purchases during the year	27.1.1	106,297,839	86,441,330
<u> </u>		118,052,254	94,553,341
Less: Raw materials and components at end of the year		14,397,889	11,754,415
Raw materials and components consumed		103,654,365	82,798,926
Stores and spares consumed		72,584	67,347
Provision for slow moving and obsolete			
stores, spares and loose tools	13	2,716	11,225
Utilities		445,511	401,955
Vehicle running expenses		23,764	23,023
Salaries, wages and other benefits	27.1.2	1,778,470	1,291,041
Outsourced job contractor charges		1,060,684	958,360
Rent, rates and taxes		25,091	19,660
Travelling		118,376	65,002
Training		34,305	17,915
Insurance		10,000	9,650
Repairs and maintenance		520,084	461,045
Royalty	27.1.3	1,597,221	1,231,754
Technical fee		330,526	222,621
Travelling expenses of supervisors		1,609	2,792
(Reversal) / provision of provincial sales tax on			
royalty and technical fees		(160,094)	160,094
Depreciation	6.2	1,404,580	1,239,912
Impairment loss	6.3	9,139	-
Amortization	7.1	63,673	58,417
Conveyance and transportation		290,013	298,750
Communication		3,064	2,966
Hired security guards services		15,750	14,921
Local development costs		215,892	39,143
Printing and stationery		1,212	587
Others		21,494	10,967
		7,885,664	6,609,147
		111,540,029	89,408,073
Add: Work-in-process at beginning of the year		70,600	83,499
		111,610,629	89,491,572
Less: Work-in-process at end of the year		56,425	70,600
		111,554,204	89,420,972
Less: Cost of own used vehicles		142,814	136,246
		111,411,390	89,284,726

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- **27.1.1** Purchases are stated net of proceeds from the sale of packing materials Rs. 345.967 million (2017: Rs. 184.219 million).
- **27.1.2** This includes Rs. 29.153 million (2017: Rs. 21.231 million) and Rs. 31.869 million (2017: Rs. 26.320 million) in respect of provident fund and gratuity fund respectively.
- **27.1.3** This represents royalty payable to the Holding Company, Suzuki Motor Corporation Japan as per the royalty agreement duly registered with the State Bank of Pakistan.

28. Distribution and Selling Costs

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
Transportation and handling charges		1,715,390	1,386,950
Advertising and sales promotion		634,499	1,049,997
Free service		242,302	223,901
Warranty claims		60,334	75,765
(Reversal against) / provision for unexpired free service			
and warranty period	21.2	(2,419)	19,335
Royalty on trading spare parts	28.1	59,246	45,809
(Reversal) / provision of provincial sales tax on			
royalty and technical fees		(2,499)	2,499
		2,706,853	2,804,256

28.1 This represents royalty payable to Holding Company, Suzuki Motor Corporation Japan as per the royalty agreement duly registered with the State Bank of Pakistan.

29. Administrative Expenses

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Salaries, wages and other benefits	29.1	1,105,686	772,697
Outsourced job contractor charges		249,043	176,957
Travelling		112,312	92,504
Training		48,697	9,722
Hired security guards services		48,599	38,021
Rent, rates and taxes		102,719	83,548
Utilities		29,884	23,481
Vehicle running expense		70,839	56,181
Insurance		16,240	12,782
Repairs and maintenance		80,754	43,258
Depreciation	6.2	163,943	122,889

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Amortization	7.1	25,208	24,773
Auditors' remuneration	29.2	3,564	3,683
Legal and professional charges		12,478	15,287
Conveyance and transportation		117,336	54,515
Entertainment		130	2,134
Celebration of special events		38,107	14,538
Printing and stationery		40,857	31,274
Communication		17,777	16,090
Directors' fees		6,395	190
Provision / (reversal) for doubtful:			
- installment sales receivables	11.3	7,867	3,300
- trade debts	15.1	(30,100)	(27,928)
- other receivables		-	3,255
Trade debts written-off		71	897
Computer software license fee and ERP maintenance charges		13,337	10,306
Corporate Social Responsibility	29.3	10,414	3,932
Others		8,923	11,529
		2,301,080	1,599,815

29.1 This includes Rs. 17.712 million (2017: Rs. 13.350 million) and Rs. 20.486 million (2017: Rs. 15.950 million) in respect of defined contributory provident fund and gratuity fund respectively.

29.2 Auditors' remuneration

	2018	2017
	(Rupees	s in '000)
Audit fee	1,500	1,500
Half-yearly review	450	450
Fee for corporate governance certificate	110	110
Fee for special certifications	940	1,000
Out of pocket expenses	247	204
Sindh sales tax	317	419
	3,564	3,683

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Contribution for Corporate Social Responsibility to the following organizations exceed Rs. 500,000:

	2018	2017
	(Rupees	s in '000)
Burns Central Civil Hospital	1,164	-
GDA Hospital Gawadar	2,578	-
Joint Committee of Ghulkin and Passu	726	-
NED University	656	997
Uqaily Family & Friends Association	766	-
Karachi Vocational Training Centre	1,334	-
Indus Hospital	-	730
	7,224	1,727

29.3.1 None of the donations were made to any donee in which a director or his spouse had any interest at any time during the year.

Other Expenses 30.

	2018	2017
Note	(Rupees	s in '000)
21.3	111,856	301,660
	42,348	112,337
	154,204	413,997
		Note (Rupees 21.3 111,856 42,348

31. **Other Income**

Income from financial assets			
Profit on bank accounts	31.1	368,411	695,180
Commission income	31.2	3,000	500
Finance income on installment sales		24,757	42,242
		396,168	737,922
Income from non-financial assets			
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	6.4	49,158	14,258
Extended warranty income		30,960	50,833
Scrap sales		16,758	11,717
Miscellaneous income		72,899	49,981
		169,775	126,789
		565,943	864,711

- The Company has not earned any profit from Shariah compliant bank deposits / bank balances during the year 31.1 ended 31 December 2018.
- This represent commission income on corporate guarantee provided to a commercial bank on behalf of Tecno 31.2 Auto Glass Limited, associated company, amounting to Rs. 600 million (2017: Rs. 600 million) in relation to borrowing facilities granted to the associated company.

Finance Costs 32.

	Note	2018	2017
		(Rupees	in '000)
Mark-up on short-term running finance	32.1	185,319	-
Markup on Workers' Profit Participation Fund	21.3	508	1,597
Exchange loss - net		102,157	38,634
Bank charges		74,539	27,857
		362,523	68,088

The Company has not paid any markup on Islamic mode of financing during the year ended 31 32.1 December 2018.

33. **Taxation**

	2018	2017
	(Rupees	s in '000)
Current		_
- for the year	1,744,746	1,465,000
- prior year	(44,530)	331,143
Deferred	(915,388)	(2,750)
	784,828	1,793,393

Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit

Accounting profit for the year before taxation	2,082,936	5,619,214
Corporate tax rate	29%	30%
Tax on accounting profit at applicable rate Tax effect of:	604,052	1,685,764
 prior year tax rebate on additions under section 65B under 	(44,530)	331,143
Income Tax Ordinance, 2001	(97,101)	(350,478)
income assessed under Final Tax Regimeeffect of super tax	17,007 212,120	43,917 145,000
 tax effect of permanent differences others 	70,570 22,710	12,000 (73,953)
	784,828	1,793,393

For the year ended December 31, 2018

Finance Act, 2018 enacted gradual reduction in the corporate tax rates for companies from 30% to 25% over 33.2 a period of five years. The Company computes tax expense based on the generally accepted interpretation of the tax laws to ensure that the sufficient provision for the purpose of taxation is available. Provision for the current year has been made on the basis of minimum tax on turnover and final tax regime under Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. The tax provision made in the financial statements is sufficient. A comparison of last three years of income tax provision with tax assessed is presented below:

	2017	2016	2015
	(R	upees in '000)	
Income tax provision for the year (as per accounts)	1,465,000	1,688,000	3,000,000
Income tax as per tax assessment	1,445,920	1,547,033	3,183,610

33.2.1 The differences mainly pertains to super tax provisions booked for previous years as the amendments became effective retrospectively through Finance Act of subsequent periods.

34.	Earnings Per Share - Basic and Diluted	2018	2017
34.1	Basic	(Rupee	s in '000)
	Profit for the year	1,298,108	3,825,821
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in	(Number	of shares)
	issue during the year	82,299,851	82,299,851
		(Rup	oees)
	Basic earnings per share	15.77	46.49

A diluted earnings per share has not been presented as the Company did not have any convertible instruments in issue as at balance sheet date which would have any effect on the earnings per share if the option to convert is exercised.

35. Cash Generated From Operations

		2018	2017
	Note	(Rupees	in '000)
Profit before taxation		2,082,936	5,619,214
Adjustments for non cash charges and other items:			
Depreciation		1,568,523	1,362,801
mpairment loss		9,139	-
Amortization		88,881	83,190
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		(49,158)	(14,258)
Share of loss of equity accounted investee		3,212	11,914
Profit on bank accounts		(368,411)	(695,180)
Finance costs		362,523	68,088
		1,614,709	816,555
Norking capital changes	35.1	(10,097,326)	2,752,809
		(6,399,681)	9,188,578

35.1 **Working capital changes**

(In

(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
Stores, spares and loose tools	(32,089)	(3,783)
Stock in trade	(5,450,998)	(7,657,450)
Current portion of long-term installment sales receivables	(228,631)	(29,742)
Trade debts	(26,180)	993,911
Loans and advances	(3,146)	125,538
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	(391,549)	(888,593)
Other receivables	(120,801)	19,531
Sales tax and excise duty adjustable	(3,226,311)	507,616
	(9,479,705)	(6,932,972)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	3,431,423	5,051,917
Security deposits	(993,174)	927,388
Advance from customers	(3,055,870)	3,706,476

(617,621)

(10,097,326)

9,685,781

2,752,809

For the year ended December 31, 2018

36. Transactions With Related Parties

Related parties of the Company include the Holding Company and related group companies, local associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties are entered into at commercial terms, as per the terms of employment and actuarial advice, as the case may be.

Amount due from and to related parties and remuneration of directors and executives are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Details of transactions and balances with related parties, other than those which have been specifically disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

		Holding Company	Other related parties	Total
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
For the year ended 31 December 2018				
Purchases of components		27,946,226	26,254,787	54,201,013
Purchases of operating fixed assets		3,569,530	62	3,569,592
Export sales		41,597	23,700	65,297
Royalties and technical fee		1,970,877	-	1,970,877
Travelling expenses of supervisors		706	-	706
Staff retirement benefits	36.4	-	99,222	99,222
Commission income from Corporate Guarantee		-	3,000	3,000
Remuneration to key management personnel		-	158,238	158,238
Sales promotional expenses and development expenses		106,358	1,276	107,634
		Holding Company	Other related parties	Total
	Note	(Rupees in '000)	
For the year ended 31 December 2017				
Purchases of components		26,428,989	20,470,455	46,899,444
Purchases of operating fixed assets		388,089	187,485	575,574
Purchases of intangible assets		191,020	-	191,020
Export sales		36,996	20,739	57,735
Royalties and technical fee		1,579,870	-	1,579,870
Travelling expenses of supervisors		6,606	-	6,606
Staff retirement benefits	36.4	-	76,852	76,852
Commission income from Corporate Guarantee		-	500	500
Remuneration to key management personnel		-	71,496	71,496
Sales promotional expenses and development expen	ses	22,578	-	22,578

Outstanding balances with related parties as at year end have been included in trade debts, other receivables and trade and other payables respectively. These are settled in ordinary course of business.

36.2	Name of the related party	Basis of association	Aggregate % of Shareholding	
	Suzuki Motor Corporation	Holding Company	73.09%	
	PT. Suzuki Indomobil Motor	Group Company	N/A	
	Thai Suzuki Motor Co. Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Jiangmen Dachangjiang Group Co. Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Changzhou Haojue Suzuki Motorcycle Co. Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Magyar Suzuki Corporation Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Suzuki Motor (Thailand) Co. Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Jinan Qingqi Motorcycle Co. Limited	Group Company	N/A	
	Suzuki Deutschland	Group Company	N/A	
	Vietnam Suzuki Corporation	Group Company	N/A	
	Suzuki Italia S.P.A.	Group Company	N/A	
	Tecno Auto Glass Limited	Associate Company	40%	

Following are the details of related parties incorporated outside Pakistan, with whom the country had entered into transactions or had agreements or arrangements in place during the year.

Name of the related party	Registered Address	Country of Incorporation	Name of chief executive	Operational Status	Aggregate % of Shareholding
Suzuki Motor Corporation	300 Takatsuka Cho, Minami-Ku, Hamamatsu City.	Japan	Toshihiro Suzuki	Active	73.09%
PT. Suzuki Indomobil Motor	JL Raya Bekasi KM 19 RT 009 RW 01, Kel Rawa Terate, Kec Cakung Pulogadung, Jakarta Timur.	Indonesia	Sugiyama Shinichiro	Active	N/A
Thai Suzuki Motor Co. Limited	31/1 Rangsit-Ongkharak Thaila Road, Bungyeetho, Thanyaburi, Pathumthani 12130.		Tsuneo Ohashi	Active	N/A
Jiangmen Dachangjiang Group Co. Limited	No.5 Jiandabei Rd. Jiangmen, Guangdong,.	China	James Tei	Active	N/A
Magyar Suzuki Corporation Limited	2500 Esztergom, Schweidel J.ut 52/A, 2501, Esztergom.	Hungary	Tamas Tarnai	Active	N/A
Suzuki Motor (Thailand) Co. Limited	500/121 Moo 3, T.Tasit, A.Pluakdeng, Rayong 21140.	Thailand	Minoru Amano	Active	N/A
Jinan Qingqi Motorcycle Co. Limited	No. 1999, Kechuang Road, Suncun Area, Hi-Tech Development Zone, Jinan.	China	Sokenori Masuda	Active	N/A
Suzuki Deutschland	Suzuki Deutschland, 64625 Bensheim	Germany	Masato Atsumi	Active	N/A
Vietnam Suzuki Corporation	Road No.2 Long Binh IP, Bein Hoa City, Dong Nai	Vietnam	Shozo Ono	Active	N/A
Suzuki Italia S.P.A.	Province Corso Fratelli Kennedy, 12, 10070 Zona Industriale di Robassomero TO.	Italy	Junya Kumataki	Active	N/A

For the year ended December 31, 2018

- The latest available audit report of Suzuki Motor Corporation ("Holding Company") for the year ended 31 March 2018 is unmodified. For other Group companies, the information is not publicly available as these are unlisted companies in different jurisdictions.
- All investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act 2017 and the conditions specified thereunder.

37. Plant Capacity and Actual Production

	2018	2017
	(Number o	of vehicles)
Plant capacity - Motorcar (double shifts basis)	150,000	150,000
Plant capacity - Motorcycle (double shifts basis)	44,000	44,000
		-
Actual production - Motorcar	143,239	132,725
Actual production - Motorcycle	23,014	19,603

37.1 Under utilization of capacity was due to lower demand of certain products.

38. Remuneration of Executives, Directors and Chief Executive

The aggregate amounts charged in these financial statements in respect of remuneration including all benefits to chief executive, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

	2018			2017						
Description	Chief Executive	Non- Executive Directors	Executive Directors	Executive	Chief Executive	Non- Executive Directors	Executive Directors	Executive		
			(Rupees		(Rupees		in '000)			
Directors fees	-	2,290	-	-	-	-	196	-		
Managerial remuneration	17,680	-	14,523	236,522	14,597	-	14,340	128,419		
Bonus	3,452	-	8,746	152,369	6,182	-	4,373	72,306		
Retirement benefits	-	-	-	15,754	-	-	-	7,872		
Reimbursable expense	10	4,105	569	8,381	65	-	632	2,766		
	21,142	6,395	23,838	413,026	20,844		19,541	211,363		
Number of persons	1	5	2	58	2	5	2	33		

- The directors, chief executive and certain executives of the Company are provided with free use of Company maintained cars and accommodations.
- **38.2** Comparative figures have been adjusted to reflect changes in the definition of executive as per Companies Act, 2017.

39. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk such as market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance. The Company's Board of Directors oversees the management of these risk which are summarized below:

39.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of interest rate risk, currency risk and equity price risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As of the balance sheet date, the Company had following interest bearing financial instruments:

	2018	2017	
	(Rupees	in '000)	
Fixed rate financial instruments			
Installment sales receivables	667,945	465,775	
Bank balances in deposit accounts	473,119	7,816,643	
	1,141,064	8,282,418	

Variable rate financial instruments

The Company holds various variable rate financial instruments amounting to Rs. 11,310 million (2017: Nil) exposing the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. A change of 100 basis points as at 31 December 2018 would have increased / (decreased) profit after tax and equity for the year by Rs. 19.238 million (2017: Nil). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

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(ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. It arises where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currency. Open exposures are vigorously monitored. The Company is exposed to such risk in respect of the following:

	2018	2017
JPY - Japanese Yen		
Bills payable	1,526,811	1,903,314
Royalty and technical fees payable to the Holding Company	1,100,489	468,744
Due from related parties	(20,202)	(8,256)
Net exposure - JPY in '000	2,607,098	2,363,802
USD - US Dollar		
Bills payable	14,578	16,811
Export sales receivables	(4)	(834)
Net exposure - USD in '000	14,574	15,977
RMB - Chinese Ren-Min-Bi		
Bills payable in '000	2,710	1,432
EUR - Euros		
Bills payable in '000	5	53
SGD - Singapore Dollar		
Bills payable in '000	22	13
Dino payable in too		
GBP - Great Britain pound		
Bills payable in '000	2	

At December 31, 2018 if Pak Rupee had depreciated / appreciated by 1% against JPY, US Dollar, RMB, EUR, SGD and GBP with all other variables held constant, Company's profit before tax would have been Rs. 37.553 million (2017: Rs. 28.765 million) higher / lower as a result of exchange loss / gain on translation of foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to other price risk.

39.1.1 Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

	2018					
	Short-term finance used for cash management purpose	Accrued markup	Unappropriated profit	Total		
		(Rupees	in '000)			
Balance as at 1 January 2018	-	-	27,882,121	27,882,121		
Changes from financing cash flows						
Dividend paid	-	-	(1,522,619)	(1,522,619)		
Total changes from financing activities	-	-	(1,522,619)	(1,522,619)		
Other changes - interest cost						
Interest expense	-	185,319	-	185,319		
Interest paid	-	(54,292)	-	(54,292)		
Changes in running finance	11,310,497	-	-	11,310,497		
Total loan related other changes	11,310,497	131,027	-	11,441,524		
Total equity related other changes	-	-	1,205,768	1,205,768		
Balance as at 31 December 2018	11,310,497	131,027	27,565,270	39,006,794		

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39.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk which arises with the possibility that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific counterparties and continually assessing the creditworthiness of counterparties.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Company seeks to minimize the credit risk exposure through having exposures only to customers considered credit worthy, allowing advances to vendors / suppliers who have long standing with Company and placing deposits with banks with good rating. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

2018	2017	
(Rupees in '000)		
237,538	211,358	
667,945	465,775	
4,203	2,361	
40,627	37,481	
1,357,271	965,722	
268,622	176,474	
1,506,656	7,925,758	
4,082,862	9,784,929	
	(Rupees 237,538 667,945 4,203 40,627 1,357,271 268,622 1,506,656	

Trade debts and installment sales receivables

For trade debts and installment sales receivables, internal risk assessment process determines the credit quality of the customers. Taking into account their past experience, consideration of financial position, past track records and recoveries, the Company believes that appropriate impairment has been made and no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of unprovided amounts as there are reasonable grounds to believe that the amounts will be recovered in due course of time. When the recovery of the amount is considered uncertain by the management, a provision is made for the same. Known bad debts are written-off when they are identified.

Bank balances

Bank balances are held with reputable banks with high quality credit ratings. At year end, the Company has bank balances with banks having credit ratings ranging from A1+ to A1.

39.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company applies the prudent risk management policies by maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances and by keeping committed credit lines. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the following reporting dates:

	Less than 3 month	Over 3 month	Total
	(Rupees in '000)	
31 December 2018			
Trade and other payables	13,478,890	930,676	14,409,566
Advances from customers	1,780,428	495,650	2,276,078
Deposits against display of vehicles	263,648	3,742,871	4,006,519
Unclaimed dividend	22,295	-	22,295
Security deposits	-	215,730	215,730
	15,545,261	5,384,927	20,930,188
31 December 2017			
Trade and other payables	9,798,258	1,579,557	11,377,815
Advances from customers	2,864,778	2,467,170	5,331,948
Deposits against display of vehicles	50,651	4,379,746	4,430,397
Unclaimed dividend	14,137	-	14,137
Security deposits	-	170,155	170,155
	12,727,824	8,596,628	21,324,452

39.4 Fair value of financial instruments

When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company uses market observable data as far as possible. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy.

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For the year ended December 31, 2018

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	Carrying amount				Fair value	
	Loan and receivables	Fair value- liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
			(Rupees i	n '000)		
Financial assets not measured at fair value						
Trade debts	237,538	-	-	-	-	-
Installment sales receivable	667,945	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term loans	4,203	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances	40,627	-	-	-	-	-
Trade deposits and short						
term prepayments	1,357,271	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	268,622	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	1,516,163	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value						
Trade and other payables	-	-	14,409,566	-	-	-
Short-term finance	-	-	11,310,497	-	-	-
Security deposits	-	-	4,222,249	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	22,295	-	-	-

2017

		Carrying amount			Fair value		
	Loan and receivables	Fair value- liabilities	Other financial liabilities	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
			(Rupees i	n '000)			
Financial assets not measured at fair value							
Trade debts	211,358	-	-	-	-	-	
Installment sales receivable	465,775	-	-	-	-	-	
Long-term loans	2,361	-	-	-	-	-	
Loans and advances	37,481	-	-	-	-	-	
Trade deposits and short							
term prepayments	965,722	-	-	-	-	-	
Other receivables	176,474	-	-	-	-	-	
Cash and bank balances	9,189,552	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value							
Trade and other payables	-	-	11,377,815	-	-	-	
Security deposits	-	-	4,600,552	-	-	-	
Unclaimed dividend	-	-	14,137	-	-	-	

The estimated fair value of all financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from carrying values as the items are either short-term in nature or periodically repriced.

40. Capital Risk Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structures in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investment projects, to maximize shareholder value and reduce the cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company is currently financing its operations through equity and short-term finance.

41. Segment Information

The activities of the Company have been grouped into two segments of related products i.e. automobile and motorcycles as follows:

- The Automobile segment includes sales of own manufactured vehicles and spare parts and trading vehicles and spare parts.
- The Motorcycles segment includes sales of own manufactured vehicles and spare parts and trading vehicles and spare parts.

41.1 Segment revenue and results

Following is an analysis of the Company's revenue and results by reportable segment:

	2018			2017		
	Automobile	Motorcycle	Total	Automobile	Motorcycle	Total
			(Rupees	in '000)		
Net sales	116,565,676	3,288,222	119,853,898	99,257,509	2,554,102	101,811,611
Gross profit	6,724,635	320,230	7,044,865	9,457,590	194,983	9,652,573
Distribution expenses Administration expenses	(2,645,962) (2,099,491)	(60,891) (201,589)	(2,706,853) (2,301,080)	(2,775,083) (1,481,995)	(29,173) (117,820)	(2,804,256) (1,599,815)
Operating profit Other income Finance cost	1,979,182 513,901 (360,604)	57,750 52,042 (1,919)	2,036,932 565,943 (362,523)	5,200,512 815,954 (66,851)	47,990 48,757 (1,237)	5,248,502 864,711 (68,088)
Segment results	2,132,479	107,873	2,240,352	5,949,615	95,510	6,045,125
Unallocated corporate expenses						
Other operating expenses			(154,204)			(413,997)
Share of loss of equity accounted investee Taxation			(3,212) (784,828)			(11,914)
			(942,244)			(2,219,304)
Profit after tax			1,298,108			3,825,821

Revenue from sale of Automobiles represent 98% (2017: 98%) of the gross sales of the Company. 99.99% (2017: 99.99%) of the gross sales of the Company are made to customers located in Pakistan. All non-current assets of the Company at 31 December 2018 are located in Pakistan.

The Company's customer base is diverse with no single customer accounting for more than 10% of sales.

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41.2 Segment assets and liabilities

		2018			2017	
		2010			2017	
	Automobile	Motorcycle	Total	Automobile	Motorcycle	Total
			(Rupees	in '000)		
Assets						
Segment assets	46,060,015	2,015,834	48,075,849	33,369,277	1,686,921	35,056,198
Unallocated corporate assets	-	-	13,434,000	-	-	15,854,269
	46,060,015	2,015,834	61,509,849	33,369,277	1,686,921	50,910,467
						_
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	20,878,740	87,747	20,966,487	21,209,327	151,424	21,360,751
Unallocated corporate liabilities	-	-	11,310,497	-	-	-
	20,878,740	87,747	32,276,984	21,209,327	151,424	21,360,751

Other segment information 41.3

Capital expenditure	8,257,285	201,231	8,458,516	3,428,516	90,699	3,519,215
Impairment	9,139	-	9,139			
Depreciation	1,438,779	129,744	1,568,523	1,244,152	118,649	1,362,801

Corresponding Figures 42.

The fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 has introduced certain presentation and classification requirements for the elements of financial statements. Accordingly, the corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary, to comply with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017. Following reclassification has been made at year end other than disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements.

Description	Reclassified from	Reclassified to	2018
			(Rupees in '000)
Unclaimed dividend	Trade and other payables	Unclaimed dividend (presented on face of statement of financial position)	22,295
Accrued profit on bank deposits	Accrued profit on bank deposits	Other Receivables - Considered Good	46

Management consider that above reclassification is not material to these financial statements.

Non-Adjusting Event After the Balance Sheet Date 43.

- The Board of Directors in their meeting held on March 25, 2019 has recommended a final cash dividend on 43.1 ordinary shares at the rate of 31.6% (2017: 186%). The Board of Directors have further approved the transfer of Rs. 1,039,000 million (2017: 2,295 million) from unappropriated profit to general reserves. The approval of the members for the said appropriations will be obtained at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on April 23, 2019.
- Under section 5A of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (as amended by the Finance Act 2018), a tax shall be imposed at the rate of 5% of the accounting profit before tax on the every public company, other than scheduled bank or modaraba, that drives profit for a tax year but does not distribute at least 20% of its after tax profits within six months of the end of the tax year through cash or bonus shares.

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on March 25, 2019 have recommended sufficient cash dividend for the year ended 31 December 2018 for the consideration and approval of the shareholders of the Company in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting which complies with the above stated requirements. Accordingly, no provision for tax on undistributed profit has been recognized in these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

44. **Number of Employees**

The detail of number of employees are as follows:	2018	2017
Total employees of the Company at the year end	2,024	1,345
Average employees of the Company during the year	1,649	1,307
Employees working in the Company's factory at the year end	887	336
Average employees working in the Company's factory		
during the year	550	340

45. **Date of Authorisation For Issue**

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company in its meeting held on March 25, 2019.

Chief Financial Officer

Pattern of Shareholding

As at December 31, 2018

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No. of Shareholders		Shareholdings 'Slab	To	otal Shares Held
4034	1	to	100	93,715
1245	101	to	500	369,000
534	501	to	1000	425,427
478	1001	to	5000	1,074,974
79	5001	to	10000	603,058
28	10001	to	15000	354,637
13	15001	to	20000	227,784
8	20001	to	25000	184,109
3	25001	to	30000	82,125
5	30001	to	35000	165,475
4	35001	to	40000	151,239
5	40001	to	45000	214,019
3	45001	to	50000	147,850
1	50001	to	55000	52,350
2	65001	to	70000	134,330
1	70001	to	75000	70,400
1	75001	to	80000	75,800
2	80001	to	85000	166,569
2	85001	to	90000	177,700
1	90001	to	95000	92,150
5	95001	to	100000	495,050
2	100001	to	105000	201,100
1	110001	to	115000	114,400
1	130001	to	135000	135,000
1	155001	to	160000	158,600
2	180001	to	185000	367,262
3	195001	to	200000	600,000

No. of Shareholders		Shareholdings 'Slab		Total Shares Held
1	210001	to	215000	214,500
2	230001	to	235000	469,250
1	245001	to	250000	250,000
1	255001	to	260000	
		to		255,900
1	270001		275000	271,900
1	335001	to	340000	340,000
1	380001	to	385000	383,200
1	450001	to	455000	454,400
1	565001	to	570000	568,523
1	595001	to	600000	600,000
1	670001	to	675000	674,400
1	705001	to	710000	705,200
1	805001	to	810000	805,250
1	900001	to	905000	902,860
1	1120001	to	1125000	1,122,140
1	1160001	to	1165000	1,160,574
1	1505001	to	1510000	1,506,600
1	2140001	to	2145000	2,142,200
1	3285001	to	3290000	3,287,600
1	59250001	to	59255000	59,251,231
6,485				82,299,851

Pattern of Shareholding

As at December 31, 2018

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Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
Directors and their spouse(s) and minor children			
MOIN M FUDDA	1	500	0.00
Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties			
M/S. SUZUKI MOTOR CORPORATION	2	60,154,091	73.09
Executives	1	7	0.00
Public Sector Companies and Corporations	8	906,645	1.10
Banks, development finance institutions, non-banking finance companies, insurance companies, takaful, modarabas and pension funds	25	2,205,740	2.68
Mutual Funds			
CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET OPPORTUNITY FUND	1	568,523	0.69
MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ABL ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	1	100	0.00
CDC-TRUSTEE AL-AMEEN ISLAMIC RET. SAV. FUND-EQUITY SUB FUND	1	150	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE UBL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND - EQUITY SUB FUND	1	200	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	1	1,122,140	1.36
CDC - TRUSTEE NIT ISLAMIC EQUITY FUND	1	70,400	0.09
MCBFSL TRUSTEE ABL ISLAMIC DEDICATED STOCK FUND	1	8,550	0.01
CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	1	100	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ISLAMIC DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	1	86	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE FIRST CAPITAL MUTUAL FUND	1	10,000	0.01
CDC TRUSTEE - MEEZAN DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	1	100	0.00

Categories of Shareholders	Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN BALANCED FUND	1	60	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE FIRST DAWOOD MUTUAL FUND	1	1,000	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND	1	100	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND	1	4,720	0.01
CDC - TRUSTEE AL MEEZAN MUTUAL FUND	1	200	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE MEEZAN ISLAMIC FUND	1	66,700	0.08
CDC - TRUSTEE AL-AMEEN SHARIAH STOCK FUND	1	50	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND	1	50	0.00
CDC - TRUSTEE KSE MEEZAN INDEX FUND	1	26,700	0.03
MCBFSL - TRUSTEE PAK OMAN ISLAMIC ASSET ALLOCATION FUND	1	1,350	0.00
General Public			
a. Local	6295	6,343,610	7.71
b. Foreign	6	21,951	0.03
Foreign Companies	20	9,231,147	11.22
Others	106	1,554,881	1.89
Totals	6485	82,299,851	100.00
Share holders holding 5% or more		Shares Held	Percentage
M/S. SUZUKI MOTOR CORPORATION		60,154,091	73.09

Dealer Network

Azad Kashmir		Jhelum	1
Dadyal	1	Kamonki	1
Kotli	1	Kasur	1
Mirpur	1	Khanewal	1
Muzaffarabad	1	Khanpur	1
		Kharian	1
Baluchistan		Khushab	1
Gwadar	1	Kot Addu	1
Kuchlak	1	Lahore	18
Quetta	2	Layyah	1
		Lodhran	1
Khyber Pakhtun Khwa		Mandi Bahauddin	1
Abbottabad	1	Mianchannu	1
Battagram	1	Mianwali	1
Charsadda	2	Multan	6
D.I.Khan	1	Narowal	1
Dir	1	Okara	1
Gilgit	1	Pakpattan	1
Haripur	1	Pasrur	1
Haveliyan	1	Rahimyar khan	2
Kohat	1	Rajanpur	1
Mansehra	1	Rawalpindi	4
Mardan	1	Sadiqabad	1
Nowshera	1	Sahiwal	2
Peshawar	4	Sarghodha	1
Swabi	1	Sheikhupura	1
Swat	1	Shorkot	1
onat	-	Sialkot	2
Punjab		Talagang	1
Alipur	1	Taxila	1
Bahawalnagar	1	Toba Tek Singh	1
Bahawalpur	1	Vehari	1
Bhakkar	1	Wazirabad	1
Burewala	1		
Chakwal	1	Sindh	
Chichawatni	1	Badin	1
Chiniot	1	Hyderabad	5
Chishtian	1	Karachi	19
Chunian	1	Larkana	1
D.G.Khan	1	Makli	1
Daska	1	Mirpur Khas	1
Dipalpur	1	Moro	1
Faisalabad	3	Nawabshah	1
Gujar khan	1	Sukkur	3
Gujranwala	1	Tando Allahyar	1
Gujratiwala Gujrat	1		
Islamabad	6	Grand Total	149
Jhang	1		
mang	1		



TEVTA بهاولپورکوعطیه کی فراهمی:

جوینائل جیل میں ٹرینی قید یوں کے لئے ووکیشنل ٹریننگ پروگرام کی سہولیات کی فراہمی کے لئے ووکیشنل ٹریننگ پروگرام کی سہولیات کی فراہمی کے لئے کہ التحالی کے لئے کیشن ایٹڈ ووکیشنل ٹریننگ اتھارٹی (TEVTA)، سینٹرل جیل، بہاولپور، پنجاب کو 31 جنوری 2019 کو واٹرڈ سپنسراور سیفٹی آٹمز بطور عطیہ فراہم کئے ہیں۔

ماحوليات:

PCSIR اور PSTC میں شجر کاری:

پاکستان کونسل آف سائنگیفک اینڈ انڈسٹریل ریسرچ (PCSIR) اورپاک سوئس ٹریننگ سینٹر (PSTC) میں 7 دیمبر 2018 کوخوبصورتی میں اضافے اور ماحول کوصاف اور صحت مند بنانے کے لئے شجر کاری مہم کی سرگرمیوں کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ اس پر وجیکٹ میں مختلف مقامات پر آم، چیکواور نیم کے 300 پودے لگائے گئے۔

صحت، حفاظت اور ما حولیات (HSE) آگائی سیشن:

نیشنل ہائی وے اور موٹر وے پولیس (NH & MP) کو حفاظتی ہدایات کے کتا بچوں کا عطیہ :

پاک سوز وکی نے بیشنل ہائی و ہے اور موٹرو ہے پولیس (NH & MP) کو 26 فروری 2018 کو تین ہزار حفاظتی مدایات کے کتا بچوں کا عطیہ فراہم کیا، جو کہ نیشنل ہائی و ہے اور موٹرو ہے استعال کرنے والے ڈرائیوروں میں تقسیم کیا جائے گا۔

صحت، حفاظت اور ماحولیات آگاہی سیشن:

13 جولائی 2018 کو کمپنی ملاز مین کے بچوں، بھائیوں اور بہنوں کے لئے صحت، حفاظت اور ماحولیات (HSE) آگاہی سیشن میں حفاظت اور سیکیورٹی، ماحولیاتی مسائل اور صحت مندر ہنے کے لئے تجاویز کی اہمیت کواجا گر کیا گیا۔ مجموعی طور پر 37 افراد نے اس آگاہی سیشن میں شرکت کی۔

محفوظ ڈرائیونگ تکنیک آگاہی سیشن:

'محفوظ ڈرائیونگ تکنیک' کے بارے میں کمپنی میں کارر کھنےوالے مالکان، منیجروں،

سپروائزروں اور ڈرائیوروں کے لئے بروز جمعہ مورخہ 26 اکتوبر 2018 کو ڈرائیونگ آ آگاہی سیشن کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ اس سیشن کے دوران شرکاء کو محفوظ ڈرائیونگ تکنیک، ہائی وے ڈرائیونگ تو اعداور گاڑیوں کی مینٹیئنس کی تجاویز کے بابت معلومات فراہم کی کئیں۔ آگاہی سیشن میں ٹریفک سائن، تکنیک، حادثات وحفاظتی تد ابیر سے متعلق تصاویر اویڈیو بھی دکھائی گئیں۔

ملتان اور جناح گیٹ، پاکستان اسٹیل، کراچی میںٹر یفک سیفٹی سائن بورڈز کی تنصیب:

پاک سوز وکی نے مختلف مقامات پر 86 مختلف ٹریفک سیفٹی سائن بورڈ زنصب کیئے۔ملتان پر وجیکٹ مارچ 2018 اور کراچی پر وجیکٹ جولائی 2018 میں مکمل ہوا۔اس اقدام کا مقصد ڈرائیوروں،مسافروں اور پیدل چلنے والے افراد کے درمیان ٹریفک تو اعدوضوا ابط کی پیروی کے لئے حفاظتی شعور بیدار کرنا تھا۔

کمیونگی صحت:

برنس سینظر کومیڈ یکل آلات کا عطیعہ پاک سوز وکی نے میڈ یکل اور سرجیکل پروسیجر کی سہولیات کی فراہمی کے لئے برنس سینظر، سول اسپتال کو 10 مئی 2018 کو الیکٹرک بوائکر ،الٹراسا وَ نڈمشین ،ٹرنی کٹ اور سرجیکل انسٹر ومنٹ سیٹ بطور عطیہ فراہم کئے۔ برنس سینٹر ہیاتھ کی سرسوں ،میڈ یکل ٹر بیٹنٹ ،سرجیکل پروسیجر وغیرہ کے لئے گرانقدر خدمات سرانجام دے رہا ہے۔ برنس سینٹر جلے ہوئے مریضوں ، برن انجریز سے متاثرہ افراد اوران کے آئیریشن کے لئے مفت خدمات فراہم کرتا ہے۔

وينٹی لیٹر کاعطیہ:

پاک سوز وکی نے 11 جون 2018 کوانڈس اسپتال کی ضروریات کی تکمیل کے لئے ایک وینٹی لیٹرانڈس اسپتال کوعطیہ کیا۔

خون عطيه كيمپ:

کمپنی میں 3 اور 6 اگست 2018 کوانڈس اسپتال کے تعاون سے خون کے عطیہ کے کیمپ کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔انڈس اسپتال بلڈسینٹر پاکستان کا پہلاسینٹر ائز ڈریجنل بلڈسینٹر ہے جوبین

الاقوامی معیار کے مطابق مکنٹم محفوظ خون اور بائی پروڈکٹس کی فراہمی کے نقط نظر کے ساتھ معاشرے کے تقط نظر کے ساتھ معاشرے کے تمام شعبوں میں بلاامتیاز فراہم کرتا ہے۔گل 325 ڈونرز نے اپنا خون رضا کارانہ طور پرعطیہ کیا۔

GDA اسپتال گوادر كوسوز وكى APV ايمبولنس كاعطيه:

پاک سوزوکی نے 30 اگست 2018 کوم یضوں کوایڈوانس میڈیکل ٹریٹنٹ کی فراہمی کے لئے کراچی نتقلی کے لئے ایک سوزوکی IAPV یم پولنس GDA ایم پیتال گوادر کو بطور عطیہ فراہم کی -GDA اسپتال گوادر قابل ، تربیت یافتہ اور تجربہ کار ڈاکٹروں، نرسوں، فیکنیشنز اورایڈ منسٹریشن اسٹاف کے ذریعے خدمات فراہم کرتا ہے۔ بیاسپتال تمام ضروری سہولیات سے لیس ہے اور مقامی افراد کومفت طبی علاج فراہم کرتا ہے۔

معيار، ما حول ، صحت وحفاظت مينجمنث سستم:

پاک سوز وکی موٹر کمپنی کمیٹر 'معیار، ماحول ، صحت و حفاظت مینجنٹ سسٹم' (QHSE) کے کلار کے سالس فروغ کے لئے پرعزم ہے۔ کمپنی وقافو قناً پنے QHSE فریم ورک کا جائزہ لیتی ہے اورا گر ضروری ہوتو سسٹم کی کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کے لئے اقدامات کرتی ہے۔

كوالتي مينجمنث مستم (QMS):

پاک سوز وکی نے لائیڈر جٹریشن کوالٹی ایثورنس Lloyd's Register Quality) کیا گئی درجٹر میشن So 9001:2015 کوالٹی Assurance) کوالٹی

بحكم بور ڈ

ماسا فوی بارا نو چیف ایگزیگو

> کرا چی 25مارچ 2019

مینجنٹ سٹم کا تاز ورتن ورژن حاصل کیا۔ بیرونی آڈیٹرز کے مطابق PSMC کا سٹم نہایت مضبوط ،اچھی طرح سے آپ ڈیٹ کیا گیا ہے اور آڈٹ کے دوران کسی بھی شعبے سے اس میں کوئی غیر مطابقت (non-conformity) نہیں ملی۔

ماحولياتي مينجمنك مسلم (EMS):

پاک سوز وکی ماحول کو بہتر بنانے کے لئے پُر عزم ہے۔ سمپنی نے ISO 14001:2015 کا تازہ ترین ورژن کو بھی ری سرٹیفائیڈ کروایا ہے جوموجود ہے اور سمپنی کے آپریشنز میں اہم عضر ہے۔ یہ آرگنا ئزیشن کو وسائل کے زیادہ موثر استعال اور

فضلے میں کی کے ذریعے سے اس کی ماحولیاتی کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے میں معاون ہے۔ پاک سوز و کی اپنی سرگرمیوں سے پیدا ہونے والے فضلات کی مسلسل نگرانی کرتا ہے اور جہاں کہیں ضروری ہووہاں ویسٹ واٹرٹر یٹمنٹ پلانٹ اور ماحولیاتی کنٹرول کے ساز وسامان کی سہولیات موجود ہیں۔

بيثيرورانه صحت اور حفاظتی مينجمنك سطم (OHSAS):

پاکسوز وکی ایسے نظام کی فراہمی کے لئے پُرعزم ہے جوغیر محفوظ اورغیر معتبر کام کے حالات کے خاتے میں معاون ہو۔خطرات کی نشاند ہی اور حادثات پر قابو پانے کے تمام طریقوں پڑ مملدر آمد ہور ہاہے، نیز خطرات کی تشخیص اور حادثات سے بچاؤ کے لئے تمام ضروری حفاظتی اقد امات کئے جاتے ہیں۔

مخىسائتۇ ئىخىسائتۇ چىز يىن

ڈائر کیٹرزاورا کیزیکٹوز کی جانب سے مپنی کے صص میںٹریڈنگ:

ڈائر کیٹرز ،ایگزیکٹوز اوران کے اہلخانہ اور چھوٹے بچوں نے نمپنی کے خصص میں ٹریڈنگ نہیں کی ہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز کی تقرری:

سبدوش ہوگئ M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. چارٹرڈاکاوئٹنٹس سبدوش ہوگئے ہیں اور انہوں نے دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے اپنی خدمات کی پیشکش کی ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی نے 31 دسمبر 2019 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے آڈیٹرز کی دوبارہ تعیناتی کے لئے سفارش کی ہے۔ ڈائر کیٹران نے آڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارشات کی تصدیق کی ہے۔

بوردْ، آدْ ٹ کمیٹی، افرادی قوت اور مشاہرہ کمیٹی میں ردوبدل

سال کے دوران، بورڈ کے انتخابات 2 فروری 2018 کومنعقد کئے گئے اور مندرجہ ذیل افراد 7 فروری 2018 سے شروع ہونے والی تین (3) سالہ مدت کے لئے کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹر کے طور بینتخب کئے گئے:

1۔ جناب تنجی سائیو – نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر

2_ جناب ماسافومی ہارانو – ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر

3_ جناب ہیروفومی نا گاؤ ۔ ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر

4_ جناب شيكيو تا كيزاوا – نان ايگزيكڻوڈائريكٹر

5۔ جناب کازوبوکی ماماشیتا – نان ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر

6- جناب معين ايم فدا – انڈيدپنڈنٹ ڈائريکٹر

7_ محترمەرخسانەشاە – انڈىينپڈنٹ ڈائر يکٹر

جناب کنجی سائیتو اور جناب ما سافو می ہارانوکابالتر تیب بطور بورڈ کے چیئر مین اور چیف ایکٹریٹو از سر نوا متخاب کیا گیا ہے۔اس کے نتیج میں،افرادی قوت ومشاہرہ کمیٹی اورآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کو از سرنومنظم کیا گیا ہے اور بورڈ نے افرادی قوت ومشاہرہ کمیٹی اورآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے لئے مندرجہ ذیل ڈائریکٹران کوبطورارکان نامزدکیا ہے۔

آ دُٹ کمیٹی: افرادی قوت ومشاہرہ کمیٹی

1- جناب معین ایم فدا 1- محتر مدر خسانه شاه 2- جناب کنجی سائیتو اور 2- جناب کنجی سائیتو اور 3- جناب شیکیو تا کیز اوا 3- جناب ماسافو می ہارا نو

اس کے علاوہ ، جناب معین ایم فدا کوآ ڈٹ کمیٹی کا چیئر مین اور محتر مدرخسانہ شاہ کوافرادی قوت ومشاہرہ کمیٹی کا چیئر مین نامز دکیا گیاہے۔

یہ قابل غور ہے کہ کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس 2017 کی ضروریات کوفروری 2018 میں ڈائر یکٹران کے انتخابات میں با قاعدہ عمل کیا گیا ہے، یعنی بہشمول ایک خاتون 2 آزاد ڈائر یکٹران کو بورڈ میں منتخب کیا گیا ہے۔

5 جولائی 2018 کو جناب تیت و یا فیوجیوکا کو جناب ہیروفو می نا گاؤ کی جگه بورڈ کارکن تقرر کیا ً ہے، جولطور رکن اپنے عہدے ہے مستعفی ہو گئے تھے۔

جیبا کہ 31 دسمبر 2018 سے بورڈ مندرجہ ذیل ڈائر یکٹران پر شتمل ہے:۔

1۔ جناب سنجی سائلتو

2۔ جناب ماسا فو می ہارا نو

3_ جناب تيسو يا فيوجيو كا

4_ جناب شيگيو تا كيزاوا

5۔ جناب کازویو کی یاماشیتا 6۔ جناب معین ایم فگدا

7_محترمه رخسانه شاه

کار پوریٹ ساجی ذمہداری (CSR)

کمپنی بطور ذمہ دار کار پوریٹ آر گنا ئزیشن معاشرے کی بہتری کے لئے تعلیم ، صحت اور ماحول کے شعبوں میں اپنی بھر پورشر کت کے ذریعے سے مجموعی طور پرلوگوں کا معیار زندگی بہتر بنانے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے۔

تعلیم اورتکنیکی معاونت کا پروگرام:

سرکاری اسکول حاجی فقومیس لا تبریری کے لئے کتابوں اور فرنیچر کا عطیہ

پاک سوز وکی نے16 مارچ 2018 کو گورنمنٹ بوائز اینڈ گرلز ہائز سیکنڈری اسکول حاجی تھو میں لائبر بری کے لئے ،ریکس، کتابیں، کرسیاں اور میزیں بطور عطیہ فراہم کیس۔

اين اى دى اسكالرشپ ايواردى تقريب:

این ای ڈی یو نیورٹی آف انجینئر نگ اینڈ ٹیکنالوجی پاکتان کے ناموراداروں میں سے ایک ہے جو 1922 سے قوم کے لئے خدمات سرانجام دے رہاہے۔ سی ایس آر کے تحت تعلیمی معاونت پروگرام کوجاری رکھتے ہوئے 16 مئی 2018 کومنعقدہ چھٹی این ای ڈی اسکالرشپ کی تقریب کے دوران این ای ڈی یو نیورٹی آف انجینئر نگ اینڈ ٹیکنالوجی کے طالب علموں کے درمیان 14 اسکالرشپ تقسیم کی گئیں۔ اس بات پر بھی غور کیا جاسکتا ہے کہ 2013 میں اس پروگرام کے آغاز سے لے کر اب تک 48 اسکالرشپ کے اعزاز ات حاصل کرنے والے طالب علم انجینئر بن چکے ہیں۔

اسكالرشپ پروگرام:

باصلاحیت اور ضرور تمند طالب علموں کو سرا ہنے اور ان کی حوصلہ افزائی کے ذریعے مقامی
کیونٹی کی معاونت کے فروغ کے لئے کمپنی نے اسکالر شپ پروگراموں کا آغاز کیا ہے تاکہ
وہ اپنی تعلیم کوآ گے جاری رکھ کیس، جو آنہیں خوابوں کی تحییل کے لئے بااختیار بناتی ہے
اور ملک کے لئے ایک کامیاب شخص اور کار آمد شہری بننے میں معاون ثابت ہوتی ہے۔ 30
جنوری 2019 کو لوئر سینڈری اسکالر شپ تقسیم کرنے کی تقریب کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ گور نمنٹ
اسکولوں سے منتخب کئے گئے گریڈ 6 اور 7 کے طلباء وطالبات میں گل 186 سکالر شپ تقسیم
گریئیں۔ ہائر سینڈری اسکول اسکالر شپ کا انعقاد 23 اپریل 2018 کو کیا گیا جس میں
گریئنٹ اسکولوں ، کالجوں اور یونی ورسٹیوں سے منتخب کئے گئے طالب علموں کو 46 سکالر شپ کے عزاز ارت سے نواز آگیا۔

سوز كى بولان بطور عطيه برائے عُقىلى فيملى ايندُ فريندُ زايسوسى ايش:

عُقیلی فیملی اینڈ فرینڈ زایسوی ایشن 2010سے نادار وغریب بچوں کومعیاری تعلیم کی فراہمی کے مواقعوں کوآگے بڑھار ہاہے۔اس نے موری تھٹھ میں ایک متر و کہ سرکاری

کے لئے 28 فروری 2018 کوایک بولان وین بطور عطیہ فراہم کی ہے۔

سوزوکی یک أپ موبائل لائبر ری کا عطیه:

اسکول کی عمارت کواپنا کراس میں اضافی انفرااسٹر کچر جیسے بہترین اور مکمل ساز وسامان سے

آ راسته کمپیوٹراورسائنس لیب، لائبر ریی، کلاس روم اوراسٹاف روم بنا کرایک مخلوط نظام

تعلیم کامڈل اسکول قائم کیااوراگست2017سے اس اسکول نے اپنا آپریشن کے آغاز کیا

ہے۔ پاک سوز وکی نے عُقلی فیملی اینڈ فرینڈ زایسوسی ایشن کوٹیچرز کی ٹرانسپورٹ کی سہولت

پاک سوز وکی نے سوز وکی راوی پک آپ بطور موبائل لائبریری 13 ستمبر 2018 کو ہنزہ،
گلگت بلتتان کے گاؤں میں کام کرنے والی گلکن اور پاسوکی جوائنٹ کمیٹی کو عطیہ کی ہے۔
ہاتھ ہاتھ ،ایک جاپانی غیر منافع بخش تنظیم ہے، جس نے 3000 سے زائد کتا ہیں (نرسری سے گریجویشن کی سطح تک) فراہم کرنے میں بھی معاونت فراہم کی ہے۔عطیہ کی گئی موبائل لائبریری گلگت بلتتان (پاسو، گلوکن اور دیگر گاؤں) میں واقع سرکاری اور کمیونی اسکولوں اور دیگر تعلیمی اداروں میں خدمات فراہم کرئی ۔موبائل لائبریری کے پس پر دہ مقاصد ہیں کہ طلباء اور دیگر میں گئی ہیں کاشوق اور سہولیات کو فروغ دیا جائے اس کے ساتھ ساتھ انہیں دہلتی رہے۔

PSTC اور STEVTA كواستعال شده مشينون كاعطيه:

سندھ ٹیکنیکل ایجو کیشن اینڈ ووکیشنل ٹریننگ اتھارٹی (STEVTA) اور پاک سوکن ٹریننگ سینٹر (PSTC) کی جانب سے 19 اور 20 نومبر 2018 کو 1599 استعال شدہ مشینیں (لیتھ،ڈرل،ملِنگ اورتی این تی) کو وصول کیا گیا ہے۔مرمت اور تصیب کے بعد ریاستعال شدہ شینیں طالب علموں کی ملی تربیت اور اسکل ڈویلپمنٹ کے لئے استعال کی جائیں گی۔ بیادارے ہیومن ریبورس ڈویلپمنٹ میں ڈگری پروگرام،ڈپلومہ آف ایسوتی ایڈس اور مختلف ٹیکنا لوجیز میں شارٹ پروفیشنل کورمز کے لئے مصروف عمل ہیں۔

لکڑی کی میزوں کا عطیہ:

کمپنی نے مختلف سرکاری اسکولوں ٹیکنیکل، ہیلتھ اور ایجوکیشن آفسوں، اسپتالوں میں ان کی ضروریات کی بحیل کے لئے 362 استعال شدہ لکڑی کی میزیں بطور عطیہ فراہم کی ہیں۔

ڈائریکٹرز رپورٹ

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرزنہایت مسرت کے ساتھ 31 دئمبر 2018 کونتم ہونے والے **کارپوریٹ گورننس**: مالی سال کے لئے سالا نہ رپورٹ اور آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات بمعہ آ ڈیٹرز رپورٹ پیش کررے ہیں۔ اكاونٹس (000 رویے)

2.082.936

1,299,068

1.049

(784,828)	محصولات
1,298,108	بعداز ٹیکس منافع
2,009	گذشته سالوں کا برقر ارمنا فع
1,300,117	۔ تخصیص کے لئے دستیابگل منافع
	كم بخصيص
1,039,000	عمومی ذ خائر میں منتقلی
260,068	مجوزه منافع منقسمه 3.16 روپ بشرح 31.6 فيصد

آمدنی فی حصص (EPS)

برقرارآ مدنجس ميں اضافه ہوا

سال کے لئے آمدنی فی حصص (EPS) 15.77 روپے رہی۔

هولڈنگ سمپنی:

قبل از ٹیکس منافع

جاپان میں موجود سوزوکی موٹر کارپوریش جاپان، پاک سوزوکی موٹر نمپنی لمیٹڈ کی ہولڈنگ سمپنی ہے جو کہ 73.09 فیصد خصص کی حامل ہے۔

چيئر مين كاجائزه

صفحہ 42 تا 50 برچیئر مین کا جائزہ، سال کی سرگرمیوں مے متعلق ہے اور کمپنی کے ڈائز یکٹران اس کے مندر جات کی حمایت کرتے ہیں۔

کمپنی کی انظامیه اعلی کارپوریٹ گورنس کی یابند ہے اور کام کے بہترین طریقوں برعملدرآمد كرتى ہے۔ كوڈ آف كار پوريك گورنس كے تحت ڈائر كيٹر مندرجہ ذيل عوامل پيش كرتے ہيں:

- کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار شدہ مالی گوشوارے واضح کرتے ہیں، اس کے معاملات،اس کے آپریشنز کے نتائج، زیرنقد (cash flows)اورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلی۔
 - کمپنی کے کھاتوں کا مناسب اندراج کیا جاتا ہے۔
- مالی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں اکاؤنٹنگ کی مناسب پالیسیز کامسلسل اطلاق کیا گیاہے نیز تخمینہ جات موز وں اور مختاط فیصلوں کی بنیادیر بنائے گئے ہیں۔
- مالی گوشواروں کی تیاری میں، پاکستان میں قابل اطلاق بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات کی پیروی کی جاتی ہے۔
- اندرونی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن کے اعتبار سے بہت مشحکم ہے،جس کا موثر اطلاق اور با قاعدہ نگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔
 - کمپنی کی Going Concern قابلیت پرکسی شم کاکوئی شک وشبز بیس ہے۔
- مناسب باخبر تحفظ کا میکانزم (whistleblower protection mechanism) قائم کیا گیاہے۔
- کمپنی این ملازمین کی حفاظت اور صحت کوتر جیح دیتی ہے۔ ملازمین کا مناسب طبی احاطہاور مختلف دورانیئے میں طبی جانچ کروائی جاتی ہے۔
- درج شده مفصل قواعد میں سے کارپوریٹ گورننس کی بہترین مثق ہے کئی بھی قتم کا مادی انخلاءرونمانہیں ہواہے۔

کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی اعدادوشار:

کمپنی کے چھسالہ ہم آپریشن اور مالیاتی اعداد وشار کا صفح نمبر 24 پرخلاصہ کیا گیا ہے۔

گورنمنٹ ٹیکس:

آؤك الشيندُ نَكُ عَيكسون اورليويز كونوك 24 مين اختصاص شده آؤك كرده مالى بيانات میں بیان کیا گیاہے۔

ملاز مین کی ریٹائر منٹ فنڈ زکی سر ماییکاری:

سال کے اختتام پر ملاز مین ریٹائرمنٹ بینیفٹ فنڈ ز کے سلسلے میں سر ماییکاری کی مالیت مندجه ذیل رہی:

دسمبر2018	دسمبر2018	
757.220ملين	852.215 ملين	<u>ڔ</u> ۅۅۑڋٮ۬ ٺ ڶڒ
452.257ملين	495.998ملين	<i>ڭرىجو</i> يىڭ فنڈ

بورد آف دائر يكٹرز ك اجلاس:

جناب تنجى سائتيو

جناب ماسا فومی ہارا نو

محتر مهرخسانهشاه

جناب شيكيوتا كيزاوا

جناب كازويوكي ياماشيتا

جناب معين ايم فدا

جناب ہیرونومی نا گاؤ/تیتبو بافیوجیوکا

سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کے جار (4) اجلاس کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ ہرڈائر کیٹر کی اجلاس میں حاضری مندرجہ ذیل رہی:

شركت كرده اجلاس كى تعداد

اجلاس كى تعداد	
2	محتر مدرخسانه ثناه
3	جناب تنجى سائتيو
3	جناب ماسا فومی ہارا نو

افرادی قوت (Human Resource) اور مشاہرہ کمیٹی

سال کے دوران افرادی قوت اور مشاہرہ کمیٹی کے تین (3) اجلاس کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ ہر

(Remuneration Committee) کا اجلاتی:

ڈائر یکٹر کی اجلاس میں حاضری مندرجہ ذیل رہی:

جوڈ ائر یکٹراجلاں میں شرکت کرنے سے قاصر تھے انہیں غیر حاضر ہونے کی اجازت فراہم

شركت كرده

اجلاس كى تعداد

شركت كرده

ڈائر کیٹران کاتر بیتی پروگرام:

بورڈ کے تمام ڈائر کیٹرز کارپوریٹ ہاڈیز کے ڈائر کیٹر کے طور پراینے فرائض وذ مہداریوں سے بخو بی آگاہ ہیں۔کوڈ کے قواعد 20 میں بیان کردہ معیار کے مطابق، ڈائر یکٹران کے تربیتی پروگرام کے تحت کمپنی کے پانچ ڈائر یکٹرول کوسند حاصل ہے اور کمپنی کے ایک

پيٹرن آفشيئر ہولڈنگ:

درج کئے گئے ہیں۔

جناب معين ايم فدا

جناب تنجى سائتو

جناب شيكيوتا كيزاوا

جوڈ ائر یکٹراجلاس میں شرکت کرنے سے قاصر تھے نہیں غیر حاضر ہونے کی اجازت فراہم ڈائر کیٹرکوڈائر کیٹران کے تربیتی پروگرام کی ضروریات سے انتشی حاصل ہے۔

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس:

سال کے دوران آڈٹ کمیٹی کے جار (4) اجلاس کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔ ہرڈ ائر بکٹر کی اجلاس میں 31 دسمبر 2018 کے پیٹرن آفشیئر ہولڈنگ سالا ندر پورٹ کا صفحہ نمبر 131 تا 141 پر حاضري مندرجه ذيل رہي:

انفارمیشن سیکیورٹی:

انفارمیشن اورسائبرسکیورٹی پروگرام کا مقعد بیہ ہے کہ مکندسلامتی کے خطرات کے بیش نظر
کمپنی اوراس کے آپریشنز کوالگ کر دیا جائے اوراسی وجہ سے اس پرانحصاراولین ترجیج ہے۔
پاک سوز و کی نے اس طرح کے ابھرتے ہوئے خطرات کے بیش نظر ٹولز اور ٹیکنیکس پر
سرمامیکاری کی ہے، جس میں سائبر میچورٹی اسیسمنٹ اور خطرات ارسائی کی بیرونی ماہرین
کی جانب سے جانج شامل ہے۔ اس طرح کی آڈیٹنگ سے پاک سوز و کی انفرااسٹر کچراور
خدمات برشراکت داروں کے اعتاد کو برقر اررکھنے میں بہت معاونت حاصل ہوئی ہے۔

اقتصادی شراکت:

سمپنی کوآٹوموبائل انڈسٹری میں عوامی سرمائے کے لئے بطورایک اہم شراکت دار کے ایک مخصوص مقام حاصل ہے۔ آپریشن کے آخری چیسالوں میں کمپنی کی جانب سے اداکر دہ ڈیوٹیز اور ٹسکیسز اور محفوظ کر دہ فارن کرنسی درج ذیل ہیں:

فارنا ^{ييچين} سيونگز *	ڈ پوٹیز اور <i>شیسز</i>	سال (جنوری-دسمبر)
(روپے بلّین میں)	(روپے بلین میں)	
27.275	15.380	2013
25.067	17.442	2014
39.688	26.422	2015
36.457	24.448	2016
43.182	35.162	2017
55.396	41.218	2018

سال کے دوران کمپنی کی جانب سے اداکر دہ ڈیوٹیز اور ٹیکسز اندازے کے مطابق مالی سال 2018-19 کے وفاقی بجٹ کے کل ٹیکس ریونیو کا تقریباً ایک فصد ہے۔ *سال کے آخر میں شرح تبادلہ کے مطابق یا کستانی رویے میں تبدیل شدہ

حكومتى بإلىسيان:

مالياتى ياليسيان:

اپنے وفاقی بجٹ 19-2018 میں ، حکومت نے کار پوریٹ ٹیکس کی شرح کو 30 فیصد سے 29 فیصد تک کم کر کے ریلیف فراہم کیا ، سال 2018 کے لئے سپر ٹیکس کی شرح کا منافع قبل از ٹیکس ایک فیصد کے حساب سے اطلاق ہوگا۔ مزید برآس ، غیر منقولہ منافع پر ٹیکس کی شرح میں 7.5 فیصد منافع قبل از ٹیکس کی کی ہوئی اور کم از کم منافع منتصمہ کی تقسیم کی شرط 40 فیصد کے مساوی سے بعداز ٹیکس منافع 20 فیصد رہا تھا۔ تاہم اضافی کشیم ڈیوٹی میں ایک فیصد سے دیسے دیسے مصنوعات کی لاگت میں براہ راست اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ کی تلافی کردی گئی ہے ، جس سے مصنوعات کی لاگت میں براہ راست اضافہ ہوا ہے۔

مزید برآں ،ٹیکس ریٹرنز کے نان فائکر زیرگاڑیوں کی خریداری پرعائد کردہ پابندی ہے آٹو موبائل مینوفیکچرر کے سینز والیوم کے ساتھ آٹوموٹیو سپلائرز کے کاروبار پر بھی اثرات مرتب ہوئے ہیں۔

سال کے اختتام کے بعد، نئی منتخب شدہ حکومت پاکستان نے انڈسٹری کو درمیش مسائل کے علی اور پالیسیوں میں تبدیلی لانے کے لئے نئے اقدامات کے طور پر 23 جنوری 2019 کوخنی مالیاتی ایک 2019 (دوسری ترمیم) پیش کیا۔

آ تُوسيكُٹر سے متعلقه كليدي تبديليوں ميں شامل ہيں:

ا۔ مقامی طور پر تیارشدہ گاڑیوں کی خریداری کے لئے نان فائکر زکواجازت دی گئ ۲۔ ٹیکس سال2020 سے سپڑنیس کا خاتمہ

- س۔ منافع منقسمہ 20 فیصد کم ہونے کی صورت میں 5 فیصد قبل از ٹیکس منافع کا ٹیکس سال 2019 ہے۔ سال 2019 سے خاتمہ، پاکسوزوکی کا متعلقہ محاسب سال 2019 ہے۔
- ۳۔ مقامی طور پر تیار کردہ 1700 سی سے زائد کی صلاحیت کی حامل گاڑیوں پر 10 فیصد فیٹر رل ایکسائز ڈیوٹی کا نفاذ
- ۵۔ درآ مدشدہ 1801 ہے3000 سی انجن سائز کی گاڑیوں پرڈیوٹیز میں 20 فیصد
 سے بڑھا کر 25 فیصد تک اضافہ اور 3000 سی سی انجن سائز سے زائد کی
 گاڑیوں پرڈیوٹیز میں 20 فیصد سے بڑھا کر 30 فیصد تک کا اضافہ

ہم حکومت کی جانب سے کی گئیں مثبت پالیسیوں کے اقدامات کا خیر مقدم کرتے ہیں اور امید کرتے ہیں اور امید کرتے ہیں اور امید کرتے ہیں کہ اسلامی کی شعبی ترقی کے فروغ کے لئے بنایا جائے گا۔

آ ٽوموڻيوڙويلپمنٺ پاليسي (ADP):

حکومت نے مارچ 2016 میں اے ڈی پی کا اعلان کیا ہے جو 2016 سے 2021 کی درمیان مدت پر لاگو ہے۔ اے ڈی پی آٹو موبائل انڈسٹری کے ترقیاتی منصوبے کے لئے زیادہ جم کی سہولت دینے ، سرمایہ کاری کو اپنی جانب مائل کرنے اور بہتر مسابقت کو بیتی بنانے کا ادراک کرتا ہے۔ پالیسی کا مقصدتمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لئے استحکام کو بیتی بنانے کا درمیان تو ازن تائم کرنا ہے۔ اے ڈی پی میں کی کی غرض سے منعتی ترتی اور ٹیرف کے درمیان تو ازن قائم کرنا ہے۔ اے ڈی پی میں کی گئی پیشکش آٹو انڈسٹری میں نئے داخل ہونے والوں کی حوصلدافز انکی کرتی ہے اور تا حال سترہ (17) اینٹیٹیز (Entities) کو گرین فیلڈ اسٹیٹس (نو وارد) اور دو (2) کو براؤن فیلڈ اسٹیٹس (نو وارد) اور دو (2) کو براؤن فیلڈ اسٹیٹس (نو وارد) تھے جو کہ مکنہ فیلڈ اسٹیٹس کی خواہاں تھے جو کہ مکنہ نو ورادین کو بیش کی گئی ہیں۔

سوز وکی موڑکار پوریشن جاپان (SMC)، پاک سوز وکی موڑ کمپنی پاکستان کمیٹڈ کا پرنیل شیئر ہولڈر اور بانی کمپنی ہے، جو پاکستان میں مزید توسیع کے مواقعوں کی تلاش میں سرگرداں ہے۔ ہم حکومت پاکستان کے ساتھ مسلسل را بطے میں ہیں کہ نئے پلانٹس میں سرمایہ کاری کے لئے بہترین حل تلاش کئے جائیں۔

استعال شده گاڑیوں کی (Used Car) یالیسی:

بڑی تعداد میں استعال شدہ گاڑیوں کی درآ مدصنعت کی ترقی کی راہ میں حائل ہے۔ 3 سالوں تک درآ مدشدہ گاڑیوں کی عمر کی حدیر پابندی کے باوجود، گزشتہ سال 77,972 نیٹش کے مقابلے میں سال کے دوران استعال شدہ گاڑیوں کے 58,592 نیٹش درآ مد کئے گئے ۔ جنوری 2019 میں حکومت نے ثبوت ظاہر کرنے کے لئے شرط عائد کی ہے کئے گئے بیاور گیا ادائیگی اس پاکستانی شہری کے اکاؤنٹ سے کی گئی ہیں جسے بیرون ملک سے گاڑی روانہ کی جارہی ہے۔ نظر ثانی شدہ طریقہ کارگاڑیوں کی درآ مد کور گورائز کردے گا۔

مستقبل كالائحمل اورخلاصه:

سال 19-2018 میں ملک کے میکروا کنا مک انڈیکیٹرست روی کا شکاراقتصادی نشونما کو ظاہر کرتے ہیں۔ بڑے مالی اور کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے کے باعث جی ڈی پی کی شرح تقریباً کہ فیصد رہنے کا امکان ہے۔ سال 2018 کے دوران ہم نے ماضی قریب میں اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان (SBP) کی جانب سے پالیسی کی شرح میں نمایاں اضافہ دیکھا۔ پالیسی کی موجودہ شرح 20.15 فیصد ہے۔ بلندتر مالی خسارے کے سبب مالی سال 2019 کے دوران خوراک و تیل کی قیتوں میں اضافہ، اور پاکستانی روپے کی قدر میں کی مورخال میں اضافے ہوئی قرضوں کی صورتحال میں اضافے سے پاکستانی روپے کے دباؤ میں رہنے کی توقع ہے۔ ہیرونی قرضوں کی صورتحال میں اضافہ اور بڑے سانی روپے کے دباؤ میں رہنے کی توقع ہے۔ شرح سود میں اضافہ اور بڑھتا ہوا افراط زر، پاکستانی روپے کے دباؤ میں رہنے کی توقع ہے۔ شرح سود میں اضافہ اور بڑے چیانجو کا سامنا ہے۔

تاہم کلومت مالی اور کرنٹ اکاؤنٹ خسارے میں کی کے لئے کوشاں ہے۔ یی پیک کے جاری منصوبوں، دوست ممالک جیسے سعودی عرب، یواے ای، اور چین کی جانب سے سرمایہ کاری ملک کی سالا نیز تی کی شرح میں معاون ثابت ہوگی۔استعال شدہ گاڑیوں کی درآمدکوریگولرائز کئے جانے کا متعارف کردہ طریقہ ءکاربھی آٹوانڈسٹری کے لئے مفید ہوگا۔

ہم امیدکرتے ہیں کہ حکومت طویل مدتی وژن اور مستقل پالیسیوں کے ساتھ انڈسٹری کوائی طرح سپورٹ کرتی رہے گی۔ مستقبل قریب میں مارکیٹ میں نوورادین کی آمد کی امید ہے۔ آپ کی کمپنی وسائل کے زیادہ سے زیادہ استعال اور صلاحیتوں میں بہتری کے ساتھ چیلنجز کا سامنا کرنے اور ان کی شکیل کے لئے مکمل طور پر تیارہ ہے۔ کمپنی صارفین کو مسابقتی قیمتوں پر معیاری مصنوعات ، مجاز ڈیلرز کے موثر نیٹ ورک کے ذریعے سے فراہم کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی مصنوعات کی وسیع رہے ہے اور یہ مختلف حصوں کی ضروریات کی تکمیل کے لئے اپنی مصنوعات کی وسیع رہے ہے اور یہ مختلف حصوں کی ضروریات کی تکمیل کے لئے اپنی مصنوعات کی ورثے گوائپ گریئے کرنے کا ممل جاری رکھے گی۔

آخر میں، میں بورڈ اور حصص داران کی جانب سے مینجنٹ، ایگزیکٹوز، ورکرز، ڈیلرز، سپلائزز اور سوزوکی ماہرین کا کمپنی کے معاملات میں ان کی کاوشوں اور شراکت کے لئے نشلیم و تحسین کا اظہار کرنا چاہتا ہوں۔ تمام سرکاری محکمہ جات کو بھی مسلسل جمایت اور حوصلہ افزائی کے لئے میرافخلصان شکریپیشِ خدمت ہے۔

> گ**نجی سائیتو** چیئر مین که دچه

کراچی 25مارچ 2019

سهوليات ميں اضافه:

- سمینی نے مانگا منڈی ، ملتان روڈ ، لا ہور میں 2,000 سے زائد گاڑیوں کی گنجائش کا حامل گودام تیار کیا ہے تا کہ صارفین کو گاڑیوں کی جلد تر سیل کی سہولیات فراہم ہو تکیں۔
 - بریک ڈاؤن ٹائم میں کی کے لئے ،ایئر سپلائی اور باڈی کا ایگز اسٹ سٹم اور یلاسٹک یارٹس پینٹنگ کوتبدیل کردیا گیاہے۔
- ۔ کمپنی اینے ملاز مین کوکام کرنے کے لئے صحتند، آرام دہ اور پرسکون ماحول فراہم کرتی ہے۔ لہذا پورے پلانٹ میں شاپ فلور پر گرمی کے اثرات زائل کرنے کے لئے فین کوائل بونٹ کے ساتھ چلرز یونٹ انسٹال کرکے ماحولیاتی بہتری کے لئے سرگرمیاں

افرادی قوت (HR):

یاک سوزوکی میں ملازمین ناصرف سوزوکی خاندان کا حصہ ہیں بلکہ کام کے اخلاقیات اورسازگار ماحول، پیدادار کے اعلیٰ ترین معیار کے حصول اوراسے برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے کمپنی کی کوششوں میں کمپنی کی ریڑھ کی ہڈی سمجھے جاتے ہیں۔

سمپنی ایک ابیاما حول فراہم کرنے کے لئے پرعزم ہے جس سے ملاز مین کوزیادہ سے زیادہ مکنہ کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرنے میں سہولت ملتی ہے، جبکہ کام کی زندگی کے دوران توازن برقراررکھاجا تاہے۔ یہ یک وقت،اس بات کوبھی یقینی بنایا جا تاہے کہ ڈیزائن کردہ ٹریننگ اور ڈیولیمنٹ پروگراموں کے ذریعے سے وقت کے ساتھ ملاز مین کواپنی مہارت کے لحاظ سے ترقی حاصل کرنے کے کافی زیادہ مواقع ملتے رہیں۔ ملاز مین کی بہتری اورخوشحالی کے لئے تمام تر اقدامات کئے جاتے ہیں اور حوصلہ افزائی کی سطح کو برقرار رکھنے کے لئے خصوصی سرگرمیاں کی جاتی ہیں۔

یاک سوز و کی موٹر تمپنی اینے ملاز مین کوحوصلہ افزا تربیت اور تعلیمی تجربات کے ساتھ فراہم کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہے تا کہ وہ اپنی مہارت کوآ گے بڑھا سکیں اور نئے خیالات اور آئیڈیاز کی دریافت کرسکیں۔ پاک سوز وکی موٹر کمپنی میں ٹیلنٹ کی ترقی کی کئی اقسام ہیں۔ بشمول کلیدی فعال شعبہ جات کے لئے تربیتی سیشن بھی شامل ہیں۔ ملاز مین کے فائدے کے لئے سال 2018 میں، 720 مقامی اور 12 غیر ملکی ٹریننگ کا انعقاد کیا گیا تھا تا کہ ان کے کام کی ذمہ دار یوں سے متعلق ان کی پیداواری صلاحیت اور مہارت کو مزید

ٹیلنٹ کاحصول:

کمپنی نے منجمنٹ ٹرینی اورٹریننگ انجینئر ز کے لئے معروف گریجویٹ تعلیمی اداروں میں کئی بھرتی کیمیس قائم کئے ہوئے ہیں۔اس مقصد کے لئے ایک اپنج آر پورٹل تیار کیا گیا ہے جس کی رسائی ویب سائٹ www.paksuzuki.com.pk پر حاصل کی جاسکتی ہے جہاں امیدوارا نتخاب کے منصفانہ مواقع حاصل کرنے کے لئے اپنی ہی وی أپ لوڈیا خودکوآن لائن رجٹر کروا سکتے ہیں۔ مذکورہ بالاعوامل کے مسلس عمل درآمد کے باعث، نمپنی کوسال 2018 میں بہترین امیدواروں کا زبردست ریسیانس موصول ہوا،ایک بہترین شفاف انتخابی مرحلے کے ذریعے سے متعدد معروف انجینئرنگ یو نیورسٹیوں ، ٹیکنیکل کالجزاور برنس اسکولز ہے گر بچویٹ ہونے والے 68 منجمنٹ ٹرینی ممپنی میں شامل

مینجمنٹ،افسریا کارکن کیڈر ہونے سے قطع نظر سوز وکی فیملی کے ہررکن کے لیے صحت اور کام کرنے کی جگه پر تحفظ سب سے اہم شعبہ ہے، کمپنی نے سوزو کی فیملی ارکان کی صحت و تحفظ کومندرجه ذیل طریقوں سے یقینی بنانے کی کوشش کی:

- تمام قابل اطلاق حكومتى اوراندرونى صحت ، تتحفظ اور ماحولياتى ضروريات كى يحميل :
- الیی ڈیزائن کی سہولیات اور آپریشن کے ایسے عوامل اور راستے جوانسانی صحت، حفاظت اور ماحول کوخطرات سے بیاسکیں ؛
- ا مکنه طور پرمتاثره افراد کو متعلقه صحت کی حفاظت اور ماحولیاتی تحفظ کی معلومات کے ساتھ آپریشن کے نمایاں خطرات کی جانچ اور آگاہی۔

ڈاکٹروں کی قابلٹیم کے ساتھ مکمل طور پرلیس ڈسپنسری کی سہولت 24 گھٹے دستیاب ہے، جو ملاز مین کوطبی نگہداشت فراہم کرنے کے لئے ہمہ وقت تیار ہیں۔مزید برآل، پاک سوز و کی فیملی کے ارکان کی صحت کی دیکھ بھال کو بقینی بنانے اور تحفظ کے لئے ہمارے فرائض یرغورکرتے ہوئے،تمام ملازمین کے لئے ایک سالا نیطبی اسکریننگ کا اہتمام کیا جاتا ہے تا کہاں بات کو یقینی بنایا جاسکے کہ آیا وہ اپنی صحت کے حالات سے ممل طور پر واقف ہیں اور انہیں کسی بھی متعدی بیاری سے بیایا جا سکے۔

تھیل اور ساجی تقریبات:

اسٹاف ٹرن اوور کو کم کرنے اور پیداوار کو بہتر بنانے کے لئے کھیلوں کی سرگرمیوں میں ملاز مین کی مشغولیت ثابت شدہ ہے۔ کمپنی ہرسال ملاز مین کی تفریخ طبع اورخوثی کے لئے اسپورٹس ٹورنامنٹ کا انتظام کرتی ہے، اوراییا ماحول فراہم کیا جاتا ہے جہاں تمام ملاز مین

ڈیارٹمنٹل کرکٹ ٹورنامنٹس اور اِن ڈور گیمز کا اہتمام کیا۔ بیانیٹس اسٹاف کواس صحتند ماحول میں ان کے درمیان مقابلے کی روح کو بیدار کر کے ایک طویل راہ بنانے کا ایک بہترین موقع فراہم کرتے ہیں۔ فاتح اور رنراپٹیوں کوٹرافیاں اور انعامات پیش کئے

اس کے علاوہ کمپنی نے 8 تتمبر 2018 کو بی اے الیف میوزیم، کراچی میں قیملی ڈے گرینڈ ابونٹ کی زبر دست تقریب کا بھی اہتمام کیا۔ بچوں کے لئے ایک علیحدہ فیملی ارپیا مختص کیا گیاتھا، جہاں ہرعمر کے بچوں کے لئے متعدد سرگرمیاں آرگنائز کی گئیں،اس کے بعدسب کے لئے تفریح سے بھر پورلطف اندوز ہونے کے لئے ایک گرینڈ میوزیکل شوکا

كار يوريث ايونث:

26 نومبر 2018 كوايك تقريب كالنعقاد كيا گياجس ميں يا كتان ميں 2 ملين گاڑيوں كي فروخت کی تاریخی کامیابی کا مجر پورجشن منایا گیا۔ چیئر مین سوز وکی موٹر کارپوریشن،مسٹر اوساموسوز و کی نے اس موقع پر وزیر اعظم کے مثیر برائے تجارت، ٹیکٹائل، صنعت و پیداوار جناب عبدالرزاق داؤد سے ملاقات کی جنہیں اس تقریب میں بطورمہمان خصوصی مدعو کیا گیا تھا۔2 ملین گاڑیوں کا سنگ میل یا ک سوزو کی موٹر نمپنی کمیٹڈ کے ملاز مین ، سلائزز، ڈیلرز کی مشتر کہ کاوشوں اورصارفین کے مسلسل اعتاد کا نتیجہ تھا۔ چیئر مین اور وزیراعظم کے مثیر دونوں نے مدعو کئے گئے ڈیلرز، وینڈرز اوریاک سوزوکی موٹر نمپنی لمیٹڈ کے ملاز مین کی کوششوں اور شرکت کوسراہتے ہوئے ان کاشکر بیادا کیا۔

ليبراورنجنك ك تعلقات:

پاک سوز وکی میں، لیبر - منتجمٹ کے تعلقات کا مقصد منتجمٹ اور لیبر کے مفاد کا تحفظ ہے، لہذا لیبراورمنیجنٹ کے مابین ایک مضبوط اور دیریند تعلقات کومطلوبه مقاصد کے حصول اور ان کی جانب بڑھنے کے لئے بطورایک سازگار ماحول بنیادی کلید سمجھا جاتا ہے۔ الہزا کمپنی کی منتجمن تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے ساتھ ہم آ ہنگ تعلقات برزور دیتی ہے تا کہ صنعتی ترقی کے لئے درکارسازگار ماحول میں ملازمین کی پیداواری صلاحیت کویقینی بنایا

انفارمیشن ٹینالوجی (آئی ٹی):

انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی کاروباری ماحول کی روال جدت ہے۔ بڑھتے حجم اور درپیش چیلنجز کے

کسی بھی پریشانی یا کام کے دباؤ کے بغیر لطف اندوز ہو تکیس سال کے دوران ،ہم نے انٹر سماتھ ہمارے بزنس آپریشنز زیادہ پیچیدہ ہورہے ہیں۔کامیابی کااہم عضر ہماری منفر دسوج ہادریہ ہارےانٹر پرائز آئی ٹی کاایک لازمی جزوہے۔آئی ٹی ہمیں ٹی ٹینالوجیز کوتیزی سے اپنانے میں مدد کرتاہے اور ہمارے آئی ٹی برنس فٹ برنٹ کے ذریعے سے ٹرانسفارمیشن چیلنجز کوکم کرتا ہے۔ یا ک سوز وکی کاروباری اسٹیک ہولڈرز ،سروس کے معیار کی بہتری اورکسٹمر کے بہتر تجربے کے لئے ڈیجیٹل ٹیکنالوجیز کی جدت اوراس کی اسارٹ اڈا پٹیشن اورآئی ٹی کے زیادہ مضبوط سٹم لانے پرتوجہ مرکوز کئے ہوئے ہے۔

افرادی مشغولیات ومعاونت:

مائتكروسافٹ 365 اور مائتكروسافٹ شيئر يوائنٹ كا 2017 ميں از سرنونفاذ كيا گيا۔جس کا بنیادی مقصد برنس ورک اسپیس اورآ ٹوملیشن کے تجربات کو بہتر بنانا تھا۔ حال ہی میں، ہم نے گلوبل منصوبوں پر بطور ٹیم سوز وکی کام کرنے کے لئے شیئر پوائنٹ استعال کرتے ہوئے گلوبل سوز وکی سبسڈریز کے ساتھ تعاون کیا ہے ۔ 2018 میں مائیکروسافٹ برنس انٹیلی جنس کے ساتھ قابل شاخت تجزیاتی ڈیٹا کے لئے ایک حدکوشامل کیا گیا۔ یہ ڈیٹا وژولائزیش کوسامنے لاتا ہے اور صارفین کو کاروباری بصیرت کے حصول میں معاونت کرتا ہے اور بڑے اعداد و ثار (BIG DATA) ہے متعلق مکمل معلومات فراہم کرتا ہے۔

جينيـس CRM:

حالیه متعارف کرده جینیسس CRM کال سینٹرسٹم متعلقه معلومات کی فوری رسائی فراہم كرتا ہے، جوصارفين كے قيمتى وقت كو بچاتا ہے۔ بيصارف كے تجربے كوذاتى بناتا ہے، کال سینٹرا فسران کوصارف کے سفر سے متعلق مکمل بصیرت فراہم کرتا ہے، کال سینٹرا فسران کی مہارت اور دستیابی کی بنیاد برکام کرنے والی اشیاء کی فراہمی اور ترجیح دینے میں معاونت کرتا ہے۔ بیصارف کواونٹی چینل تج بات فراہم کرتا ہے جس میں متعدد ڈیجیٹل چینلز کے ذریعے سے تعامل شامل ہیں اور CRM سسٹم اور کال سینٹر کے ممل کے درمیانی خلاء کو باہم مربوط کرتے ہیں۔

كاروبارى تتلسل:

انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی تمام کروباری عوامل کا ایکوسٹم ہے،اوراسی وجہ سے بیرریکوری پلاننگ کا مرکز ہے۔ کاروباری تشکسل کو مزید مضبوط بنانے کے لئے، یاک سوزوکی نے اسٹرینجگ شفٹ کرتے ہوئے ہمارے موجودہ احاطے میں واقع آئی ٹی ڈیزاسٹر ریکوری (DR)سائٹ سے ہائبرڈ کلاؤڈ کواپنایا ہے۔ڈیزاسٹرریکوری تمام اہم آئی ٹی انفرااسٹر کچر کے حصول آپریشنز کو جاری رکھنے اور تمام بند شوں کے خلاف چلنے کا ایک فریم ورک ہے۔

موٹرسائنگل مارکیٹ:

پاکتان کی موٹرسائیکل مارکیٹ میں 70cc انجن کی صلاحیت کے حامل موٹرسائیکلوں کو خلبہ حاصل ہے۔ پاک سوز وکی نے 110cc انجن کی صلاحیت کے حامل موٹرسائیکلوں کو مارکیٹ کیا ہے۔ کمپنی کی تو قع ہے کہ پاکتان میں موٹر سائیکل کی طلب ریجن کے دیگر مما لک کی طرح سے زیادہ صلاحیت کے حامل انجن کی جانب منتقل ہوجائے گی اور سوز وک موٹرسائیکلوں کے لئے مارکیٹ مزید بہتر ہوجائے گی۔ کمپنی کا سیلز آپریشن ہموار ورکشاپ آپریشنز کے ذریعے سے صارفین کے لئے موثر خدمات کو یقینی بنا تا ہے۔ کمپنی اس شعبے میں اپنے کاروبارکوآگے وسعت دینے کے لئے کوشاں ہے۔

آمدات:

سال کے دوران ،گزشتہ سال سوز وکی راوی کے6.60 ملین روپے مالیت کے 15 نیٹس کے مقابلے میں سوز وکی راوی کے15.67 ملین روپے مالیت کے 30 نیٹس بنگلہ دیش برآ مد کئے گئے۔سال 2017 کے 13.2 ملین روپے مالیت کے 'کے ڈی' پارٹس کے برخلاف روال سال کے دوران ،21.7 ملین روپے مالیت کے' کے ڈی' پارٹس کوسٹر کنسرن ویت نام سوز وکی کار پوریشن (VISUCO) کو برآ مدکیئے گئے۔ویت نام میں سوز وکی مثی ٹرک کی وسٹے بیانے پر پیداوار کے لئے' کے ڈی' پارٹس کو برآ مدکیا گیا تھا۔ مزید برآن ،گزشتہ سال 94 والیت ملین روپے مالیت کے بارٹس آ فنرسیز مارکیٹ کے لئے ہنگری کو برآ مدکئے گئے۔

آ فٹرسیلز (پارٹس اینڈ سروسز):

آفٹر سیلز آپریشنز کسٹم زکوہموارور کشاپ آپریشنز اور ڈیلرشپس پر پارٹس کی بروقت دستیابی کے ذریعے موثر خدمات کویشنی بنا تا ہے۔ اس کے نتیج میں ڈیلرز کے آپریشنز کر بھانات میں نمایاں اضافہ دیکھنے میں آیا ہے۔ آٹوموبائل جاب کارڈز کی گل تعداد (بشمول شیڈول مینٹینٹس کے ذریعے کسٹم زکوفراہم کی جانے والی سروسز، رنگ رپیئر، مکینیکل رپیئر، باڈی اورڈ بینئ کے لئے فراہم کی جانے والی سروسز)1.248 ملین تک پہنے گئی ہے، جوگزشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 11 فیصد کی نشوونما ظاہر کرتی ہے۔ موٹرسائیکل مارکیٹ آفٹر سیلز مارکیٹ میں برنس آپریشنز میں بھی شبت ربھان دیکھا گیا ہے۔سال 2018 میں کل مارکیٹ میں برنس آپریشنز میں بھی شبت ربھان دیکھا گیا ہے۔سال 2018 میں کل

سالانہ آٹوموبائل پارٹس کی فروخت میں 3,085 ملین روپے ریکارڈ کئے گئے، جو کہ گزشتہ سال کی نبیت مجموعی طور پر 33 فیصد اضافہ ہے۔ انجن آئل کی سالانہ سیلز 2,045,220 لیٹر تک پہنچ گئی، جو کہ گزشتہ سال کی نبیت 23 فیصد زائد ہے۔ موٹر سائیکل پارٹس کی سیز بھی 212 ملین تک پہنچ گئی جس میں گزشتہ سال کی نبیت 15 فیصد اضافہ

سیلز اور دٔ سٹری بیوشن نیٹ ورک:

پاک سوزوکی اینے کسٹم زکوآسان رسائی کے ساتھ معیاری خدمات فراہم کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتا ہے۔ کمپنی کا مضبوط ڈیلرشپ نیٹ ورک ملک بحر میں پھیلا ہوا ہے۔ کمپنی ڈیلرشپ نیٹ ورک کومسلسل بہتر بنانے کے ساتھ مضبوط ترکر رہی ہے۔ 31 دیمبر 2018 تک، پاک سوزوکی ڈیلرشپ نیٹ ورک پاکستان بحر کے 81 شہروں میں 149 آؤٹ کیٹس تک محصول چکا ہے۔ نمایاں علاقوں میں صارفین کو خدمات فراہم کرنے کے لئے 15 پارٹس آؤٹ کیٹس کے گھولا گیا ہے۔

صارفین کوسہولیات فراہم کرنے کے لئے، پاک سوزوکی نے پاکستان جر میں 10 بکنگ آفسز کھولے ہیں۔سوزوکی بکنگ آفسز نے صارفین کو ابتدائی ایڈوانس چیمنٹ کے ساتھ گاڑیوں کی بکنگ کا موقع وینے کی سہولت فراہم کی۔موٹر سائیکلوں کے لئے کمپنی آپریٹڈ 10مزید شورومز آپریشن کررہے ہیں جہاں سٹمرز کو آفٹر سیلز اینڈ سروسز کی سہولیات فراہم کی حاتی ہیں۔

صارفين كالطمينان اوراستحكام:

ہمارے 24/7 کسٹمرریلیشنز سینظر کی جانب سے کمپنی نے با قاعدہ طور پر سٹمرز کے فالوآپ سروے کئے۔ ہمارے صارفین نے ڈیلرز نیٹ ورک کے ذریعے سے انہیں فراہم کی جانے والی خدمات پرزیادہ اعتماد اور اطمینان کا اظہار کیا ہے۔ سال 2018 میں 2015 میں صارفین کے اعتماد کی شرح 88 فیصد تھی۔

دْ مِلْرِزاسْاف كَى إِسكَل دْ يو لِيمنْ اور حوصله افزاكَى:

کمپنی اپنے ڈیلرزاشاف کی اِسکل ڈیولینٹ کونہایت ترجیح دیتی ہے۔ ڈیلرزاشاف کے لئے با قاعد گی ہے آن جابٹریننگ اورریگولرٹریننگ سیشن منعقد کئے جاتے ہیں۔ ٹریننگ کے ذریعے احاطہ کئے گئے واضح حصوں میں شامل ہیں:

- عالمی معیار پر ڈیلر ڈیکنیشن سرٹیفکیشن ڈیلرز ورکشاپ میں پیشہ ورانہ ماحول پیدا کرنا
 ہےاورصارفین کومعیاری خدمات کی فراہمی کونفینی بناناہے۔
- ڈیلرز کے سروں منجرز، پارٹس منجرز، کشمر ریلیشن منجرز، کشمر ریلیشن آفیسرز، سروس ایڈوائزرز، گیکنیشن اور پینٹرز کے لئے اِسکل کوٹلیٹ کا انعقاد کیا گیا۔
- ڈیلرز اسٹاف کے لئے حوصلہ افزا سرگرمیوں کوفروغ دیا گیا جیسا کہ ملاز مین کی دعوتیں،
 تفریحی سرگرمیاں،حوصلہ افزائی کے انعامات اور بیرونِ ملک دورے۔

نځاقدامات:

صارفین کی سہولیات کے لئے کئے گئے مندرجہ ذیل نئے اقدامات:

- صارفین کی تو قعات کی پھیل کے لئے متعارف کروائی گئی سوز وکی جینیئن اسسیر یز کی وسیع ریخ۔ وسیع ریخ۔
- درکاروقت کو کم کرنے اور صارفین کے اطمینان کے لئے پارٹس کی دستیابی کو بڑھانے
 کے لئے مر بوط ومتظم لاجسٹکس ۔

لوكلائزيش:

پاک سوزوکی پاکستان میں آٹو پارٹس انڈسٹری کی ترقی میں پائٹیئر ہونے پرفخرمحسوں کرتا ہے۔ سپلائز زنیٹ ورک کے ذریعے سے اجزاء کی لوکلائزیشن اور مقامی طور پر اجزاء کی مینوفینچرنگ کے لئے ممپنی اقدامات کر رہی ہے۔ کمپنی نے ملازمتوں کے مواقع پیدا کر کے اور مینوفینچرنگ انڈسٹری میں شیکنالوجی کی منتقل کے ذریعے ملک کی ساجی ومعاشی ترقی میں بھی کر دارادا کیا ہے۔ مصنوعات کی لاگت کو کم کرنے اور فارن ایکسپنج میں بچت کے علاوہ مسابقتی قیمتوں کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لئے کمپنی لوکلائزیشن کو جاری رکھنا جا ہتی ہے۔

مقامی آٹو پارٹس انڈسٹری کے لئے بیضروری ہے کہ جدید ٹیکنالوجی کے ساتھ پیداواری سے ہم آ ہنگ سہولیات کو بھی اُپ گریں۔ پاکسوز وکی اپنے سپلائز زکوجدید ٹیکنالوجی سے ہم آ ہنگ کرنے کے لئے تنکیلی معاونت کررہا ہے۔ پاکسوز وکی نے فعال اجزاء کی لوکلائزیشن کے لئے قابلی ذکر بین الاقوامی پارٹس مینوفی پچررز کے ساتھ مقامی سپلائرز کے لئے متعدد تنکیکی معاونت کے معاہدول کا اہتمام کیا ہے۔

مزید، کمپنی نے سپلائرز کے ساتھ جوائٹ وینچر ایگر بمنٹ کے ذریعے تکنیکی معاونت فراہم کنندگان کو اعتاد کی فراہمی کے لئے حکمت عملی تیار کی۔ اس ضمن میں، آٹو موبائل گلاسز کی مینوفی کچرنگ کے لئے ٹیکنو گلاس لمیٹلڈ (TAG) کا قیام 16 مارچ TAG مینولیا کو مل میں لایا گیا۔ TAG میلیو پاک ٹیلی کام (پرائیوٹ) لمیٹلڈ اور کمپنی کے درمیان ایک جوائٹ وینچر کمپنی نے 16 فرور 2017 کومنعقدہ کمپنی کے غیر معمولی اجلاس

عام میں حصص داران کی جانب سے تو ثیق کردہ 344.4 ملین روپے کی ایکو پٹی انویسٹمنٹ میں حصہ لیا تھا۔ 2019، TAG کے وسط تک تجارتی پیدا دار شروع کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتا ہے۔ یہ جوائن ف و پٹر پاک سوز و کی اوراس کے سپلائرز کے درمیان پہلاگرین فیلڈ منصوبہ ہے۔ آٹو انڈسٹری کے لئے گلاس کی لوکلائزیشن اور ٹیکنالوجی کی منتقلی کے علاوہ، اس منصوبے میں کمپنی کونمایاں لاگت کی بچت اور سرماییکاری پرمناسب ریٹرن حاصل ہوگا۔

سپلائر کا فروغ اورتر تی:

كمپنى نے مسلسل بہترى كے ماحول كفروغ كے لئے مندرجہ ذيل اقدامات كيئے:

- کوالٹی، KPl مینجنٹ، ویلیوانجینئرنگ، ڈیولپمنٹ وغیرہ کے شعبوں میں متعدد تربیتی خدمات ب
 - کارکردگی بہتر بنانے کے لئے نظیمی سطح پرتمام سپلائزر کی جامع تشخیص،
 - SMC ماہرین کے ہمراہ سپلائرز کا آڈٹ،

سلِلائرز کے لئے مطالعاتی دورے:

مقامی پارٹس سیلائرز کی برنس پر یکٹس کو عالمی پر یکٹس سے ہم آ ہنگ کرنے کے لئے سیلائی چین فنکشن کی جانب سے اپنے سیلائرز کے لئے مندرجہ ذیل مطالعاتی دوروں کا انتظام کیا گیا:

مگیارسوز و کی کارپوریشن (MSC) لمیٹڈ، ہنگری اوراس کے سپلائرز:

پاک سوزوکی کے 15 پلاسٹک اور ریر کمپونینٹ سپلائزز کے لئے (MSC) ہنگری اور اس کے 6 سپلائزز کے مطالعاتی دورہ کا انتظام کیا گیا۔

سوز وکی انڈوموبائل موٹر (SIM) ، انڈونیشیا اوراس کے سپلائرز:

پاک سوز وکی کے 15 شیٹ میٹل کمپونیٹ سپلائرز کے لئے(SIM)،انڈونیشیا اوراس کے 8سپلائرز کے مطالعاتی دورہ کا انتظام کیا گیا۔

گرین پروکیورمنٹ:

سوز وکی موٹر کارپورلیشن، جاپان کے تعاون کے ساتھ پاک سوز وکی نے اپنے سپلائرز کے لئے گرین پروکیورمنٹ گائیڈ لائن کی سرگرمیاں شروع کی ہیں۔اس سرگرمی کا مقصد تفکر کا باعث بننے والی اشیاء(SOC) جیسا کہ ایسبسٹوس اور ماحول سے متعلق قابل اطلاق قانون اور قواعد وضوائط اور پاک سوز وکی کی جانب سے نامز دکردہ اور دیگر ممنوعہ اشیاء کے عدم استعال کولیتی بنانا ہے۔

چیر مین کے تاثر اب

پاک سوز وکی موٹر کمپنی لمیٹڈ پاکتان میں آٹوموٹیو انڈسٹری میں یائنیئر ہے اورمسابقتی (1000cc) گاڑیوں کے شعبے کی فروخت کے حجم میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا۔ ہزارسی س فیصد سے زائد مارکیٹ شیئر ز کے ساتھ مارکیٹ لیڈر کی ای یوزیشن کو برقر اررکھے ہوئے سلائرزنیٹ ورک کے ذریعے سے ملک کے انجینئر نگ سیکٹر کی ترقی میں کمپنی ایک اہم کر دارا دا کر رہی ہے۔ کمپنی روزگار کے وسیع مواقع پیدا کرتے ہوئے اور مینونیکچرنگ انڈسٹری کررہی ہے۔31 دیمبر 2018 کوختم ہونے والی مالی سال کے لئے ممپنی کی کارکردگی کا حائزہ پیش کرنا میرے لئے باعث امتیاز ہے۔

2018 میں، آٹوموٹیوانڈسٹری کی فروخت کا فجم گذشتہ سال 239,724 پیٹس کے مقابلے سرمطلق 2,608 ملین روپے کے گھاٹے کے بعد 7,044 ملین روپے ہوگیا۔ مجموعی منافع میں 6 فیصد کی متحکم شرح نمو کے ساتھ 254,936 پنٹس ریکارڈ کیا گیاہے۔ آٹوموٹیو کا مارجن گزشتہ سال 9.5 فیصد کے مقایلے میں کم ہوکر 5.9 فیصد ہوگیا۔ کمپنی نے گزشتہ انڈسٹری میں متحکم ترقی مسلسل معاثی ترقی بم افراط زراورشرح سود،صارفین کے لئے زیادہ سال 3,826 ملین کے برخلاف بعداز محصولات 1,298 ملین رویے مجموعی منافع حاصل قرضے اور نئے ماڈل کی حوصلہ افزائی کے سبب ممکن ہوئی۔ تاہم، بنیای طور پر گاڑیوں کی کیا۔ کمپنی کے گل منافع میں مجموعی طور پر 2,527 ملین رویے کی کو ہا کتانی روپے کے افراطِ خریداری کے لئے نان فائکرز پرعائد پابندی کے باعث مالی سال 2018 کی آخری 🛾 زریےمنسوب کیا گیاہے،جس کے نتیجے میں درآمدی برزہ جات کی قیمتوں میںاضا فیاور سیز ششاہی میں جم کی ست روی کو دیکھا گیا۔ پاکستانی روپے کی مساوی شرح تبادلہ میں سمکِس وغیرہ میں تبدیلی رونماہوئی۔ تغیرات کے باعث آٹوموبائل انڈسٹری کے ان پُٹ اخراحات براہ راست متاثر ہوتے ہیں۔ گزشتہ سال کے دوران یا کستانی رویے کی قیمت میں 26 فیصد تک کی دیکھی گئی جس مار کیٹنگ اورا میسپورٹ: کے نتیجے میں گاڑیوں کی قیمت میںاضافیہ ہوا۔

1,771,618 نِٹس سے 1,899,662 نِٹس تک 7 فیصداضا فیہوا۔

132,548 يغش سے بڑھ کر 140,313 يغش ہوگيا۔ مالي سال 2018 ميں ہزاري تي فراہم كرتا ہے۔

قیمتوں پر متنوع پراؤکٹ رینے فراہم کرتے ہوئے کاروں اور ہلکی تجارتی گاڑیوں میں ₅₀0 (1000cc) گاڑیوں کے شعبے میں 21 فیصد کی شرح سے 2017 کے 43,651 کے يغش كے مقالع ميں 2018 ميں 52,885 يغش كا اضافيہ بوا۔ نيك سيلز ريونيو 18 فيصد ہے۔ کمپنی نے سال 2018 کے دوران 20 لاکھ (2 ملین) گاڑیوں کی پیداوار کاسنگ میل اضافے کے بعد 101,812 ملین روپے سے بڑھ کر 119,854 روپے ہو گیا۔ موٹر عبور کیا۔مقامی پرزہ جات کے فروغ اور مقامی طور پر برزہ جات کی مینوفیکچرنگ کرتے ہوئے سائیکلوں کی فروخت 19,901 یوٹٹس سے بڑھ کر 23,160 یوٹٹس یعنی 16 فیصد تک اضافیہ ہوا۔آٹومومائل اورموٹر سائیکلوں کا پیداواری حجم طلب کے مطابق ایڈ جسٹ کیا گیا تھا۔ آٹوموبائل کا پیداواری مجم 8 فیصداضا نے کے ساتھ 132,725 پنٹس سے بڑھ میں ٹیکنالوجی کی منتقلی کے ذریعے سے ملک کی ساجی ومعاشی ترقی میں بھی بھر پورکردار ادا 19,603 یوٹش سے بڑھ کر 23,014 یوٹش ہوگیا۔سال کے دوران، آٹومو ہاکل بلانٹ کے استفادہ کی گنجائش میں گزشتہ سال 88 فیصد کے مقاللے میں 95 فیصد تک اضافیہ ہوا۔ موٹر سائیکلوں کی مانگ میں کی کے سب موٹر سائیکلوں کی 48 فیصد پیداواری صلاحت غیر استعال شده ربي _

مالی سال 2018 میں پاکستان کی آٹوسیلز میں اے تک کا نمایاں اضافیہ دیکھا گیا۔ مالی سال 2018 میں مجموعی منافع سال 2017 کے مجموعی منافع 9,652 روپے سے کممل طور

یا ک سوز و کی کو 55 فیصد مارکیٹ شیئر ز کے ساتھ گُل ڈومیٹ کا رکیٹ میں مقامی طور پر موٹر سائیکلوں اور تھری وہیلرز کے لئے آرگنائز مارکیٹ (PAMA ممبر کمپنیاں) میں تیار کردہ گاڑیوں اور لائٹ کمرشل وہیکلز میں مارکیٹ لیڈر کی حیثیت حاصل ہے۔ یہ ہزار سیسی (1000cc) گاڑیوں کا شعبہ ہماری توجہ سے منسوب ہے جہاں ہماری نئی ماڈل گاڑیوں نے2018 میں 21 فیصد کی نشو ونمار جسٹر کی گئی۔ یا کستان بھر میں تھیلے ہوئے 35 ڈیلرشپ نیٹ ورک کی معاونت سے متنوع مصنوعات کی وسیع رینج کے ساتھ معیاری مصنوعات کی فراہمی کے لئے برعزم ہیں۔مضبوط ڈیلرشپ نبیٹ ورک بشمول بعداز صنعت کی ترقی کے ساتھ، آٹوموبائل کی سیلز کا مجم 6 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ فروخت سروں اور اسپئیر پارٹس کی دستیابی کے ساتھ قابل اعتاد صارفین کوموثر خدمات

Form of Proxy

I/We			
Of			
		ıll Address)	
being member(s) of Pak Suzuki Motor Co. Limited	and holder of		shares under Folio
Noand/or CDC participant I.D.	No		and Sub Account
No hereby appoint			
of			
		ıll Address)	
Folio Noand/or CDC participant I.D.	No		and Sub Account
No as my/our proxy in my/our ab	sence to atten	d and vote for	me/us and on my/our
behalf at the 36^{th} Annual General Meeting of the Com	pany to be held	d on 23 rd day of	April 2019 at 10:00 am
at Ramada Plaza Hotel Karachi and at any adjourment	thereof.		
As witness my/our hand this	_ day		2019
Signed by the Said	-		
Witnesses:			
Signature			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Name			
Address			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CNIC No./Passport No			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

(Signature should agree with the SPECIMEN signature registered with the Company)

Notes:

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the annual General Meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his constituted attorney or if such appointer is a corporation/company either under the common seal of such corporation company or under the hand of an officer or attorney so authorized.
- 3. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- 4. Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- 5. The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- 6. The proxy form, duly completed, must be deposited with the Company's registrar, Central Depository Company of Pakistan Ltd. CDC House, 99 - B, Block S.M.C.H.S, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi, not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting.

AFFIX CORRECT POSTAGE

Company Secretary: PAK SUZUKI MOTOR CO. LTD. DSU-13, Pakistan Steel Industrial Estate, Bin Qasim, Karachi.

Electronic Dividend Mandate Form

Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited

In accordance with the provisions of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Companies (Distribution of Dividend) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory that dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholder.

Shareholders are requested to send the attached Form duly filled and signed, along with attested copy of their CNIC to the Company's Share Registrar M/s. Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited (CDC), CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, SMCHS, Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Shareholders who hold shares with Participants / CDC are advised to provide the Dividend Mandate and attested copy of CNIC, directly to their concerned Broker (Participants) / CDC.

My Bank account details for credit of dividend	l are as below:
Name of shareholder :	
	of Pak Suzuki Motor Company Limited.
Mobile number of shareholder :	
Title of Account (*):	
Account Number: :	
IBAN Number (**) :	
Name of Bank :	
Bank branch & Code :	
Mailing Address of Branch :	
CNIC No. (attach attested copy) :	
NTN (in case of corporate entity) :	
It is stated that the above particulars given by	me are correct and to the best of my knowledge; I shall kee
the Company informed in case of any change	s in the said particulars in future.
Shareholder's Signature	Date

NOTES:

- * Joint account holders shall specify complete Title of Account, including shareholders name.
- ** Please provide complete IBAN Number (24 digits), after checking with your concerned Bank branch to enable electronic credit directly into your bank account.

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